

LNC Milling Large Screen

Operation Manual

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Enable intelligent machines

寶元數控股份有限公司

LNC Technology Co., Ltd.

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1 CNC OPERATION

1.1 Operation device type

Below is LNC large monitor models, you can choose model to select. There are MDI and OP. MDI is for you to edit word by word or change program and setting value. OP is for you to control different functions to process work piece. There are many switches, buttons, and MPG. OP may be different from machine design. We offer a standard OP for you to choose, details are as below:

1.1.1 M650 Series / M600 Series / M602 Series / M615 Series...

1.1.1.1 TYPE 1



(Note): Digital model did not support USB and CF card port.

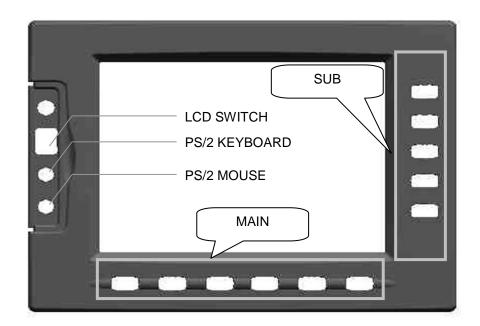
There are two kinds of key at the LCD part:

(1). Main key:

There are 6 horizontal function buttons at bottom of LCD screen. Users can choose the desired function button corresponding to those function selections at bottom of the display screen by press them.

(2). Sub-Function Keys:

After choosing main function, you can choose sub function key to continue next step.

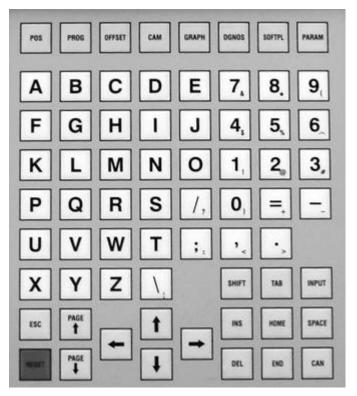


LCD MONITOR

There are two kinds of areas in operation panel:

(1).**MDI**:

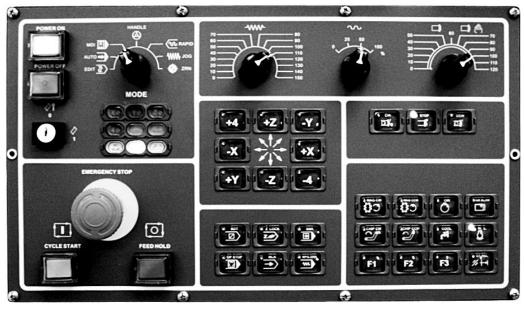
For users to input numbers and letters.



MDI

(2).**OP**:

For user to operate.



OP2520



OP1540

(3).**MDI**:

A. CNC:

Name	Group Key	Description
<pos></pos>	POS	To display positions.
<prog></prog>	PROG	To edit and to display program (With 1 EDIT mode 2. MEM mode 3. MDI mode).
<offset></offset>	OFFSET	To set and to display tool offset.
<cam></cam>	САМ	Show easy cam conversational function.
<graph></graph>	GRAPH	To draw tool path.
<dgnos></dgnos>	DGNOS	To display instance message at DGNOS page.
<softpl></softpl>	SOFTPL	Show soft panel.
<param/>	PARAM	Show parameter.

B. Character & Symbol Keys:

These characters, symbols and numbers are used for program editing and data key-in. There are some symbols that are diminished down at right-bottom of these keys. If want to use these symbols, please press SHIFT and the symbol key at the same time.

Name	Help Key	Description
Character	X A \sim Z B	Character, from A to Z, total 26 buttons for position command or argument command
Numbers	0 9 ?	Numbers, 0~9, total 10 keys for value inputing
Symbol	/	For slash skip when editing program.
Symbol	;	Press this key to end program segment when editing program. Put this key before the single block for not executing this single block.
Symbol		Decimal point segment value for edit program.
Symbol	(\)\<\>\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Symbol keys for edit program.

C. Editing key:

Using these keys with cursor on the screen will be able to modify program, to set data and to change pages.

Name	Help Key	Description
RESET	RESET	To reset system to return default. When alarm removing, cancel alarm. When start working, to cancel working. At edit mode, cursor returns to program head.
PAGE↑	PAGE	To turn to the previous page.

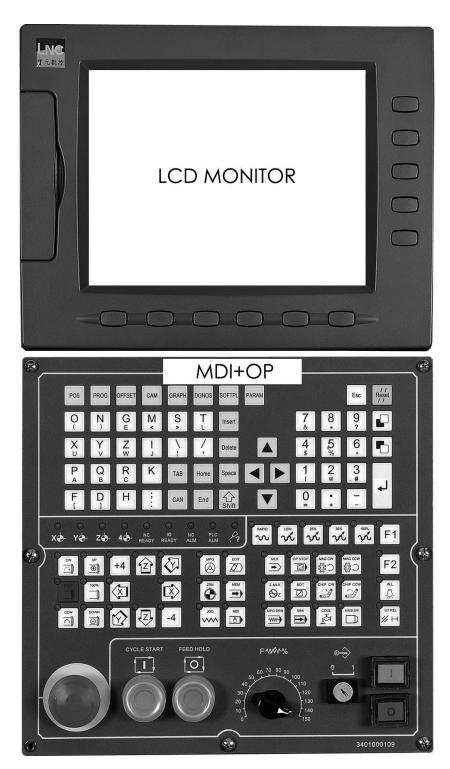
Name	Help Key	Description
PAGE↓	PAGE 🖶	To turn to the next page.
Enter	INPUT <enter></enter>	Input at the data input area, press enter to confirm. The column will be filled with the data. At file management, move cursor to the file location, press enter to open the file. At edit mode, press enter to insert space line.
1	1	Under edit mode, move cursor upper. To move cursor upper.
1	•	Under edit mode, move cursor down. To move cursor down.
←	(4)	Under edit mode, move cursor left. To move cursor left.
\rightarrow	•	Under edit mode, move cursor right. To move cursor right.
Space	SPACE	To key-in into empty space.
Shift	SHIFT	To key-in special symbols with use of symbol number keys. Note: you need to press SHIFT and symbol buttons at the same time.
Home	номе	To return cursor to the beginning of the sentence when editing program.
End	END	To return cursor to the end of the sentence when editing program.
CAN	CAN	Cancel before words.

Name	Help Key	Description
TAB	ТАВ	When editing program, press tab to move right 8 grid.
INS	INS	Insert letters or replace letters
DEL	DEL	Delete the later letters
ESC	ESC	Return back Note: this function will be valid under BIOS mode.

(Note)

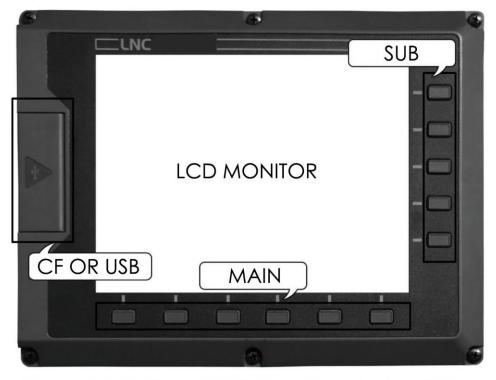
- This controller did not have 5-axis contouring control and cutting function, only suitable for industrial machines.
- This controller did not have 5 axes TCP tool tip compensation functions.
- This controller did not have rotation axis velocity graduation planning.
- This controller did not have 5-axis machining interference anti-collision check function.

1.1.1.2 TYPE 2



TYPE 2 OP1

Note: Digital model did not support USB and CF card port.





TYPE 2 OP2

Note: Digital model did not support USB and CF card port.

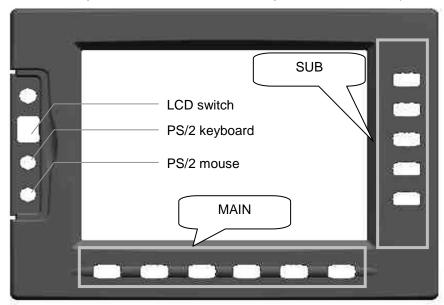
There are two kinds of key at the LCD part:

(1). Main key:

There are 6 horizontal function buttons at bottom of LCD screen. Users can choose the desired function button corresponding to those function selections at bottom of the display screen by press them.

(2). Sub-Function Keys:

After choosing main function, you can choose sub function key to continue next step.

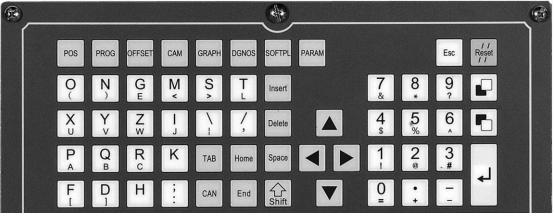


LCD monitor

There are two kinds of areas in operation panel:

(1).**MDI**:

For users to input numbers and letters.



MDI

(2).**OP**:

For users to operate.



OP

(3).**MDI**:

A. CNC:

Name	Group Key	Description
<pos></pos>	POS	To display positions.
<prog></prog>	PROG	To edit and to display program (With 1 EDIT mode 2. MEM mode 3. MDI mode).
<offset></offset>	OFFSET	To set and to display tool offset.
<cam></cam>	САМ	Show easy cam conversational function.
<graph></graph>	GRAPH	To draw tool path.

Name	Group Key	Description
<dgnos></dgnos>	DGNOS	To display instance message at DGNOS page.
<softpl></softpl>	SOFTPL	Show soft panel.
<param/>	PARAM	Show parameter.

B. Character & Symbol Keys:

These characters, symbols and numbers are used for program editing and data key-in. There are some symbols that are diminished down at right-bottom of these keys. If want to use these symbols, please press SHIFT and the symbol key at the same time.

Name	Help Key	Description
Character	X A \sim Z B	Character, from A to Z, total 26 buttons for position command or argument command
Numbers	0 9 ?	Numbers, 0~9, total 10 keys for value inputing
Symbol	/	For slash skip when editing program.
Symbol	;	Press this key to end program segment when editing program. Put this key before the single block for not executing this single block.
Symbol		Decimal point segment value for edit program.
Symbol	(\cdot)\cdot\cdot\cdot\cdot\cdot\cdot\cdot\cdot\cdot	Symbol keys for edit program.

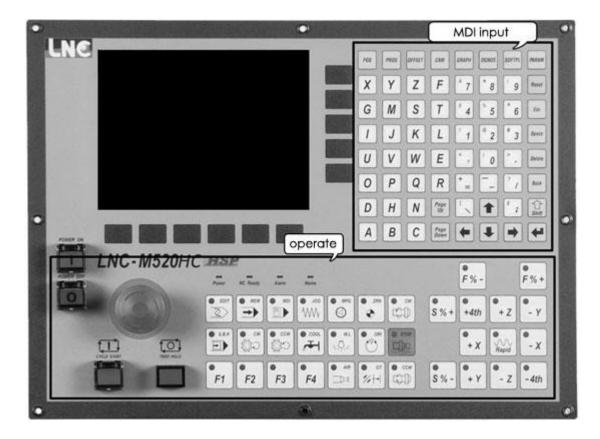
C. Editing key:

Using these keys with cursor on the screen will be able to modify program, to set data and to change pages.

Name	Help Key	Description
		To reset system to return default.
RESET	/ / Reset	When alarm removing, cancel alarm.
RESET	/ /	When start working, to cancel working.
		At edit mode, cursor returns to program head.
PAGE↑		To turn to the previous page.
	<page up=""></page>	
PAGE↓		To turn to the next page.
	<page down=""></page>	
		Input at the data input area, press enter to confirm. The column
	<enter></enter>	will be filled with the data.
Enter		At file management, move cursor to the file location, press enter
		to open the file.
		At edit mode, press enter to insert space line.
		Under edit mode, move cursor upper.
↑		To move cursor upper.
		Under edit mode, move cursor down.
↓		To move cursor down.
		Under edit mode, move cursor left.
←		To move cursor left.
		Under edit mode, move cursor right.
\rightarrow		To move cursor right.
		To key-in into empty space.
Space	Space	

Name	Help Key	Description
Shift	Shift	To key-in special symbols with use of symbol number keys. Note: you need to press SHIFT and symbol buttons at the same time.
Home	Home	To return cursor to the beginning of the sentence when editing program.
End	End	To return cursor to the end of the sentence when editing program.
CAN	CAN	Cancel before words.
TAB	ТАВ	When editing program, press tab to move right 8 grid.
INS	Insert	Insert letters or replace letters
DEL	Delete	Delete the later letters.
ESC	Esc	Return back Note: this function will be valid under BIOS mode.

1.1.2 M520 Series / M522 Series...



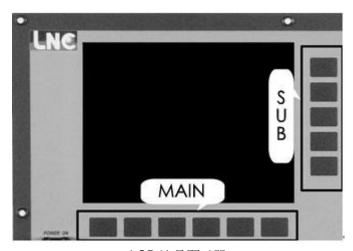
There are 2 kinds of key at the MDI:

(1) Main key:

There are 6 horizontal function buttons at bottom of LCD screen. Users can choose the desired function button corresponding to those function selections at bottom of the display screen by press them.

(2) Sub-Function Keys:

After choosing main function, you can choose sub function key to continue next step.



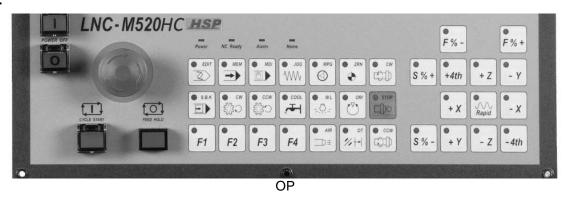
LCD 液晶顯示器

(1).**MDI**



MDI

(2).**OP**:



(3).**MDI**:

A. CNC:

Name	Group Key	Description
<pos></pos>	POS	To display positions.
<prog></prog>	PROG	To edit and to display program (With 1 EDIT mode 2. MEM mode 3. MDI mode).
<offset></offset>	OFFSET	To set and to display tool offset.

<cam></cam>	САМ	Show easy cam conversational function.
<graph></graph>	GRAPH	To draw tool path.
<dgnos></dgnos>	DGNOS	To display instance message at DGNOS page.
<softpl></softpl>	SOFTPL	Show soft panel.
<param/>	PARAM	Show parameter.

B. Character & Symbol Keys:

These characters, symbols and numbers are used for program editing and data key-in. There are some symbols that are diminished down at right-bottom of these keys. If want to use these symbols, please press SHIFT and the symbol key at the same time.

Name	Help Key	Description
Character	X A \sim Z B	Character, from A to Z, total 26 buttons for position command or argument command
Numbers	0 9 ?	Numbers, 0~9, total 10 keys for value input
Symbol	/	For slash skip when editing program.
Symbol	;	Press this key to end program segment when editing program. Put this key before the single block for not executing this single block.
Symbol		Decimal point segment value for edit program.
Symbol	(\cdot)\cdot\cdot\cdot\cdot\cdot\cdot\cdot\cdot\cdot	Symbol keys for edit program.

C. Editing key:

Using these keys with cursor on the screen will be able to modify program, to set data and to change pages.

Name	Help Key	Description
RESET	Reset	To reset system to return default. When alarm removing, cancel alarm. When start working, to cancel working. At edit mode, cursor returns to program head.
PAGE↑	Page Up	To turn to the previous page.

Name	Help Key	Description
PAGE↓	Page Down	To turn to the next page.
Enter	<enter></enter>	Input at the data input area, press enter to confirm. The column will be filled with the data. At file management, move cursor to the file location, press enter to open the file. At edit mode, press enter to insert space line.
1	1	Under edit mode, move cursor upper. To move cursor upper.
↓	•	Under edit mode, move cursor down. To move cursor down.
←	(4)	Under edit mode, move cursor left. To move cursor left.
→		Under edit mode, move cursor right. To move cursor right.
Space	Space	To key-in into empty space.
Shift	Shift	To key-in special symbols with use of symbol number keys. Note: you need to press SHIFT and symbol buttons at the same time.
DEL	Delete	Delete the later letters.
BACK	Back	Cancel previous words.
ESC	Esc	Return back Note: this function will be valid under BIOS mode.

1.1.3 M515i Series / M516i Series...



There are 3 kinds of key at the MDI:

(1).Main key:

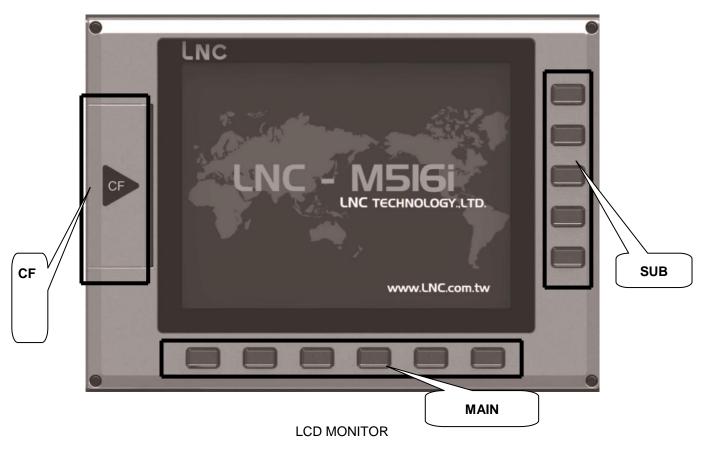
There are 6 horizontal function buttons at bottom of LCD screen. Users can choose the desired function button corresponding to those function selections at bottom of the display screen by press them.

(2).Sub-Function Keys:

After choosing main function, you can choose sub function key to continue next step.

(3).CF/USB:

For CF card or USB to use.



Note: M516id did not support CF port.

There are 2 areas:

(1).**MDI**:

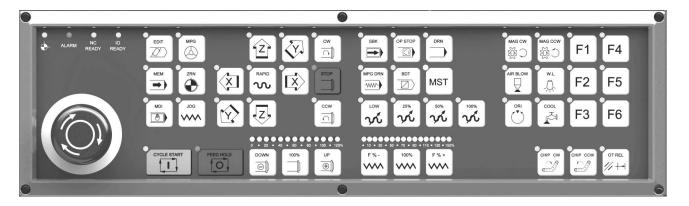
For users to input letter and numbers into controller.



MDI

(2).**OP**:

For users to select functions to do on processing.



OP

(3).**MDI**:

A. CNC:

Name	Group Key	Description
<pos></pos>	POS	To display positions.
<prog></prog>	PROG	To edit and to display program (With 1 EDIT mode 2. MEM mode 3. MDI mode).
<offset></offset>	OFFSET	To set and to display tool offset.
<graph></graph>	GRAPH	To draw tool path.
<dgnos></dgnos>	DGNOS	To display instance message at DGNOS page.
<param/>	PARAM	Show parameter.

B. Character & Symbol Keys:

These characters, symbols and numbers are used for program editing and data key-in. There are some symbols that are diminished down at right-bottom of these keys. If want to use these symbols, please press SHIFT and the symbol key at the same time.

Name	Help Key	Description
Character	$\left[egin{array}{c} {\sf X} \\ {\sf A} \end{array} \right]_{\sim} \left[egin{array}{c} {\sf Z} \\ {\sf B} \end{array} \right]$	Character, from A to Z, total 26 buttons for position command or argument command
Numbers	0 = 9 ?	Numbers, 0~9, total 10 keys for value inputing

Symbol	/	For slash skip when editing program.
Symbol	;	Press this key to end program segment when editing program. Put this key before the single block for not executing this single block.
Symbol		Decimal point segment value for edit program.
Symbol	(\cdot)\cdot<->\cdot\cdot\cdot\cdot\cdot\cdot\cdot\cdot	Symbol keys for edit program.

C. Editing key:

Using these keys with cursor on the screen will be able to modify program, to set data and to change pages.

Name	Help Key	Description
		To reset system to return default.
RESET	Doort	When alarm removing, cancel alarm.
KESET	Reset	When start working, to cancel working.
		At edit mode, cursor returns to program head.
PAGE↑		To turn to the previous page.
	<page up=""></page>	
PAGE↓		To turn to the next page.
	<page down=""></page>	
		Input at the data input area, press enter to confirm. The column
		will be filled with the data.
Enter		At file management, move cursor to the file location, press enter
	<enter></enter>	to open the file.
		At edit mode, press enter to insert space line.
		Under edit mode, move cursor upper.
1		To move cursor upper.

Name	Help Key	Description
↓		Under edit mode, move cursor down. To move cursor down.
←		Under edit mode, move cursor left. To move cursor left.
→		Under edit mode, move cursor right. To move cursor right.
Space	Space	To key-in into empty space.
Shift	Shift	To key-in special symbols with use of symbol number keys. Note: you need to press SHIFT and symbol buttons at the same time.
Home	Home	To return cursor to the beginning of the sentence when editing program.
End	End	To return cursor to the end of the sentence when editing program.
CAN	CAN	Cancel before words.
ESC	Esc	Return back Note: this function will be valid under BIOS mode.

1.1.4 XPCNC Series



There are 2 types on the keyboard:

(1).Main:

F2~F7 is 6 main groups for user to choose.

(2).Sub:

After choosing main buttons, you will need to choose F8~F12, another 5 sub functions. It's corresponding to monitor sequence.



You can see 2 areas in the keyboard. :

(1).**MDI**:

Words in white and purple is MDI funtion, you will need to use it with SHIFT.



(2).**OP**:

Words in green and blue is MDI function.



(3).MDI: A. CNC:



Name	Group Key	Description
<pos></pos>	POS	To display positions.
<prog></prog>	PROG	To edit and to display program (With 1 EDIT mode 2. MEM mode 3. MDI mode).
<offset></offset>	OFFSET	To set and to display tool offset.
<cam></cam>	CAM	Show easy cam conversational function.
<graph></graph>	GRAPH	To draw tool path.
<dgnos></dgnos>	DGNOS	To display instance message at DGNOS page.
<softpl></softpl>	SOFTPL	Show soft panel.
<param/>	PARAM	Show parameter.

B. Character & Symbol Keys:



Upper big words is for program edir and info input. If you want to use down side small words, you will need to press SHIFT together.

Name	Help Key	Description
Character	X A \sim Z B	Character, from A to Z, total 26 buttons for position command or argument command
Numbers	0 9 ?	Numbers, 0~9, total 10 keys for value inputing
Symbol	/	For slash skip when editing program.
Symbol	;	Press this key to end program segment when editing program. Put this key before the single block for not executing this single block.
Symbol		Decimal point segment value for edit program.
Symbol	(\cdot)\cdot<->\cdot\cdot\cdot\cdot\cdot\cdot\cdot\cdot	Symbol keys for edit program.

C. Editing key:



Use this key to move cursor to change program or setting.

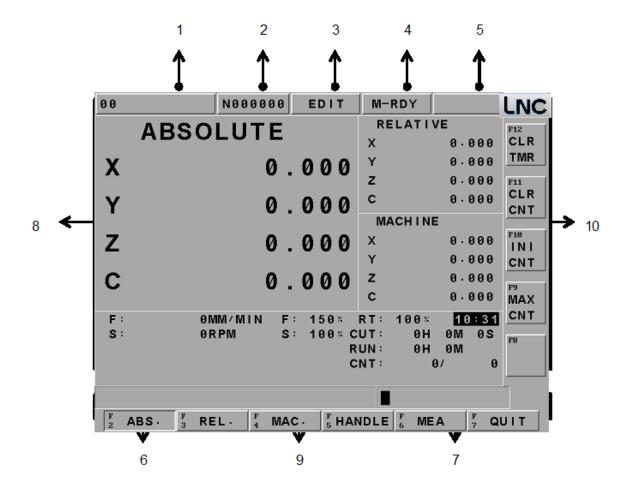
Name	Help Key	Description
RESET	~ - Reset	To reset system to return default. When alarm removing, cancel alarm. When start working, to cancel working. At edit mode, cursor returns to program head.
PAGE↑	Page Up	To turn to the previous page.
PAGE↓	Page Down	To turn to the next page.
Enter	4	Input at the data input area, press enter to confirm. The column will be filled with the data. At file management, move cursor to the file location, press enter to open the file. At edit mode, press enter to insert space line.
1	1	Under edit mode, move cursor upper. To move cursor upper.
1		Under edit mode, move cursor down. To move cursor down.

Name	Help Key	Description
←		Under edit mode, move cursor left. To move cursor left.
→	1	Under edit mode, move cursor right. To move cursor right.
Space		To key-in into empty space.
Shift	Shift	To key-in special symbols with use of symbol number keys. Note: you need to press SHIFT and symbol buttons at the same time.
Home	Home	To return cursor to the beginning of the sentence when editing program.
End	End	To return cursor to the end of the sentence when editing program.
Back space	Back space	Cancel before words.
ESC	Esc	Return back Note: this function will be valid under BIOS mode.

1.2 Screen and Function Description

8 function groups in this controller: **POS**, **PROG**, **OFFSET**, **CAM**, **GRAPH**, **DGNOS**, **SOFTPL** and **PARAM**. Using [....] to indicate function keys at bottom and at right of the screen and using <....> to indicate keys on MDI panel (Note: M515/M516i did not support 「CAM」&「SOFTPL」)

1.2.1 Display Screen Layout



1 : Present designate file name

Note: Means the file name that controller is using now.

2: Present single block that is executed by controller

Note: Means the controller is using program to execute N file.

3: CNC mode signal

Note: 1.Edit 2.MEM 3.MDI 4.MPG 5.RAPID 6.JOG 7.ZRN

4: Machine condition signal

Note: 1.NO-RDY 2.M-RDY 3.CSTART 4.F-HOLD 5.B-STOP

5: Wrong alarm/warning message

Note: 1.Alarm 2.Waring

6: Simply message hint area

Note: Controller offers a simple message to remind users.

7: Input area

Note: Controller offer users to input data.

8: Display range

Note: Each function groups to display changes

9: Main function button display

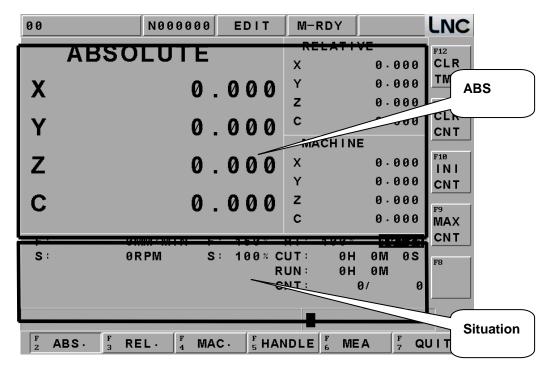
Note: This area is for main function buttons to use.

10 : Sub-function button display

Note: This area is for sub-function buttons to use.

1.3 POS Function (POS)

You will see POS page when you enter this system, or you can press <POS> key to enter into the coordinate display screen. Users will be able to choose 6 screen displays by pressing those function keys which are [ABS.], [REL.], [MAC.], [RST] and [QUIT]. There are some command information that will is displayed in those screens, which will be described separately as following:

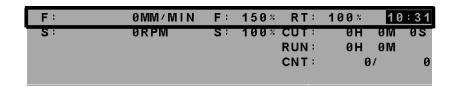


POS Function Display Screen

Actual Feed Rate

Feedrate(mm/min): Feed rate of servo structure-is the composite speed for each servo axis. Unit is mm/min. Feedrate percentage(%): Feedrate percentage-with the feedrate dial to choose 15 selections from 0% to 150%. Quick feed percentage (%): Quick feed percentage-with the quick feed button to have 4 selections of <LOW> < <25%> < <50%> < <100%>.

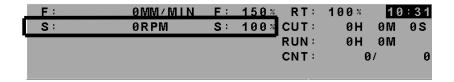
Time: Current time.



Rotation situation

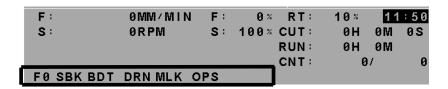
Rotational speed (rpm/min): Current spindle actual rotation. Unit is rpm/min.

Rotational speed percentage(%): Rotational speed percentage-with rotation button<UP> < < DOWN> to have 12 selections of 0%~120%.



Hint message display situation

Message: According to system situation, there are 7 messages as below: F0(current federate is 0) \cdot SBK(single block) \cdot BDT (selective block jog) \cdot DRN (dry run) \cdot MLK (machine lock) \cdot OPS (optional program pause) \cdot ABS (absolute encoder reader)



Situation of CUT, RUN, CNT

CUT(H"M"S): Every time when users press Cycle Start button, cutting time will reset(return zero) and start to time again until this working process finish.

RUN(H"M): Running time is the total cutting time after every booting, until the system shuts down, the time will be reset to be zero. You can also use 【TIME CLEAR】 to make it to be zero.

CNT(current working pieces/max working pieces): when CNC program reads M02, M30 or other M code at the end, system will sum up working pieces, this function need to use Pr.0089 and PLC to work.



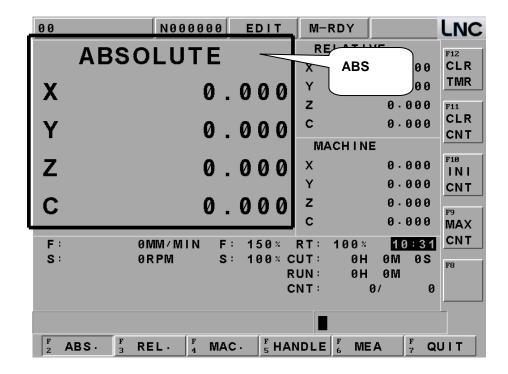
Other

Time: Current time.

```
F :
             OMM/MIN
                         F:
                              150%
                                     RT:
                                           100%
                             100% CUT:
s:
             ORPM
                                             0 H
                                    RUN:
                                             0 H
                                                  0 M
                                                0/
                                                         0
                                    CNT:
```

1.3.1 ABS

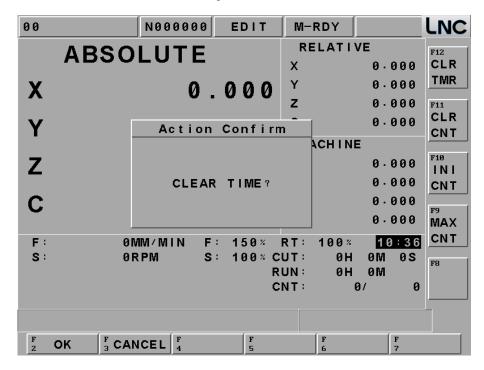
Pressing [ABS.] to enter into absolute coordinate screen. Details will be shown in bigger words at the upper left side of the screen. Using the program home (means the workpiece coordinate) to show tool's current location, the absolute coordinate will be changed according to the movement of tool. This is called absolute coordinate.



Absolute coordinate is the program coordinate, which is [present value – tool offset = program value.]

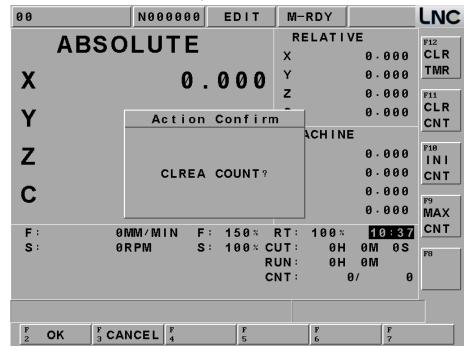
Time Clear

Press **[Time Clear]** to delete current total running time.



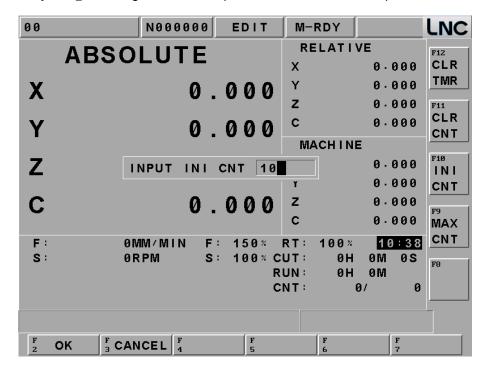
[Workpiece Clear]

Press [Workpiece Clear] to delete current workpiece-make it to be zero.



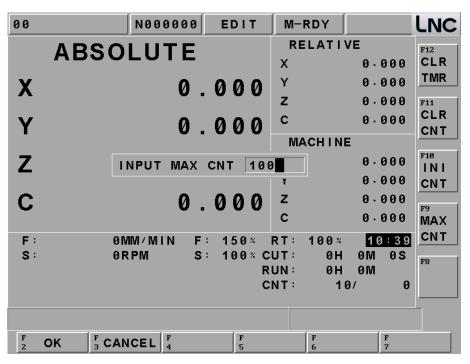
[Initial Workpiece]

Press [Initial Workpiece] to change current workpiece-make it to be current pieces.



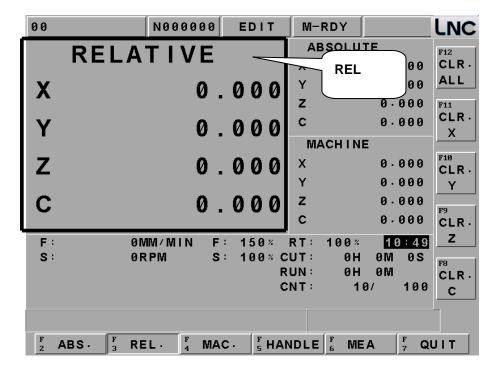
[Max Workpiece]

Press [Max Workpiece] to change current max. workpiece-make it to be 100. When it comes to be 100 pieces, the controller will notify the workpieces have reached target.



1.3.2 REL

Pressing [REL.] to enter into the relative coordinate screen. Details will be shown in bigger words at the upper left side of the screen. The relative coordinate system means the distance between the present position and any point that is decided by users. So users can set the relative coordinate value to zero at anytime, or enter the non-zero value directly.



The way for relative coordinate to return zero:

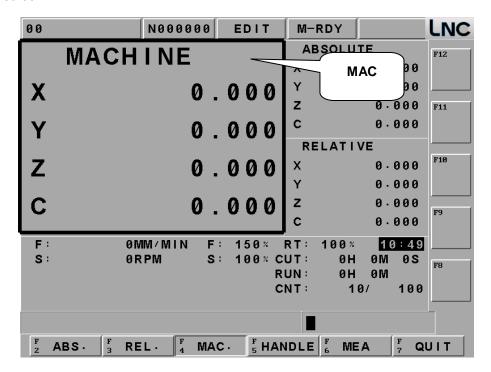
If want to set the 3 axes relative coordinate values to zero separately or at the same time, users only need to press the corresponding sub-function buttons **[CLR.X]**, **[CLR.Y]**, **[CLR.Z]**, **[CLR.ALL]** to execute the corresponding clean.

Setting way for relative coordinate:

If you want to reset the coordinate value and to let X coordinate to 100.00, Y coordinate to 200.000 and Z coordinate to 300.000, only need to set X100, Y200, Z300. Then, pressing <INPUT> to reset the coordinate value immediately.

1.3.3 MAC

Pressing [MAC.] to enter into the relative coordinate screen. Details will be shown in bigger words at the upper left side of the screen.

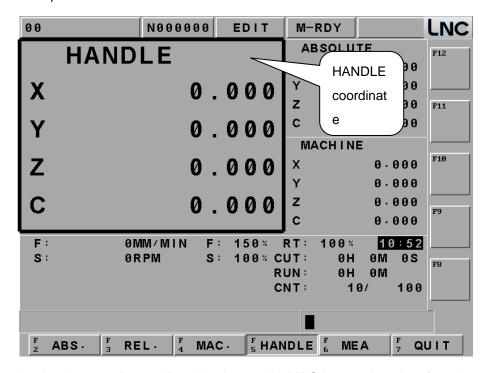


Machine coordinate is the distance of the present position corresponding to the reference point

Note: Each machine has its own reference point. For safety concern, please looking for the reference point whenever reboot machine before executing work.

1.3.4 HANDLE

At the auto mode to press [HANDLE], users can use MPG interruption to increase or decrease the movement of tool to change the tool path.



Note: Because the absolute coordinate will not be changed by MPG interruption, therefore the tool path later will have certain offset with original program path. This offset need to be modified by manual return zero to clear. And about the offset value, you can refer to MPG coordinate.

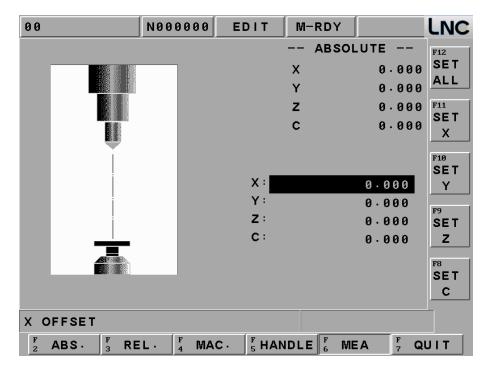
This function refer to software application-HANDLE axis selection signal BITS $066 \sim 071$) and MPG ratio (REGISTER 014).

1.3.5 MEA

Press [MEA] to enter main screen.

For program reference point setting, this controller provides setting methods for two types of program coordinates. One is to enter the position of the machine coordinate program definition at the [OFFSET]. The second method is using G92 to define.

This function page [MEA] is using the latter method, which is using the tool position to set the reference point of the new coordinate system. The original coordinate system will be the working coordinate system. Once set, the absolute value is referring to this coordinate system to calculate. This system provides the setting method like the following figure:



[ALL SET] Using G92 to redefine X, Y, and Z axes absolute reference point position.

[SET X] Using G92 to set X axis absolute coordinate value to 0.

SET Y J Using G92 to set Y axis absolute coordinate value to 0.

SET Z J Using G92 to set Z axis absolute coordinate value to 0.

Example:

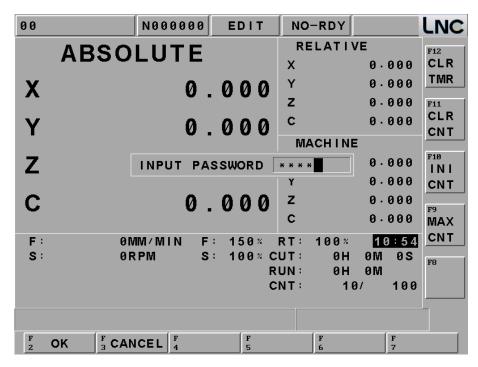
- 1. Move Z Axis-100, make the tool to touch working part's surface, right now the absolute coordinate is -100, and the machine coordinate is Z Axis-100
- 2. Pressing **[SET Z]**, using G92 to set Z axis coordinate to 0. Re-define Z axis reference point of absolute coordinate.

Note:

- 1. If you want to cancel coordinate measure function, you can go to manual home to complete. But if you didn't go back to HOME, even if you change the tool, the measure will continue the compensation value, please be careful for this.
- 2. If you didn't use this function a lot, we suggest you can close this function with Parameter 0238.

1.3.6 EXIT

Pressing [EXIT] function button to enter into code entry windows and key-in correct codes. Pressing [OK] key to exit CNC system and returning back to DOS system. Pressing [CANCEL] key to return back to program and to continue executing.



Note: System need be to under preparation unfinished situation.

1.4 PROG

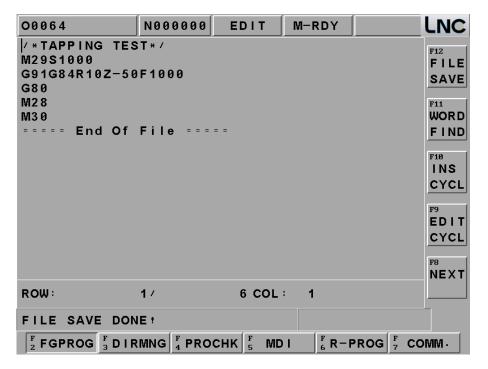
Pressing <PROG> to enter into program function group screen. This function group provides part program editing, file managing, checking, rebooting, RS232 transmitting and other related functions.

1.4.1 FGPROG

Under editing condition, pressing [FGPROG] to display the program content of the current opened controller. At this time, using the sub-function button at the right side and the entering rows at the bottom of the screen to do the program editing. Press <confirm> to add space line, press <RESET> to make the cursor go back to head. Right side sub-function keys have below details:

• [FILE SAVE]

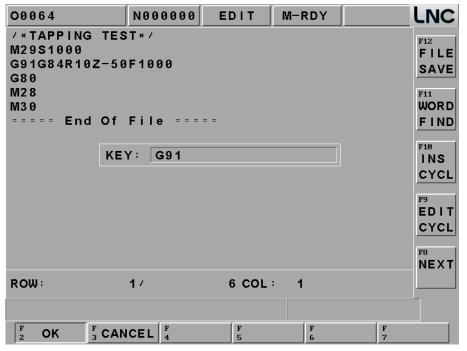
Press right side [FILE SAVE] function key to save current editing program or the file will save automatically when group page changing.



[WORD FIND]

You can input specific keywords to search, if there are two searching words in the program, you can search the second one again.

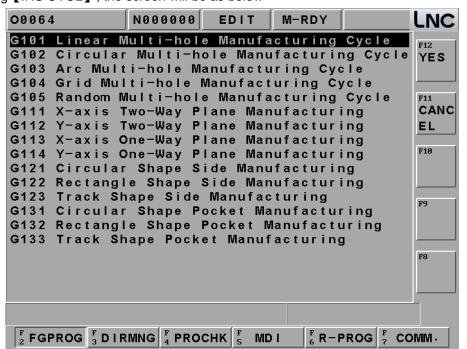
If the system can't find the word, it will show no words finding.



• [INS CYCL]

This function is to provide each working method in order to produce program rapidly.

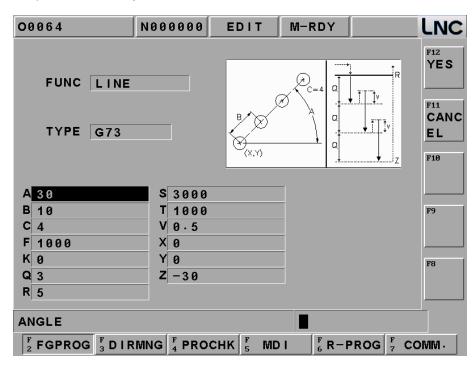
After pressing [INS CYCL], the screen will be as below:



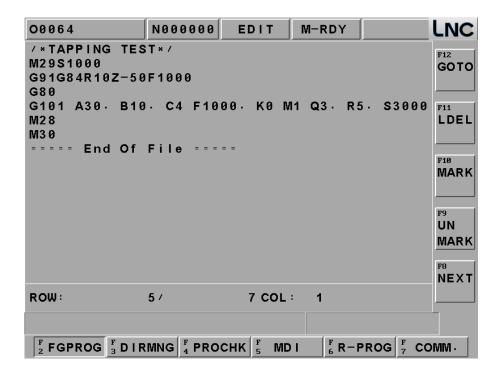
Pressing "YES" after selecting working method:



To press "YES" key to enter into the following Figure page. To move the highlighter to each parameter column and then press <YES> key:



Program code page is as following after pressing [YES]:

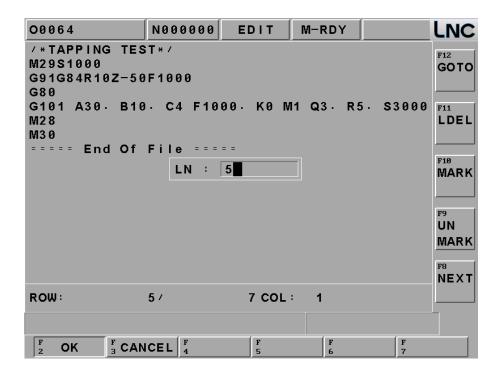


[EDIT CYCL]

This function key is effective when the editing cursor is stop at 【INS CYCL】 command block or there is G Code in that 【INS CYCL】 block. This function key is for users to edit previous program. To press this key will enter into "Insert-3" page. If there is no assigned M Parameter (working style) value after G code, "Insert-2" page will occur. Operation and insert is totally the same. Each command's detail description, please refer to 【CAM】 group introduction.

• [GOTO]

After pressing right side [GOTO] function key, you can input the line number directly at dialogue box input program and press enter to make the cursor to move to this location, as below.



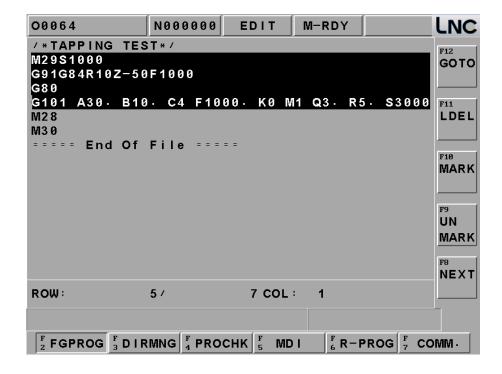
• [LDEL]

Able to delete a row of program codes at the cursor position. Note: It can not recover after deleting.

[MARK]

Pressing [MARK] at the right side of the screen to move the cursor to the wanted marking row's starting/ending point. Moving the cursor to the starting/ending position of the wanted marking row and pressing the [MARK] function key again to mark the designated marking rows. Please refer to the below figure.

Note: After marking, you can use COPY and LDEL to do multi-line program editing.



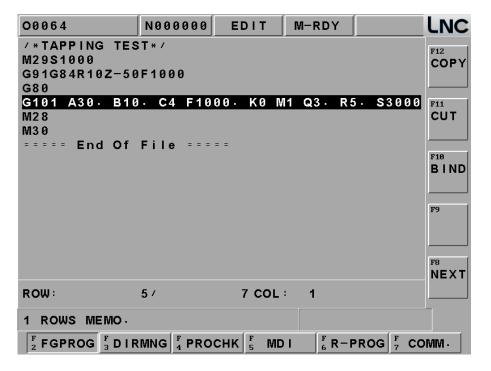
• [UNMARK]

• To cancel previous marking sign.

Note: If you will not use [MARK] anymore, please use [UNMARK] to prevent mistakes.

[COPY]

To copy the marked program in local range.



[CUT]

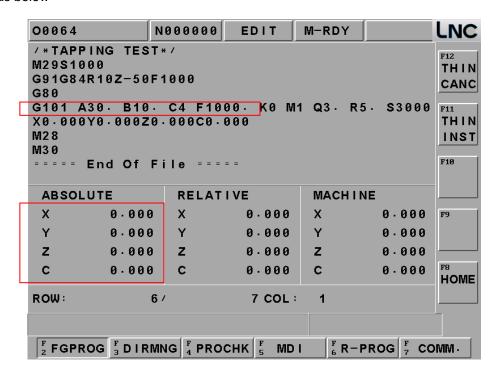
To cut down the marked program in local range.

• [BIND]

To paste on the program codes that are copied or cut at previous time.

Teach Mode / Delete Teach

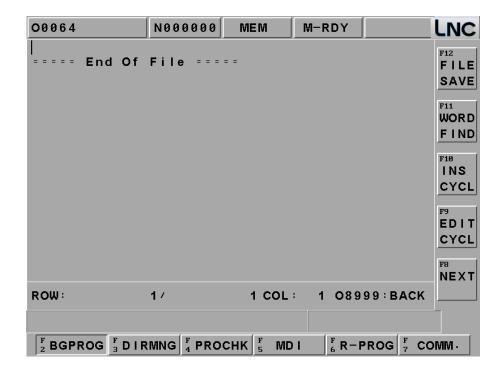
Press this button to show ABS/REL/MAC at the down side for reference. At the right side of sub-function keys will show [INSERT COORDINATE] for users to insert current location's absolute coordinate quickly, detail is as below:



[BGPROG]

Pressing [BGPROG] to enter into background editing mode under auto mode. Background editing allows users to edit another part program while executing one part program in auto mode. Editing method and the environment of doing present program in editing mode are totally the same.

Note: Background file is 08999 permanently.

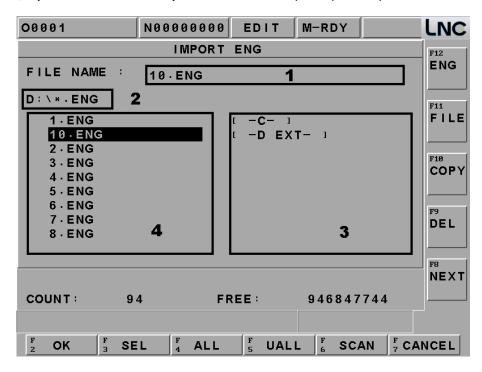


1.4.2 **DIRMNG**

In file management screen, system provides the related file opening, copying, deleting, renaming, and setting menu functions. A detailed description is as following:

• [Import ENG]

Press [IMP ENG], you will see a window, you can choose or input import file path:



1 : show file name(you can input resource path and file name)

2: import source file path.

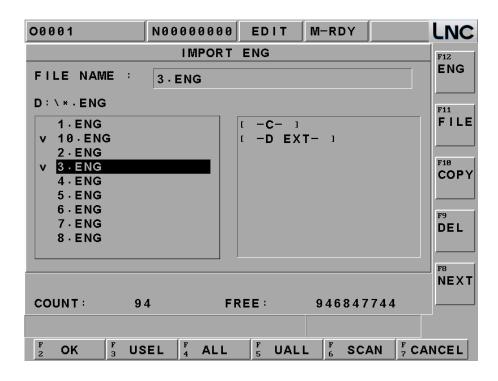
3: disk and directory

4: file area

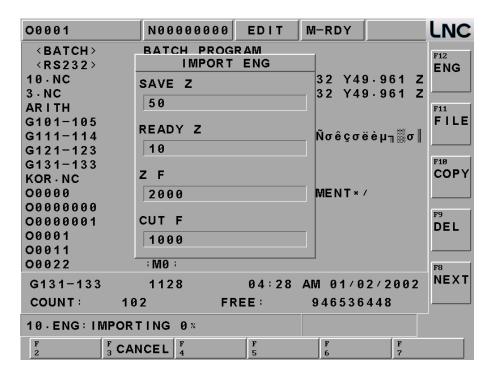
[SEL] : use line bar to select file.
[YES TO ALL] : select all ENG file.

[NO TO ALL]: cancel selection to all ENG.

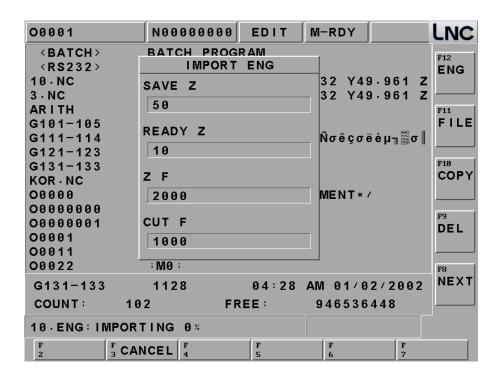
[CANCEL]: cancel this function, return to DIRMNG.



Choose above file and press [OK] to see below.



Input value into above column and press [OK] to start transformation, you will see % at the hint line. After finishing, you will see FING complete __, there will be a file in the DIRMNG.



You can confirm this file at DIRMNG.

ENG program:

Main program(xxx.nc), there are cutting and drilling according path attribute.

G65 P8991 T0 X-15.806 Y-28.855 Z22.500 A200 B1000 C50.000 D10.000;

...

G65 P8993 T0 X-15.806 Y-28.855 Z15.000 A200 B1000 C50.000 D10.000:

. . .

G65 P8992 T0 X12.217 Y-28.855 Z7.500 A200 B1000 C50.000 D10.000;

M30

3 sub-program for cutting, customer can modify this by themselves.

:O8991: ENG CUT HEAD

■ Head : O8991

;A(#1): Z FEEDRATE Z axis feedrate ;B(#2): CUT FEEDRATE Cutting speed ;C(#3): SAFE Z Safe height Z ;D(#4): READY Z Prepare height Z ;T(#20): TOOL NO Tool number ;X(#24): FIRST X 1 X position ;Y(#25): FIRST Y 1 Y position ;Z(#26): FIRST Z 1 Z position T#20 Change tool G00 X#24 Y#25 Z#3 Move to safe height Z(#26+#4) Z move to prepare

Z move tool point

Appointed cutting speed

Cutting path head sub program

G01 Z#4 F#1

F#2 M99

■ End: O8992

;O8992: ENG CUT TAIL Cutting path head sub program ;A(#1): Z FEEDRATE Z axis feedrate ;B(#2): CUT FEEDRATE Cutting speed ;C(#3): SAFE Z Safe height Z ;D(#4): READY Z Prepare height Z ;T(#20): TOOL NO Tool number ;X(#24): FIRST X 1 X position ;Y(#25): FIRST Y 1 Y position ;Z(#26): FIRST Z 1 Z position

G00 Z#3	Move to safe height
M99	

■ Change tool: O8993

;O8993: ENG CUT TOOL	Cutting path head sub program
;A(#1): Z FEEDRATE	Z axis feedrate
;B(#2): CUT FEEDRATE	Cutting speed
;C(#3): SAFE Z	Safe height Z
;D(#4): READY Z	Prepare height Z
;T(#20): TOOL NO	Tool number
;X(#24): FIRST X	1 X position
;Y(#25): FIRST Y	1 Y position
;Z(#26): FIRST Z	1 Z position
G00 Z#3	Move to safe height
T#20	Change tool
G00 X#24 Y#25	Move to safe area
Z(#26+#4)	Z move to prepare
G01 Z#4 F#1	Z move tool point
F#2	Appointed cutting speed
M99	

• Drill uses 3 sub program, customer can modify by themselves.

■ Head : O8981

Cutting path head sub program
Z axis feedrate
Cutting speed
Safe height Z
Prepare height Z
Tool number
1 X position
1 Y position
1 Z position
Change tool
Move to safe area

■ End: O8982

;O8982: ENG DRILL TAIL Cutting path head sub program ;A(#1): Z FEEDRATE Z axis feedrate ;B(#2): CUT FEEDRATE Cutting speed ;C(#3): SAFE Z Safe height Z ;D(#4): READY Z Prepare height Z ;T(#20): TOOL NO Tool number ;X(#24): FIRST X 1 X position ;Y(#25): FIRST Y 1 Y position ;Z(#26): FIRST Z 1 Z position G00 Z#3 Move to safe height M99

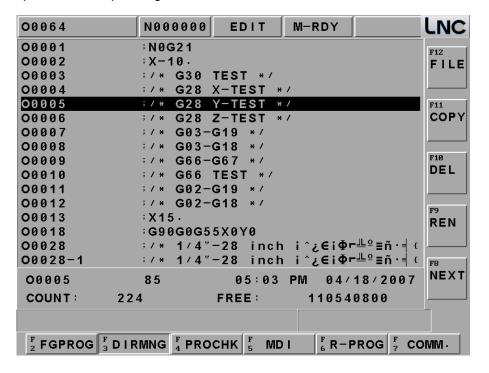
■ Change tool: O8983

;O8983: ENG DRILL TOOL	Cutting path head sub program
;A(#1): Z FEEDRATE	Z axis feedrate
;B(#2): CUT FEEDRATE	Cutting speed
;C(#3): SAFE Z	Safe height Z
;D(#4): READY Z	Prepare height Z
;T(#20): TOOL NO	Tool number
;X(#24): FIRST X	1 X position
;Y(#25): FIRST Y	1 Y position
;Z(#26): FIRST Z	1 Z position
G00 Z#3	Move to safe height
T#20	Change tool
G00 X#24 Y#25	Move to safe area
M99	

• [FILE]

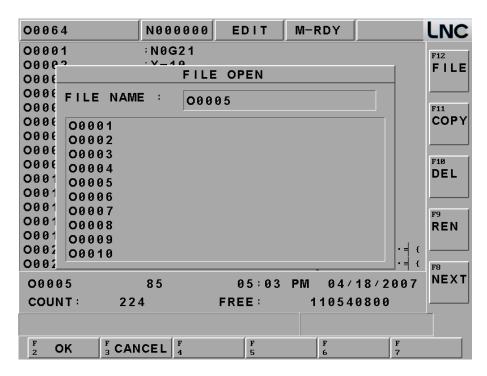
Solution 1

Able to use direction key to choose the wanted open file after entering into the file management screen. Also, users are able to open a file after pressing <INPUT>

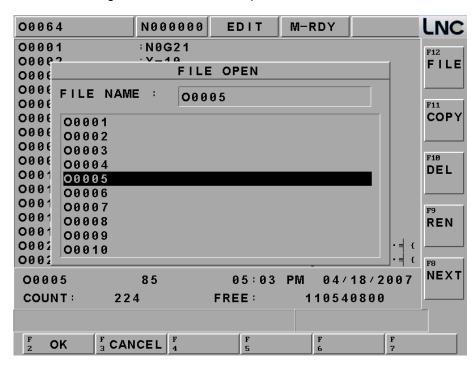


Solution 2

After pressing open file selection button, a dialog box will occur on the screen. Please choose or key-in the wanted open file name and then pressing <OK> to open the file. Or in the dialog box mode to press left or right button to switch line for cursor.



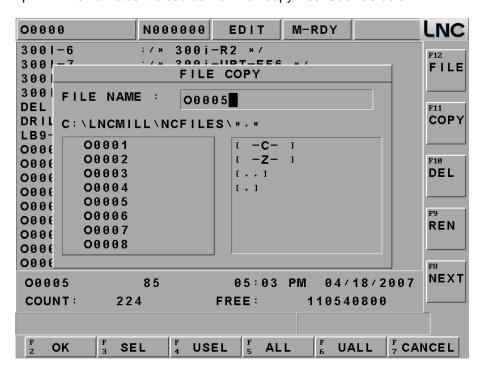
Or inside this window, move left/right to move line bar to open file.



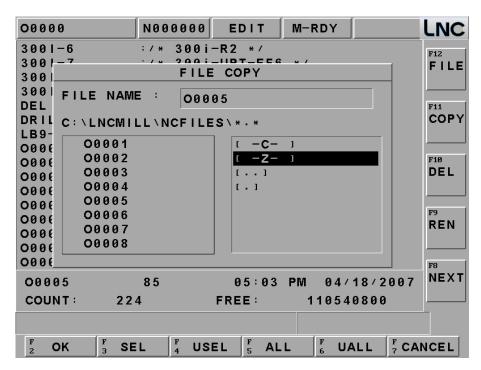
Note: Under **AUTO**, open file=background program; under **EDIT**, open file=current file. You can not open file at other mode.

[COPY]

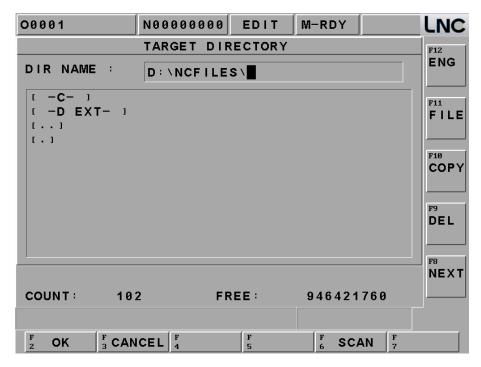
A dialog box of file copying will occur on the screen by pressing copy button. Users are able to choose or enter the file's path or file name as the source file when copy files. Such as below:



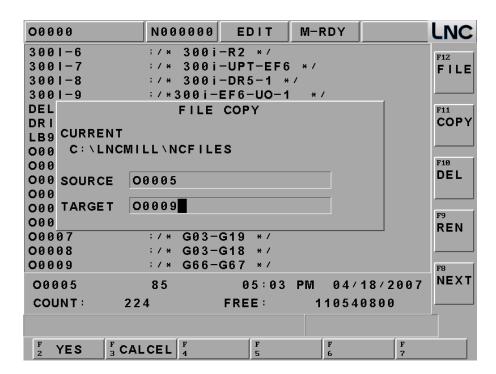
Or in the dialog box mode to press left or right button to switch line for cursor to offer different path switch methods.



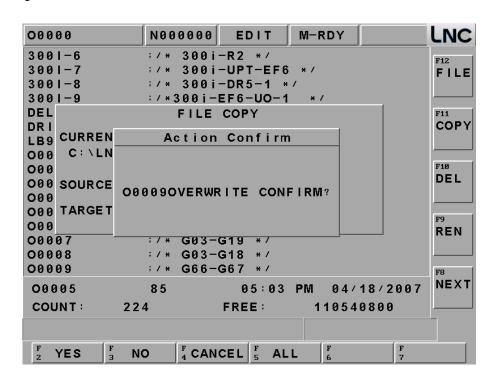
When input is complete, press confirm to enter target file's input page. At the target input page, you are able to enter the copied destination file name in the destination file column. If only enter file name, then the file path is the system default value. As below.



Press [OK] to go to target file, you can input copy file name at target column:



If the file is already existed, then the reminding windows will occur. Please confirm if want to execute overwriting action:

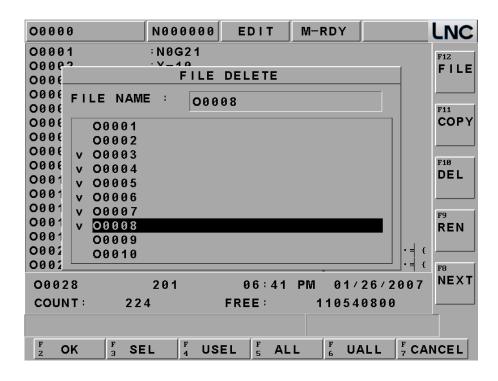


If the program is copying, the message-reminding dialog box will occur "Copying....". When complete, the message-reminding dialog box will show "Copy Complete".

• [COPY] MULTI-COPY

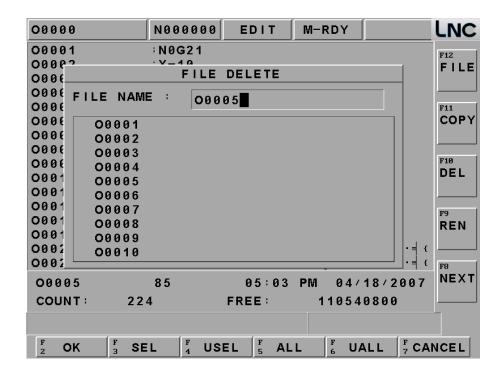
Except single file copy, our controller also offers multi-file copy function. In the dialogue box mode, you can press left or right button to move cursor to switch line to the left side. Press select to choose check box and press confirm later.

You can also use [USEL] [ALL] [UALL] to manage file.



• [DEL]

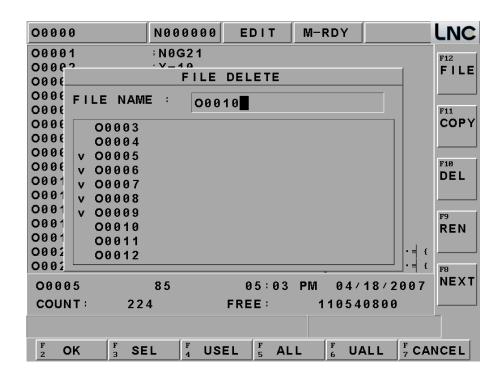
Pressing on this sub-function button, a file delete dialog box will appear on the screen. Please choose the wanted delete file in that dialog box. Press [OK], system will show O0005 DELETE FILE, after complete deleting, users can use PROCHK to confirm.



[DEL] MULTI-COPY

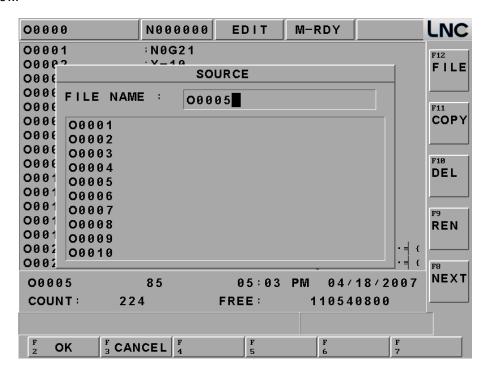
Except single file delete, our controller also offer multi-file delete function. In the dialogue box mode, you can press left or right button to move cursor to switch line to the left side. Press SEL to choose check box and press confirm to delete. After pressing confirm, the system will pop up hint message to double confirm if you really want to delete these files.

You can also use [USEL] [ALL] [UALL] to manage file.

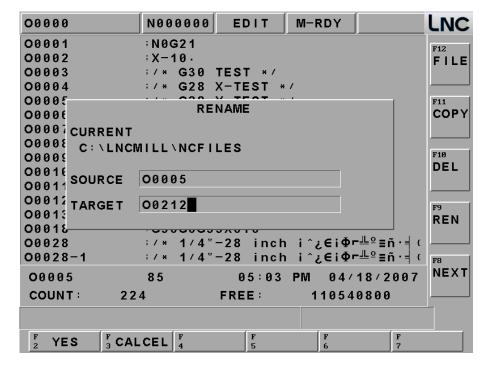


• [REN]

After pressing rename function button, a rename file source windows will occur on the screen. Users
are able to choose the wanted change's file name. Pressing OK button to enter into the file rename
window.



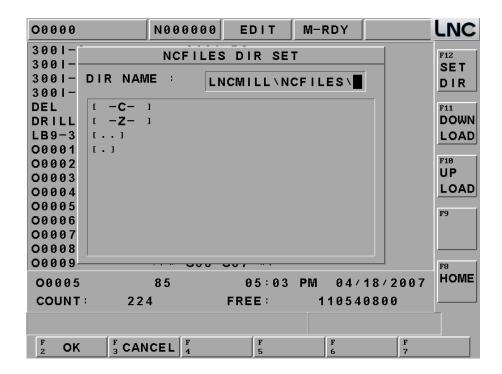
2. To enter the destination file name in the rename windows and then to press confirm button. After rename complete, users will be able to use program list to confirm.



• [SET DIR]

A dialog box of part program menu setting will occur on the screen by pressing this sub-function button. Users are able to set the NCFILES by using this dialog box or by entering work path directly.

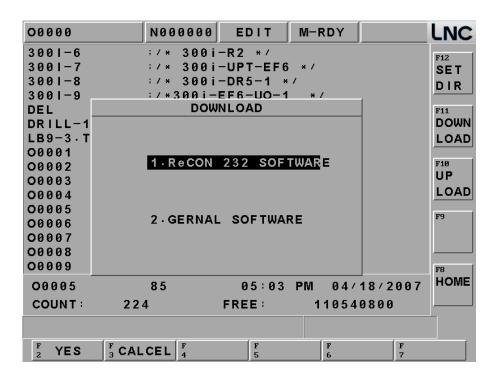
Note: The name of the directory can not be the same with our current controller's files.



[DOWNLOAD]

It means sending file from PC end to NC end, and also command NC end to save the file at NC end's external device.

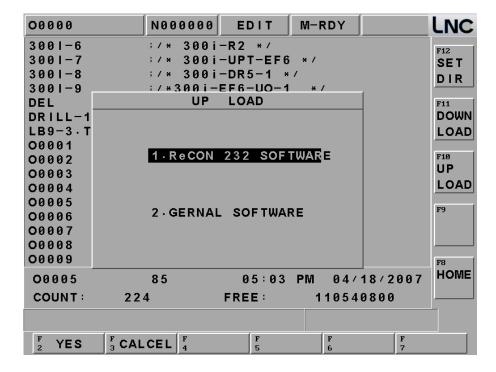
Note: As for detail information, please refer to RS232 communication software chapter.



• [UPLOAD]

It means sending file from NC end to PC end, and also command PC end to save the file at PC end's external device.

Note: As for detail information, please refer to RS232 communication software chapter.

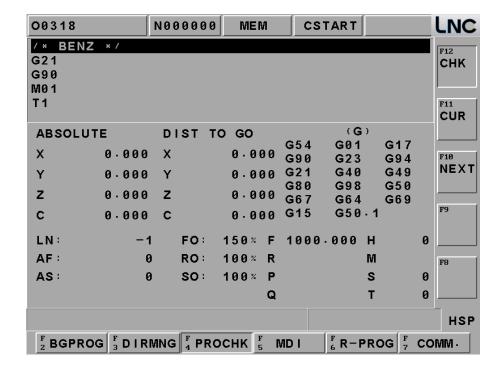


1.4.3 PROCHK

Under auto mode, pressing [PROCHK] function buttons to enter into the automatic program checking screen as below figure. Sub-function buttons, at right side of the screen, provide checking options. :

[SINGLE BLOCK CHECK]

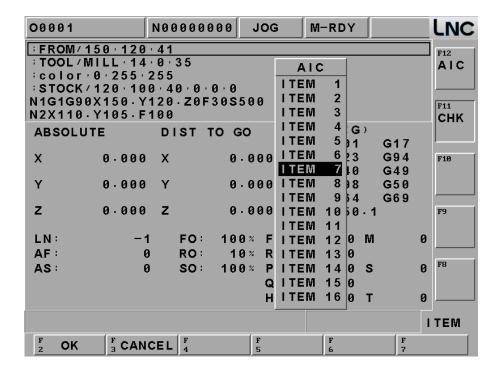
You will see program content at the upper side of the monitor. The program that was executing right now will be highlighted. At the down side of the monitor is the absolute coordinate, dist to go , M/S/G/T CODE, exact speed and so on.



• [AIC]

This is function for digital controller model, system offers (Material 1~material 40) processing parameter memory function, all you need to do is to set up P.1932=1.

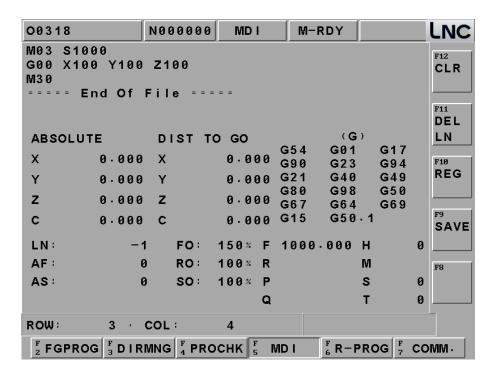
Press [SEL AIC] and move to the material you want.



1.4.4 MDI

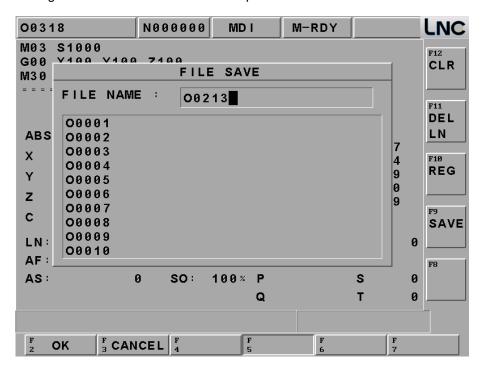
Pressing [MDI] key to entry into MDI page under MDI mode. You can see MDI page as below: At this page, user can execute directly the single block program that just input. Systems also allow multi-line programs, so called multi-line MDI.

The operation is as below: Users key-in command and then press <INPUT>. Then, the command will occur at the left section of the main page. Then, pressing Cycle Start key and the command will be executed and related data will be displayed. Using this method to do test running is much safer and more time-efficiency. Also systems provide [CLR] [DELLN] to help users.



• [SAVE]

When you key-in multi-line command under MDI Mode, you can press [SAVE] and input file name you want to save at the dialogue box. Then the MDI file is complete.



1.4.5 PROGRAM RESTART

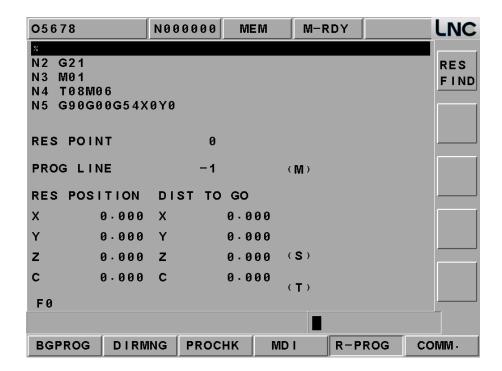
During program working, if the tool brakes, emergency stop happens, or other situations to make the working process stop, this function can search the interruption point (single block series or program code) to restart the processing. It can also be a quick exam function.

Note: The way to set R-PROG is to make Pr.650 to be 1 and use R-PROG 2 (call O9888) R-PROG Point.

Program restart pioint:

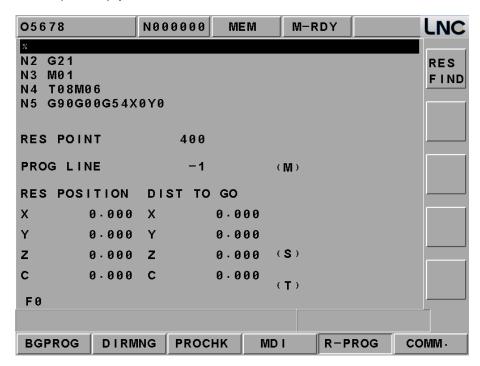
Allow input limit

When NC is at Auto>OK, you can input the position you want to search at the input line.

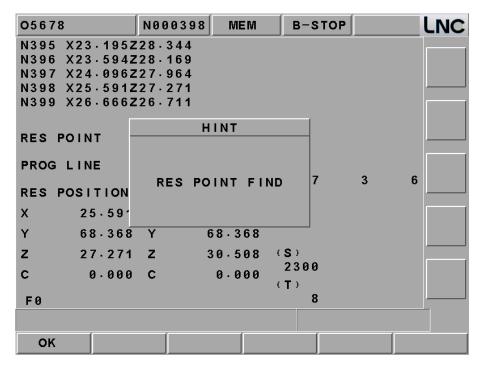


Program Line Search

Input R-PROG code (EX:400), press RESFIND.



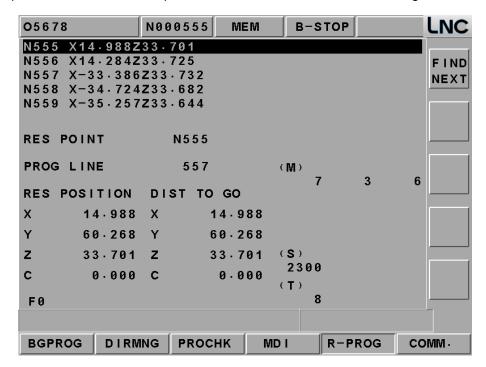
NC will start to search this processing file from the first line, when "400" window pops out at the screen, it means the search is completed.



Note: Processing sub-program or MACRO is not in the searching field.

Single Code Search

Input R-PROG single code (EX:N555), press RESFIND, NC will start to search this processing file from the first line, when program finds the same value (include processing sub-program and MACRO), it will show a pop up message window "Restart point has found". If this single code is the restart point, users can start the next step to process. If not, users can press NEXT to search a suitable section again.



Note: Single code of canned cycle is not in the searching field.

If input format is not program or single code, it will show format error at NC end.

If you can not find the code or the single block that you input at the main program, NC will show "Can not find R-PROG point " message on window screen

- 1. **Program Code**: shows the section code of main program
- 2. **Restart point location**: press RESFIND to find restart point, it will show the absolute point location of program restart point.
- 3. **Dist to go**: press RESFIND to find restart point, it will show the distance for cutting tool to move from now to the restart point.

- 4. **(M)**: Press RESFIND to find restart point, the newest 14 M code will be arranged in order according to searching sequence.
 - During searching of R-PROG, if you look for M99(cutting of main loop program), NC program will stop and leave searching.
 - During searching of R-PROG, NC will show the newest 14 M code, but not include M code as below: M00(program stop), M01(select to stop), M02(end program), M30(end program & return head), M98(call sub-program), M99(return main program), M codes(which can call macro programs)
- 5. **(S)**: Press RESFIND to find restart point, the newest S code will be arranged in order according to searching sequence.
- 6. **(T)**: Press RESFIND to find restart point, the newest 2 T code will be arranged in order according to searching sequence.

RESFIND

When users have input the restart point, press this key, NC will start to search and process restart. During searching, changing mode is not allowed. But if users change modes while searching, NC end will find the restart point firstly and change mode later.

Cycle Start

When you process Cycle Star in the process of RESFIND, you will need to confirm if every servo axis' actual position is on the restart point (no distance for every axis). If NC is on the restart point, NC will start process working at the restart point.

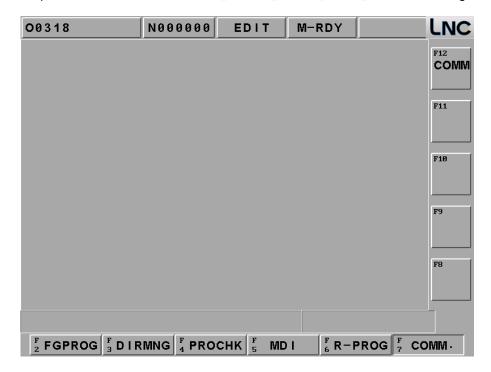
If the position is not on the restart point, when you press Cycle Start, NC will not have any response.

EXIT R-PROG: Below are the ways to exit R-PROG.

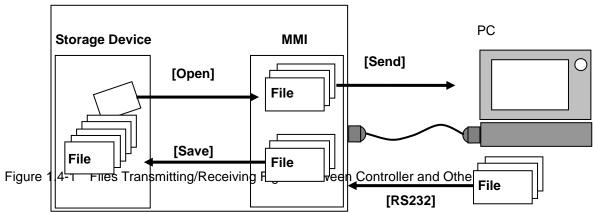
- 1. Find out restart point, when every axis turns back to restart point (no distance for every axis), press Cycle start to start processing, and complete R-PROG.
- 2. Press RESET to leave R-PROG, NC end has cleared searching data.
- 3. System switches to origin mode, turns back to the origin, and exit R-PROG.

1.4.6 RS232

Clicking the [COMM] function button to receive and transmit programs between the controller and other PCs. Operation and description of sub-function buttons [COMM] and [SETT] are as following:



CNC



• [SEND]

Before using RS232 function, please confirm whether or not the hardware connection is correct. Also, the setting of RS232 transmitting protocol and remote device must be the same.

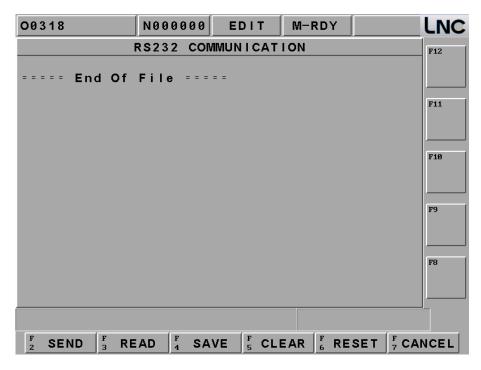


Figure 1.4-2 send main screen

- **(SEND)** Before pressing send button, the file select window will be pop up. After choosing the file you want to send, press OK to send by RS232.
- **[READ]** Before PC starts transmitting, must pressing this function key in order to let the system to prepare to receive data.
- **[SAVE]** When external device send a program file to controller's RS232 window, press this button to choose save directly with file path and name or save as other files.
- **[CLEAR]** Clear all program files in the windows.
- **(RESET)** Giving up file transmitting and resetting communication deal in order to build up connect with RS232.

Note: Detail information; please refer to RS232 communication software chapter.

1.5 OFFSET

Pressing <OFFSET> to enter into the offset function screens such as **[TL. OFF],[TDC],[MACRO],[WORK]**, and **[TOOL]**. Users are able to modify these settings under MDI mode or machine ready mode.

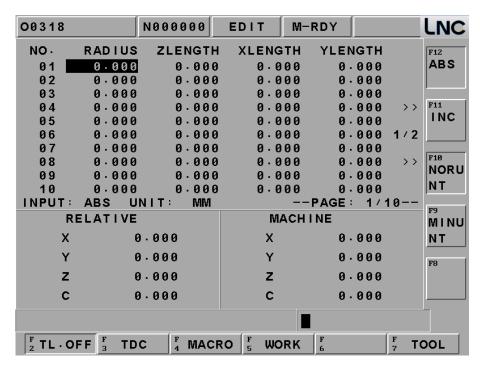
1.5.1 TL. OFF

Pressing [TL. OFF] to enter into the below screen and to key-in data manually under MDI mode.

- 1. 99 sets of setting for Tool Offset. To switch the setting screen by using <PAGE↓> and <PAGE↑> key.
- 2. To move cursor on the wanted setting numbers. To key-in the setting value in the data enter rows and then to press <INPUT> key to write into the controller.
- 3. Absolute coordinate will change with tool offset every time the part grogram uses one tool offset number.

 The value is

 $ABS = MAC-Outside\ Offset-G54\sim G59\ Offset-\ (\ tool\ outlook\ compensation\ +tool\ wore\ out\ compensation\)$



[ABS]: Input by absolute value, ex: value 0.500, input-0.1, and it will show -0.100.

[INC]: Input by increase value, ex: value 0.500, input-0.1, and it will show 0.400.

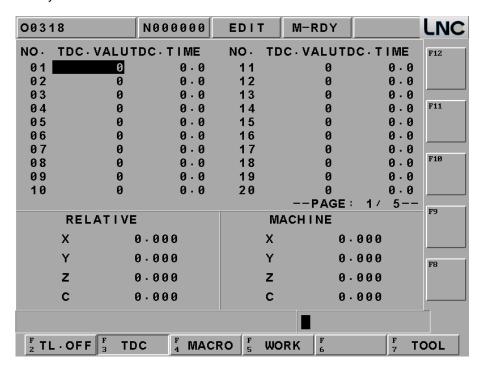
[NORUNT]: Input by normal unit, ex: value 0.500, input 1, and it will show 1.000.

[MINUNT]: Input by minimum unit,ex: value 0.500, input 1, and it will show 0.001.

1.5.2 TDC

When using different tool, you can use different TDC(TDC value and TDC time) to control.TDC will depend on users' experience to input setting. Compensation will base on processing time, the more processing time, the more compensation. It's a linear relationship, when it comes to the setting TDC, it will maintain the same. Meanwhile this function has no relation with current machine's position.

- 1. 99 sets of setting for TDC. To switch the setting screen by using <PAGE↓> and <PAGE↑> key.
- 2. To move cursor on the wanted setting numbers. To key-in the setting value in the data enter rows and then to press <INPUT> key to write into the controller.



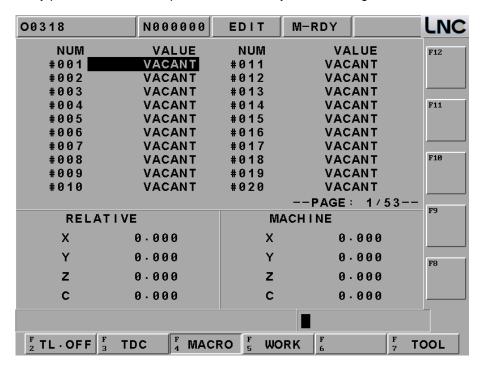
NOTE:

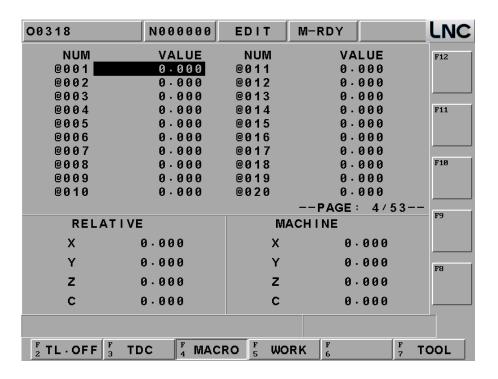
- 1. TDC of each group can not be over Pr.0359.
- 2. TDC unit: um
- 3. TDC time unit: sec
- 4. With Pr.0358: Tool length TDC function 0) ON 1) OFF
- 5. with Pr.0359 : Maximum allowable TDC input.
- 6. If pressing Reset, no matter changing the tool or not, please make TDC value to be zero.

1.5.3 MACRO

Pressing [MACRO] button to enter into the MACRO variable screen. Detail information, please refer to MACRO Chapter in Program manual.

- 1. MACRO Variables: the variables which start with # is local variables, offer 49 sets of setting. The variables which start with@ are common variables, offer 999 sets of setting. To switch the setting screen by using <PAGE↓> and <PAGE↑> key.
- 2. Or input @100 at input line and press enter, it will start to search @100 automatically.
- 3. In this function, variables can be entered or modified. The modification method is to move the highlighter to the wanted modify position and then to press <INPUT> key after entering the wanted value.

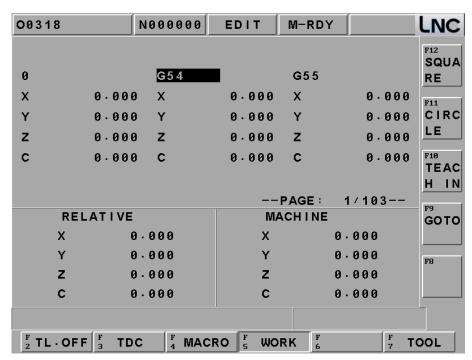




1.5.4 WORK

Pressing [WORK] button to enter into the working coordinate setting screen.

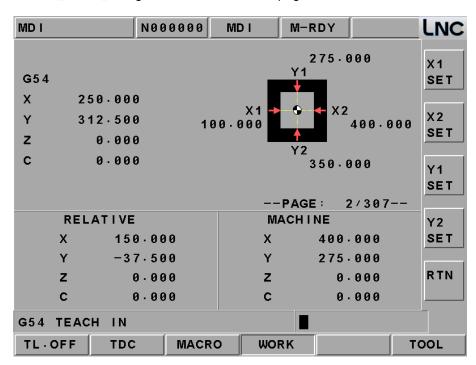
- 1. The controller provides working coordinate system for users. Users can execute the following settings such as G0 ⋅ G54 ⋅ G55 ⋅ G56 ⋅ G57 ⋅ G58 ⋅ G59 ⋅ G54P1~P300. Also, using <PAGE↓> and <PAGE↓> key to switch screen.
- 2. Using direction keys to move cursor to the wanted change column and to key-in the setting value Xxxx (i.e.: X100 or Z200) in the enter rows. Then, the selected coordinate value will be updated immediately by pressing <INPUT> key.
- 3. Key-in the axis name and the new coordinate value, users are able to write 3 axes continuously. But, remember to put decimal point in order to prevent confusion. (i.e., X100. Z200.)
- 4. Set in the auto coordinate-gathering when the cursor is at G54~G59. So able to set the present machine coordinates automatically in the part coordinate setting page.



Controller provides 3 sets of working coordinate system for users to set easily:

[SQUARE]: Go to square work setting page, follow **[SQUARE]** figure X1,X2,Y1,Y2 step to use measuring instruments to touch workpiece and then press X1set,X2 set,Y1 set,Y2 set. Controller will automatically find the center of workpiece.

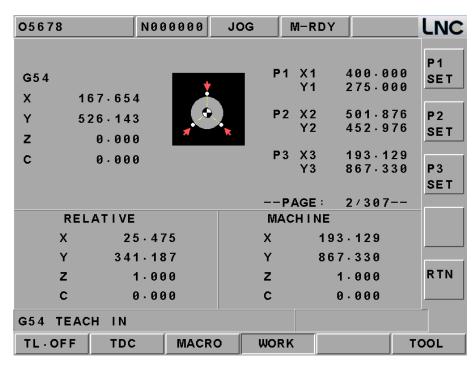
Press [return] to go back to WORK main page.



X1 SET : Set square 1 point X1 Axis's machine coordinates value into X1 working coordinates.
 X2 SET : Set square 2 point X2 Axis's machine coordinates value into X2 working coordinates.
 Y1 SET : Set square 3 point Y1 Axis's machine coordinates value into Y1 working coordinates.
 Y2 SET : Set square 4 point Y2 Axis's machine coordinates value into Y2 working coordinates.

[CIRCLE]: Go to circle work setting page, follow **[CIRCLE]** figure P1,P2,P3 step to use measuring instruments to touch workpiece and then press P1set,P2 set,P3. Controller will automatically find the center of workpiece.

Press [return] to go back to WORK main page.



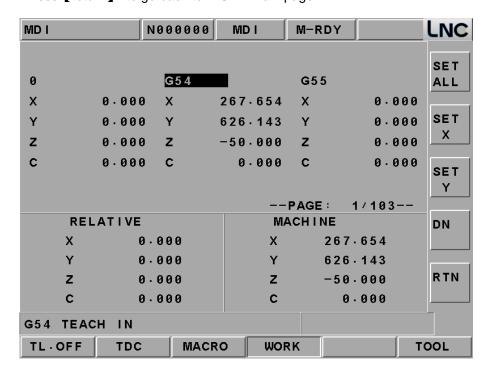
P1 SET: Set circle point 1 X, Y Axis's machine coordinates value into P1 X1,Y1 working coordinates.

P2 SET: Set circle point 2 X, Y Axis's machine coordinates value into P2 X2,Y2 working coordinates.

P3 SET: Set circle point 3 X, Y Axis's machine coordinates value into P3 X3,Y3 working coordinates.

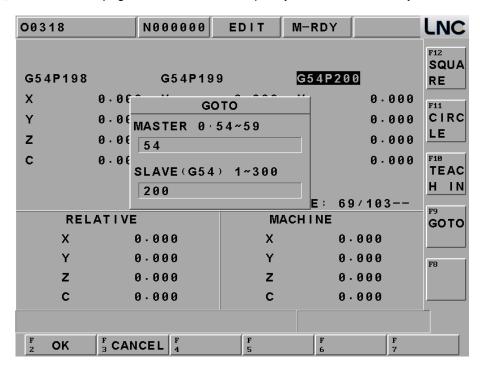
TEACH IN: Go to TEACH IN work setting page, use measuring instruments to touch workpiece and then press X set,Y set, Z set, C set. Controller will automatically set each axis.

Press Treturn to go back to WORK main page.



SET ALL
 Set current machine's each axis coordinate into [TEACH IN] s working coordinates.
 X SET
 Set X Axis' machine coordinates value into working coordinates which the cursor stops.
 Y SET
 Set Y Axis' machine coordinates value into working coordinates which the cursor stop.
 Z SET
 Set Z Axis' machine coordinates value into working coordinates which the cursor stop.
 C SET
 Set C Axis' machine coordinates value into working coordinates which the cursor stop.

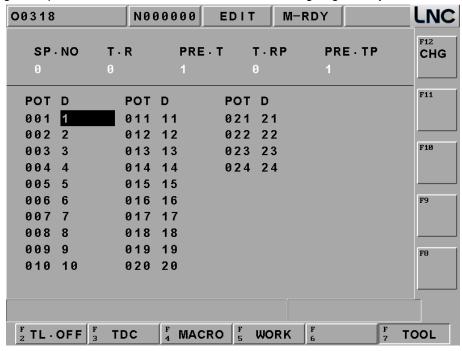
Press [GO TO] to enter work page for users to search quickly, sub-coordinate only G54 can be used.



1.5.5 TOOL

Pressing 【TOOL】 button to enter into the tool setting screen.

Offer users the tool numbers' management. When you move the cursor to the tool cap number, set the number you want to change and press conform, the tool number will be change right away.



Note: The number limit of tool can be changed by Pr.5, also depend on the machine's tools.

[TOOL CHANGE]

Pressing 【TOOL CHANGE】, controller will change spindle tool number with standby tool number. You will need to use cycle start button to change them.

1.6 EASY-CAM

(Note: M515i · M516i · M516id did not support this function.)

1.6.1 Preface

This function provides 2D pocketing work of one allowable island. The function area has 「Rough-Cutting」 and 「Fine-Cutting」 working types. The CAM function in this controller allows users to produce auto NC path for its pocketing of any Profile shape. It means that it can define working piece's geometry shape direction on the controller. Also, it will produce the corresponding post NC code after setting the related working parameters.

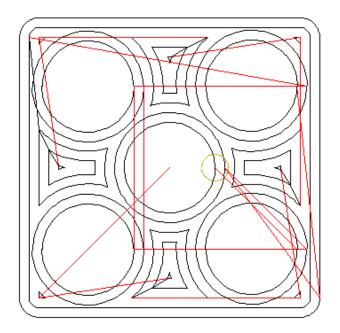
EASY CAM Function Specification:

- File input will be 2 types, controller editing one and AutoCAD DXF file.
- Regardless of the file source, one project can only contain 10 graphs.
- Regardless of the file source, lines and curves which composite to a graph can no be over 100 parts.
- Only allow defining one closed Profile and it is limited inside the closed Profile. Only can define maximum 6 islands.
- Elements that are combined by Profile and Island must be closed.
- Island must be surrounding by Profile. So, the island must be defined with the Profile.
- Cannot have any intersect or self-intersect between islands. Also, cannot have any point or line connecting/cutting between islands.
- For profile and island, neither can have intersection nor have connection/cutting between them.
- At DXF FILE IN, close profile, island, random milling path didn't have any limitation for graph and line, because it can be deleted later.
- The DXF FILE will differentiate profile, island and path with different colors. In the color plate of AutoCAD, details will be as below: ADxfOutloopColor=5 (Bleu, Profile), DxfIslandColor =3 (Green, Island), random milling path=6 (purple), other color's line will be considered as random path.
- The current profile or island's mode can't be mixed with random milling path, therefore we have below restrictions:

If DXF IN have random line or unassigned color ==>

- a . Those lines include close profile or island will turn to be random lines.
- b . You can only add random line at controller.
- c . You can only save as a milling path processing file.
- If the existing files in the project are close profile or island, then you can only add close profile and island.
- If the existing files in the project are random lines, then you can only add random lines.
- If this is a new project that didn't add any file, you can add all types of files that has mentioned at former paragraph.
- Because AUTO_CAD support all kind of software to produce different graphs, in order to have clear analysis of graph, below are some rules:

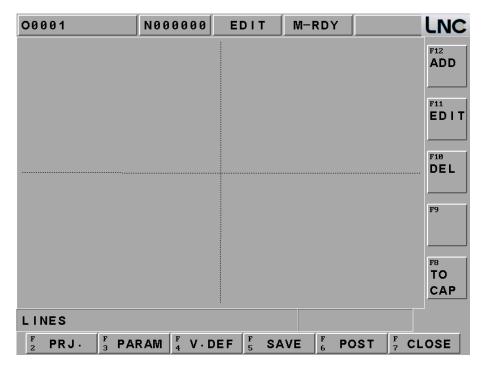
- a · Figure shape entity must be LWPOLYLINE, even using plane command to draw Figure.
- b \ Need to use color to indicate those files that you are going to file in.
- c . The sequence of NC CODE post will depend on the sequence of making graph.
- The using pocking calculation method—Horizontal Surrounding (Arachnoid. As the below figure)



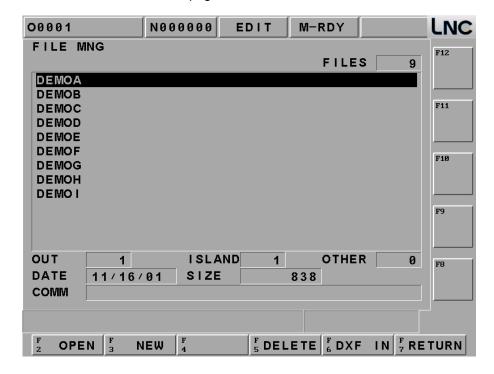
1.6.2 Screen Operation Description

Main: Press < CAM > to go to EASY CAM.

Note: Need to add new file or open old file, otherwise, can not edit here.



PRJMNG: Press PRJMNG will switch to this page.



Buttons:

[OPEN]: open an old project.

[ADD]: add a new project.

[DEL]: delete an old project.

[DXF IN]: execute AutoCAD DXF IN function.

[RETURN]: to return Easy-Cam screen.

Columns:

FILES: show current project numbers.

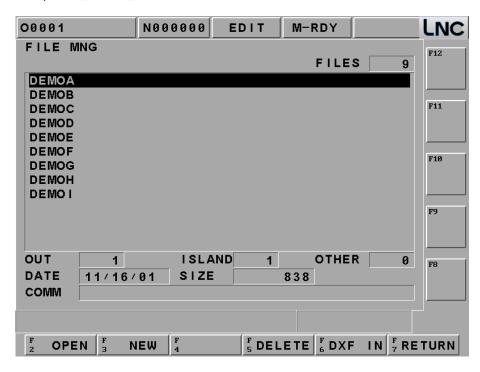
DATE: show last saved date.

SIZE: show the file size that yellow highlight stay.

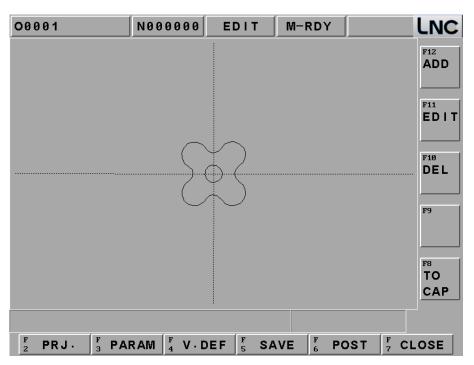
COMM: show file's note.

OPEN

Move to DEMOA, press [OPEN]

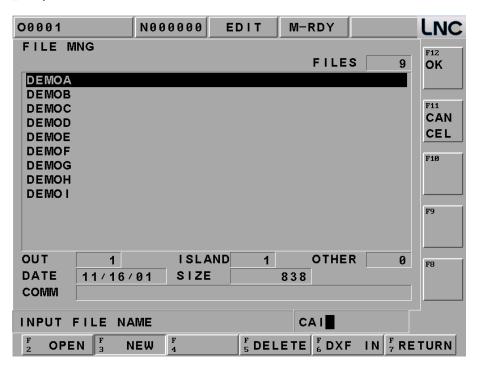


Open as below.

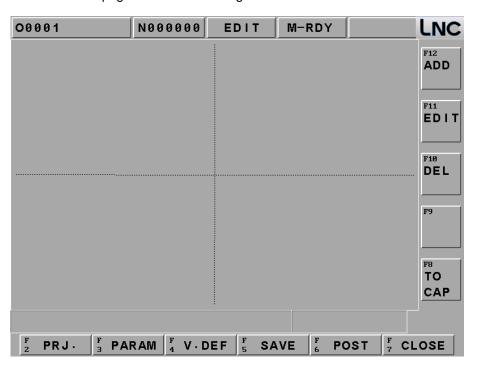


NEW

Press [NEW], input new file name, as CAI, OK.



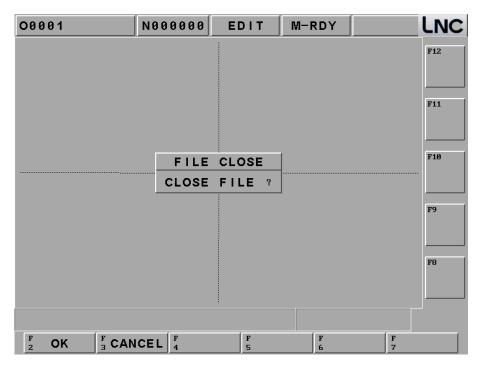
Then screen will return main page to wait for drawing.



CLOSE

Press [CLOSE] to confirm.

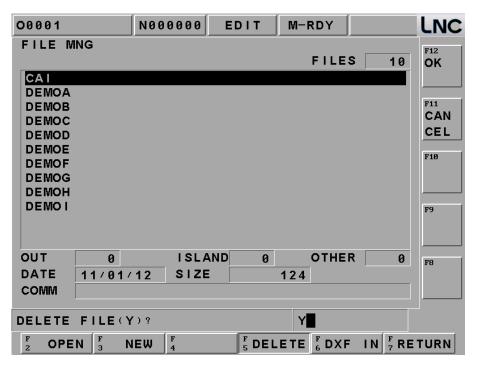
Note: If one project did not close, can not process next step.



DELETE

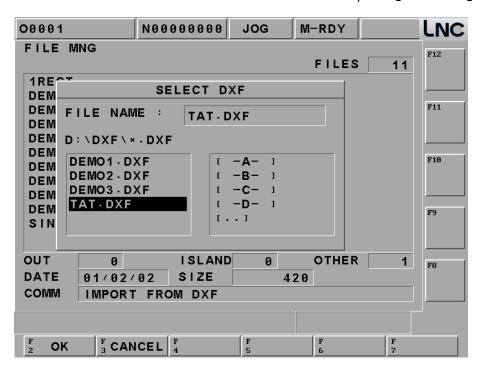
Move to old file and press delete, for example, delete CAI.

Press Y to delete.

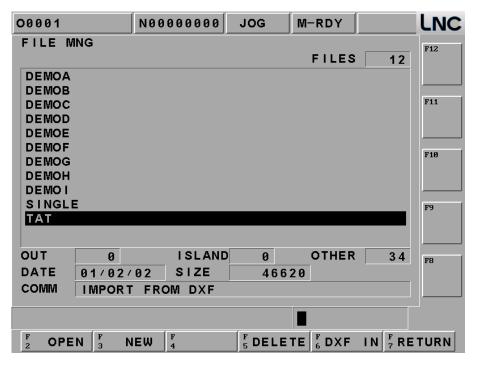


Import AutoCAD DXF file

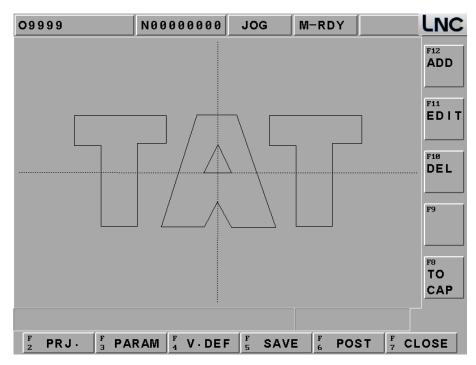
At Main screen, press [DXF IN], pop up DXF dialogue: Hold cross handle to move yellow cursor to appoint DXF source EX: Ethernet connection is at M:\EASYCAM\TAT\TAT.DXF. press [CONFIRM] to input.



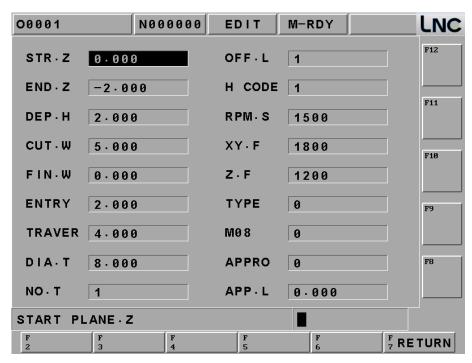
At FILE MNG page's hint line show: DXF IN success, hold cross handle to move yellow cursor to choose TAT file, press [OPEN] to run the DXF file which was input already.



Open this DXF file to check if the transmission is correct.



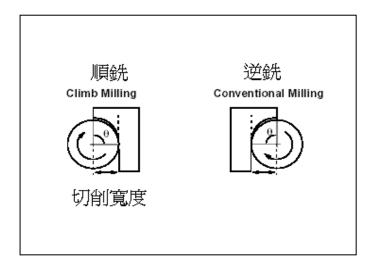
Parameter Specification: This page is mainly to define the related CAM calculation and the output parameters.



- Starting Surface: This is an absolute Z coordinate program, which is used to assign the starting cutting level.
- Ending Surface: This is an absolute Z coordinate program, which is used to assign the ending cutting level.
- Depth Height: Tooling depth of Z coordinate, the depth setting will not more then the depth of end plane.
- Cutting Width: Every time's feed amount on XY pane for the assigned tool. This value should not be larger

than the tool diameter.

- Fine-Cutting Preservation Amount: The preservation amount for already-formed size (for fine mill-cutting).
- Feed Height: The absolute Z coordinate program, which is use to set the starting point of mill-cutting. Tool will cut working part in G01 speed after arriving to the point in G00 speed. So, the setting value of that point must be greater than [Starting Surface].
- Moving Height: The absolute Z coordinate program, which is to set the ascent height when tool working is switching position during mill-cutting procedure. Tool will cut into the working part in G01 speed after arriving to the point in G00 speed. So the setting value of this point must be greater than [Starting Surface].
- Tool Diameter: This value must be greater than zero.
- Tool Number: The timing codes (M06 T) when the designated tool is doing tool-exchanging job, i.e., if this value is 1, M06 T01 will be produced
- Tool Length Offset: To choose tool length offset, setting 0 means to use the +ive direction offset G43; setting 1 means to use –ive direction offset G44.
- Spindle Rotational Speed: S machine structure means spindle rotational speed
- Flat Feed: F function, define tool's cutting feed rate is F when flat cutting.
- Z-Axis Feed: F function, is to define the cutting feedrate is F when cutting toward Z-direction.
- Climb/Conventional Cutting: To decide the cutting type of the tool path program. Two cutting types are [Climb] and [Conventional].[Climb] is used in rough-cutting and [Conventional] is used in smooth-cutting.



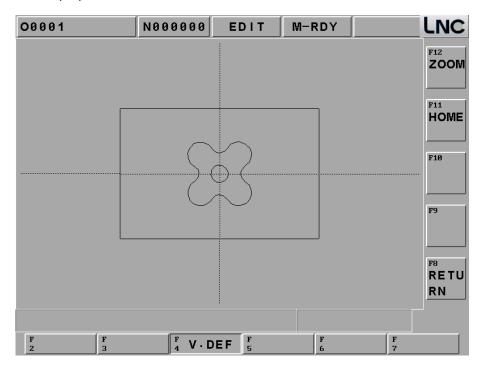
- Soluble oil: To decide whether or not to use the cutting function (M8).
- Fine-Cutting Feed: To decide the Tool Approach type when doing [Fine-Cutting]. Two types of fine-cutting feed which are vertical feed and arch feed. The preserve length before vertical feed is the radius of the tool. The arch radius is the radius for the tool feed.
- Feed distance: the percentage of cutting tool's diameter.

Window Enlarge/Reduce: This page is to define relating CAM window enlarge/reduce specification.

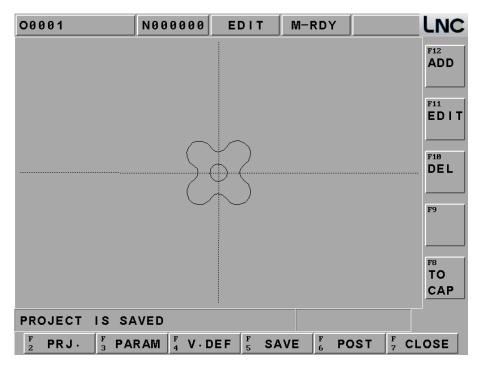
Function keys are as below:

Press ENLARGE to see larger yellow window, press CONFIRM to enlarge graph.

Press PROPER to show proper size.

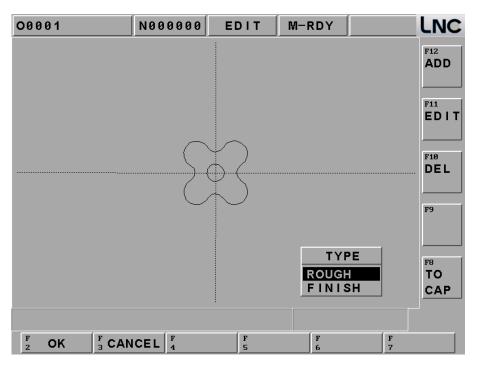


SAVE: Press SAVE, message hint row shows save complete, this project was saved.

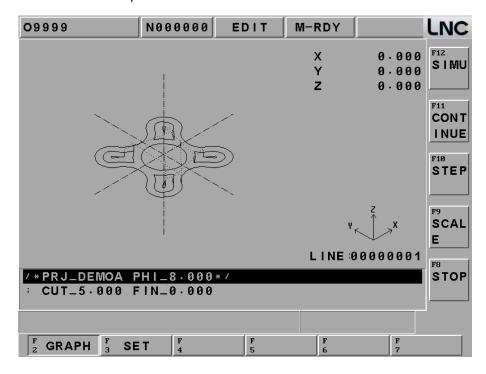


POST: Press Post, it will show different NC file content according to line mode, close profile or island of the project.

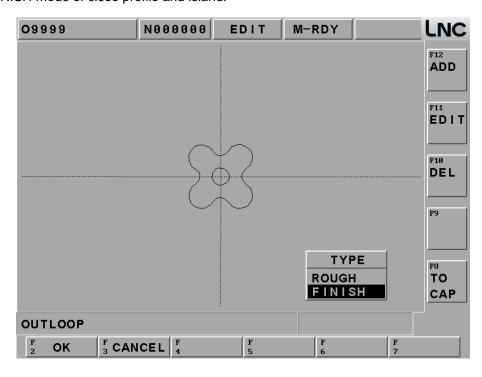
1. Shows ROUGH mode of close profile and island.



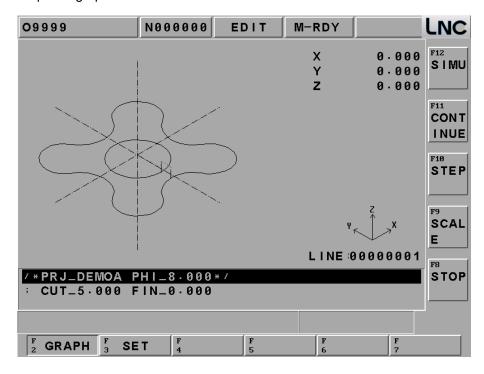
Shows ROUGH mode of close profile and island.



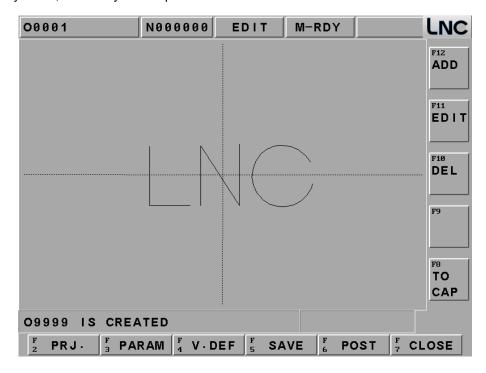
2. Shows FINISH mode of close profile and island.



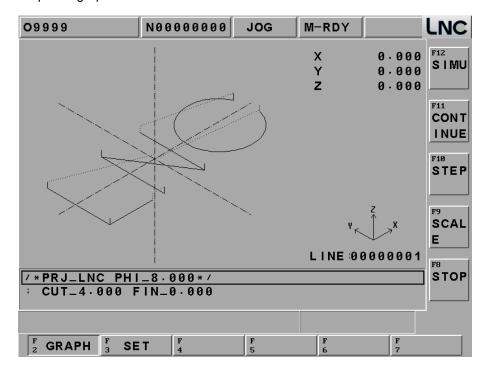
Preview of tool path's graph under FINISH mode.



3. If this is only a line, it will only shows path.

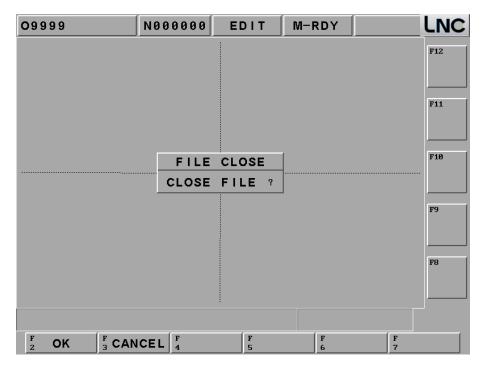


Preview of tool path's graph under LINE mode.

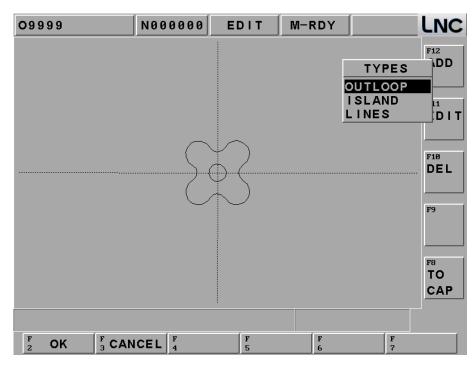


CLOSE: Close current project.

Press CLOSE to close this project, pop out window shows confirm close, then press CONFIRM, return to main page. If you didn't close this window, you will not be able to return main page.



ADD: The EASY CAM file input way is not just the DXF IN, but also has another solution by pressing ADD at NC end to choose outloop, island, line.



ADD: Press ADD to select close profile

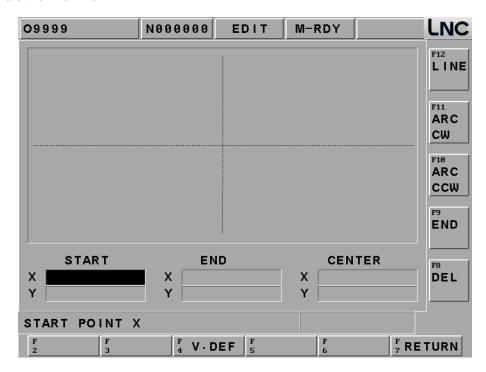
Line: Sets starting and terminal points, draws line.

ARC CW: Sets starting and terminal points, draws a ARC CW.

ARC CCW: Sets starting and terminal points, draws a ARC CCW

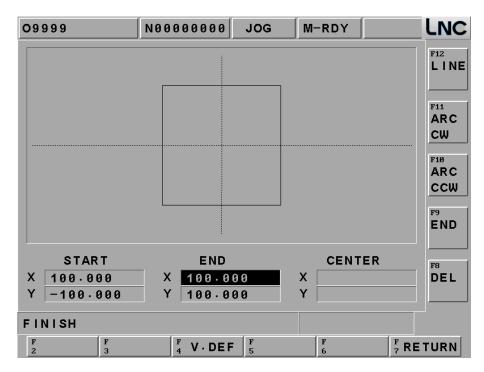
END: Use direct line to close unsealed line.

DEL: Delete the final line.



Press ADD to choose OUTLOOP and make a square:

- 1. Press LINE, Sets starting point as X100Y100, terminal point as X-100Y100, press OK.
- 2. Press LINE, Sets terminal point as X-00Y-100, press OK.
- 3. Press LINE, Sets terminal point as X100Y-100, press OK.
- 4. Press LINE, Sets terminal point as X100Y100, press OK.
- 5. Press Return to go back main page



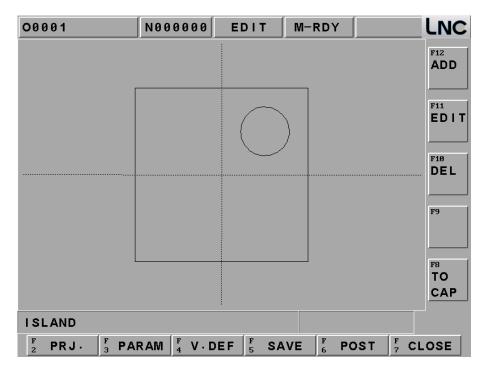
Press ADD, choose island to make 2 round islands.

Create islands in the square that we've just created.

Draw the first island.

- 1. Press ARC CW, sets starting point as X70Y50, terminal points as X30Y50, center of circle as X50Y50, press OK.
- 2. Press ARC CW, sets terminal points as X70Y50, center of circle as X50Y50, press OK.
- 3. Press return to go back to main page.

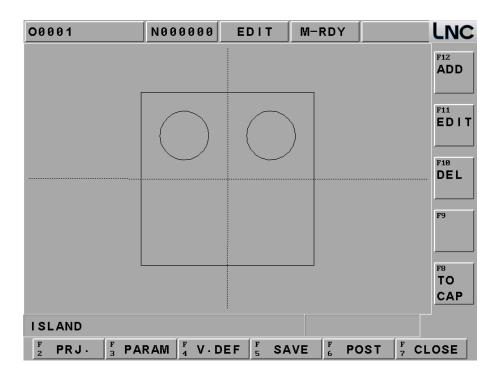
Then you can create the first island.



Create the second island.

- 1. Press ARC CCW, sets starting point as X-30Y50, terminal points as X-70Y50, center of circle as X-50Y50, press OK.
- 2. Press ARC CCW, sets terminal points as -30Y50, center of circle as X-50Y50, press OK.
- 3. Press return to go back to main page.

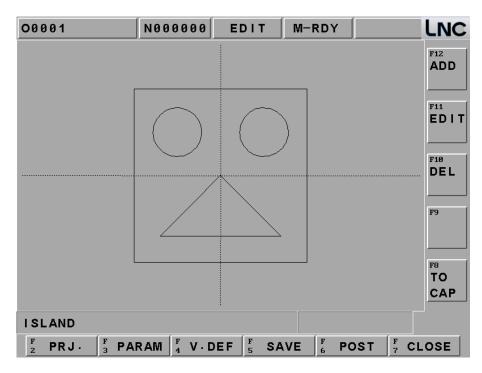
Then you can create the second island.



Create a triangle islands:

- 1. Press LINE, Sets starting point X70Y-70, terminal point as X-70Y-70, press OK.
- 2. Press LINE, Sets terminal point as X0Y0, press OK.
- 3. Press CLOSE, sets terminal point as X70Y-70, system will close the line automatically
- 4. Press return to go back to main page.

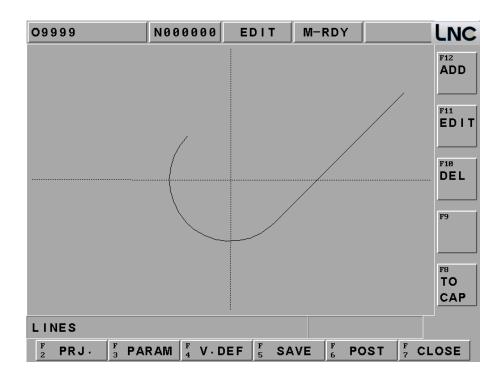
Then you can create a triangle island inside the square.



Make two random lines.

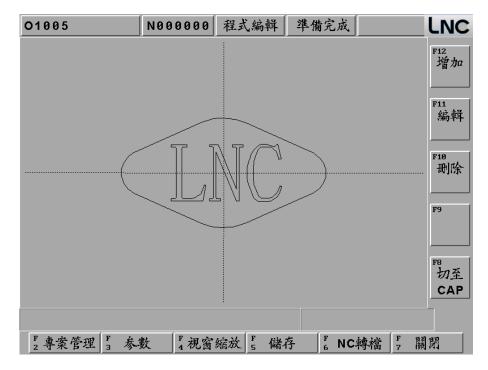
- 1. Press ARC CCW, sets starting point as X-44.650Y50.120, terminal point as X44.650Y-50.120, center of circle as X0Y0.
- 2. Press OK to make a curve.
- 3. Press LINE, sets terminal points as X230.180Y115.160, press OK.
- 4. Press return to go back to main page

Then you can create 2 random lines.

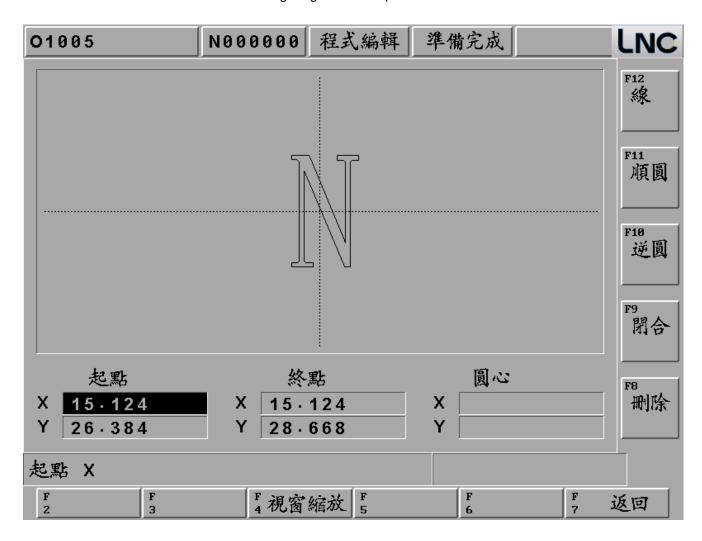


EDIT:

Use ↑↓ to change to island or outloop, Yellow line in the monitor will become your modification target. Press edit to modify.

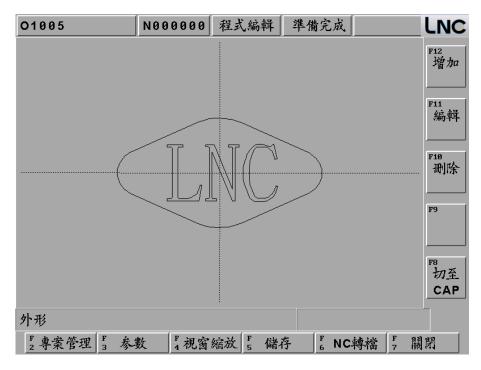


Enter into Edit screen to add line or delete.

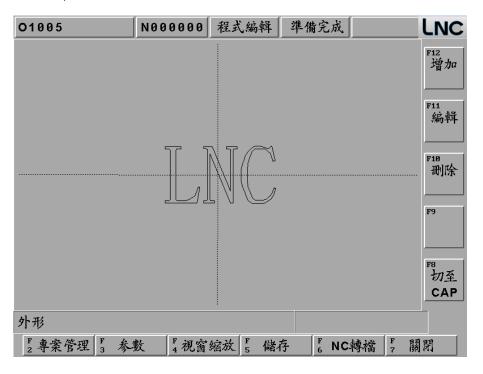


DELETE:

Use ↑↓ to change to island or outloop, yellow line in the monitor will become your modification target. Press delete to cancel the yellow line right now.



After canceling the outline, there are still three islands.



ı	NC.	Millina	arne	Screen	Operation	Manual
L		iviiiiii iu	Laiue	Scieen	Operation	ivialiuai

Note: After Press POST, the solution to O9999 file can not be modified after post:

- 1. Under EDIT mode, hint line shows the file is under protection, modification is not allowed. Please make the parameter 94 to be 1 and press RESET to make the parameter valid, and then you can modify programs after O9000.
- 2. Under EDIT mode, go to PMNG, choose copy file.

If you Copy file of O9999 to new file of O0408, then open O0408 to change

Note: If your file is too big to be modified on controller, please modify it at PC firstly, and then send back to controller later.

1.7 MILLING FIGURE CONVERSATION

1.7.1 REFACE

This function provides a G code structure that is easier to use. There are four working methods: drill-machining, facing, side-cutting and pocketing. So users do not need to remember complicate G code types and parameter definitions. Users only need to follow the instruction of Figure Panel to key-in the related information. And then pressing gear shifting button in order to produce the needed part program.

1.7.2 Function Specification

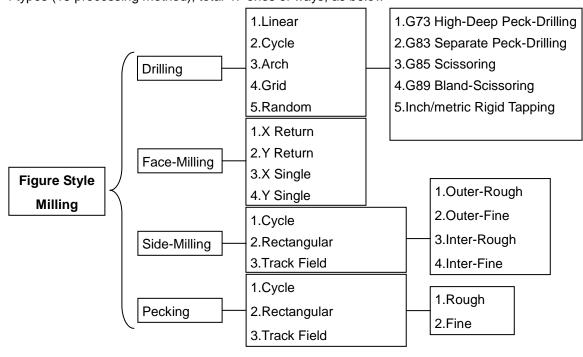
In order to have more elasticity for this function, so LNC Technology Co., Ltd. has designed projects and production management structure. Also, the followings are some restrictions due to the concern of the actual use:

- Project name is D0000~D9999, totally 10000 units.
- Every project allows having more than one production procedure. 99 production procedures are the maximum.

Every project has one set of common parameters. Every production procedure has one set of cutting parameter.

1.7.3 Process type

This function offers 4 types (15 processing method), total 47 ones of ways, as below:



1st Type: Drill-Machining, There are 5 working styles, which are G73, G83, G85, G89 and TAP. 5 working methods are as following:

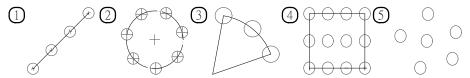


Figure 1.7-1 Drill-Machining

- 1. Linear type orientation (G101)
- 2. Circle type orientation (G102)
- 3. Arch type orientation (G103
- 4. Square type orientation (G104
- 5. Random type orientation (G105)

2nd Type: Facing-milling, 4 working methods are as following:

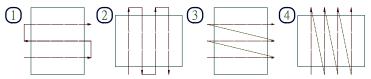


Figure 1.7-2 Face-Milling

- 1. X-axis two directions surface (G111)
- 2. Y-axis two directions surface (G112)
- 3. X-axis single direction surface (G113)
- 4. Y-axis single direction surface (G114)

3rd Type: Side-Milling, there are 4 types of this working methods which are external rough-cutting, external fine-cutting, internal rough-cutting, and internal fine-cutting. 3 working methods are as below:

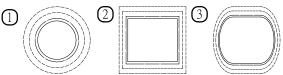


Figure 1.7-3 Side-Cutting

- 1. Circular side-cutting (G121)
- 2. Square shape side-cutting (G122)
- 3. Tracking field side cutting (G123)

4th **Type**: Pocketing, there are two working styles of this working methods which are rough-cutting and fine-cutting. 3 working methods are as below:

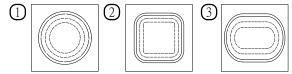


Figure 1.7-4 Pocketing

- 1. Circular pecking (G131)
- 2. Square pecking (G132)
- 3. Run-way pecking (G133)

1.7.4 Cutting Parameter Setting

The needed setting parameters and definitions are different due to different working methods. Please refer to the description of arguments of the corresponding G code in the program manual.

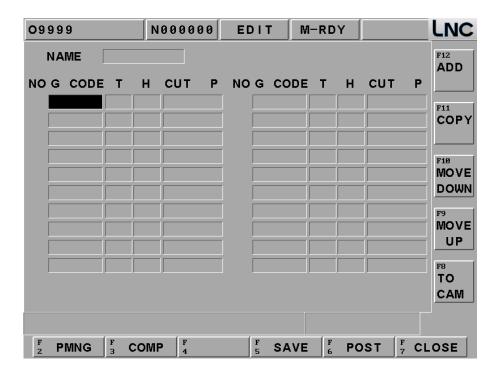
1.7.5 Operation Screen Description

This system's operation is divided into 4 types and they are described as below:

PMNG

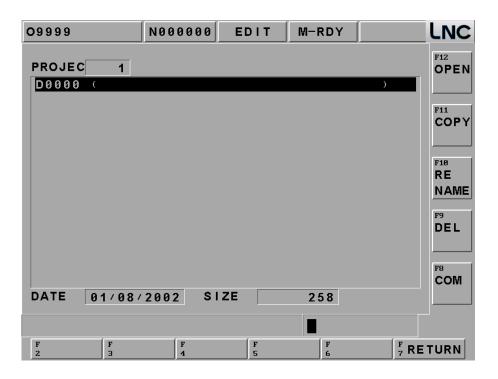
This function page mainly provides add/delete/modify/check for production and procedure and save/gear-shifting and exit for projects. Every production procedure must edit 4 items. Tool number and compensation can be inputted directly. G code and cutting parameter can continue editing after clicking the input key. Since CAD/CAM and figure transmitting are in the same function group, so screen is able to switch to CAD/CAM editing page by pressing CAM button. Please refer below as the related screen.

Users can use the direction key up/down to move the yellow cursor and also to decide the wanted editing production procedures or items. The delete key (del) can delete the production procedure at the row where the yellow cursor occurs.



PMNG

This function page mainly provides open, copy, rename, delete and note for projects. All operating methods are to key-in data before clicking on function keys expect opening files. If key-in a new file name, then a new file will be opened. Otherwise, the system will open the file that is in the file list where the yellow cursor occurs. Return button is to switch back to the figure transmitting main function page. Note: please open the file at that page before start editing at the main function page. Please refer below for the related screen. Users not only can use the up/down key to move the yellow cursor but also use the pgup/pgdn key to do extensively moving. The notice display of the file is within the bracket of the file list.



COMM

Common parameter is G100's parameter, it will be used in all production process for the same projects. This page's main function is to set the local parameters of all project production procedures. Pressing return button will be able to switch back to the main function page of the figure transmitting after complete setting. Please refer below as the related screen:

FIX: If the tool's cutting width is fixed or not. 1: YES, 0: NO.

DIAM: Tool diameter (mm, this value is default, if users didn't set federate for cutting parameter, controller will use default to process.

ESC: Z Axis escape height (mm) means the cutting safe height(first cutting point)

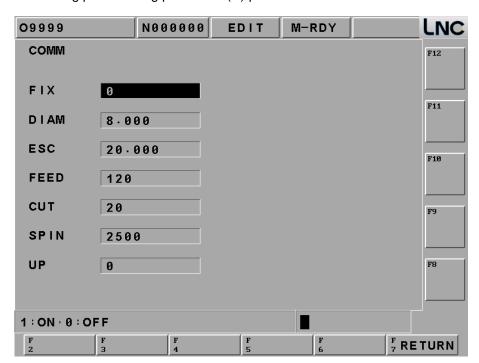
FEED: Feedrate (mm/min), this value is default, if users didn't set federate for cutting parameter, controller will use default to process.

CUT: Set the percentage(%) for tool in to tool diameter

SPIN: Spindle rotation (rpm), this value is default, if users didn't set federate for cutting parameter, controller will use default to process.

CUTP: 1. First cutting point: common parameter escape amount.

2. Last cutting point: cutting parameter (R) point.

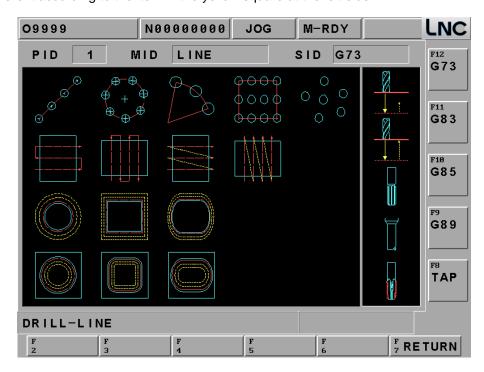


G Code

This page's main function is to select working method. Pressing the return button to switch to the figure transmitting main function page after selecting.

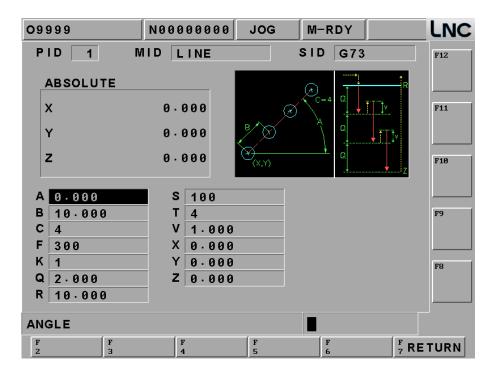
Please refer below as the related screen.

Using the direction keys up/down/left/right to move the yellow square before pressing the function button at the right side in order to complete the selecting motion. The figure at the right side and the function buttons will be different according to the item in the yellow square at the left side.



CUT PARAM

This page is mainly to set the cutting parameter of a single production procedure in a project. Pressing the return button to switch back to the figure transmitting main function page after complete setting. Please refer below as the related screen:



Users only need to use the figure shape reminding at the upper right side and then to key-in the related information in order complete setting.

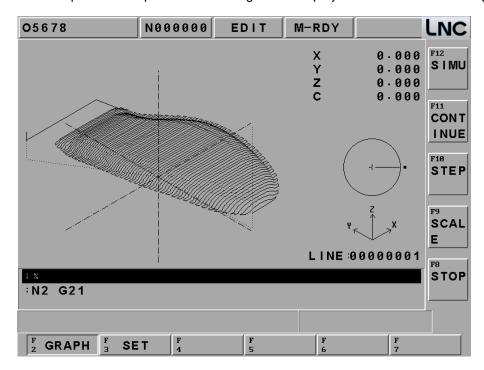
1.8 GRAPH

1.8.1 Function

Pressing [GRAPH] to enter into this function group. The present working path and that of the preview programs will occur in [GRAPH] screen. Users are able to set the view angle and the display range of the path display in [SET] screen.

1.8.2 GRAPH

The path display screen is as the below Figure. Coordinate value that is displayed at the upper-right side is the absolute coordinate of the present tool position. Lower-right side displays the coordinate view angle.



[PRGSIM]: when program is ok, press this button to draw program's working path.

CONSIM: press this button to re-draw the working program.

[STPSIM]: Press this button to show step by step of working program.

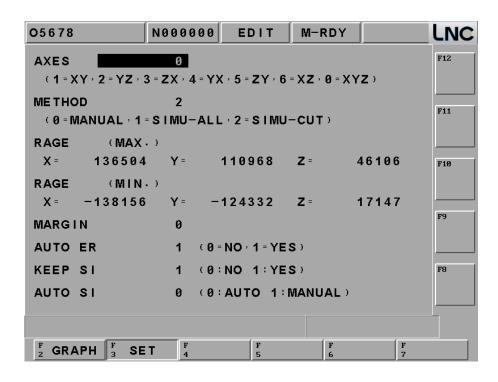
[SCALE]: Press this button to show 1 square, and under this square this graph will be enlarged. Users can use <PAGE↑><PAGE↓> to adjust the range. And use< ↑↓> to move this square. When you move to place you want to see, press < ↓> or [SCALE] to update the screen to be the square.

【STOP】:when processing【SIMU】或【CONTINUE】, press this button to stop processing.

Note 1: Cursor is green color, G00 is red color and G01, G02 and G03 are yellow color.

Note 2: Cursor is green color, G00 is blue color, and G01, G02, and G03 are pink color. Center line is bright-green color.

1.8.3 SET



• **Drawing Surface**: the using coordinate view angles are (1=XY, 2=YZ, 3=ZX, 4=YZ, 5=ZY, 6=XZ, 0=XYZ) when key-in into the path display screen.

SET	GRAPH	SET	GRAPH
1=XY	×x	5=ZY	Ž Z
2=YZ	Z Y	6=XZ	Z x
3=ZX	X Z	0=XYZ	Y
4=YX	X		

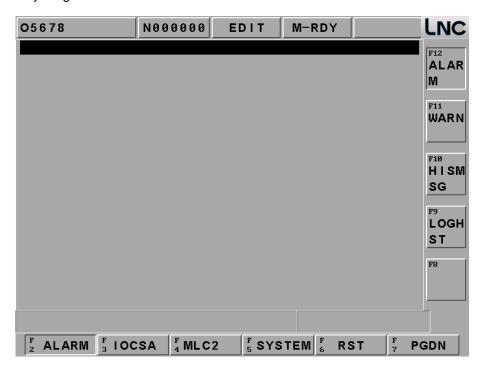
- **Setting Method**: the drawing range of the entering [SET] screen (0=manual, 1= preview result-full travel, 2= preview result-cutting travel).
 - **0**) **MANUAL**: Preview the drawing range as the reading manual setting's max/min values.
 - 1) SIMU-ALL → full traveling (including moving path): Preview the drawing range as the reading part program path's max/min values, the smallest value.
 - 2) SIMU-CUT ->cutting traveling (only including cutting path): Preview the drawing range as the max and/or min values of the reading cutting path, the smallest value.
- **Drawing Range (max):** Setting to use the manual method to draw the largest value of X, Y, and Z axes range.
- **Drawing Range (min)**: Setting to use the manual method to draw the smallest value of X, Y, and Z axes range.
- **AUTO ER**: Assumed under the condition of not executing program preview. Users are able to choose whether or not to delete the previous path display screen when enable cutting function while the machine is doing the path display (0= Not Delete, 1=Auto Delete).
- KEEP SI: At auto mode, you can set if you want to use previewed graph or to preserve preview.
 - 0) NO: show exact working path.
 - 1) YES: show current preview path.
- AUTO SI: Switch to [GRAPH] to see if the auto preview is processing.
 - **0**: Start auto preview function. When users change to path page, system will start to do preview automatically and draw program path.
 - 1 : Close auto preview function . When users change to path page, system will not start to do preview automatically and will not draw program path.

1.9 DGNOS

Pressing <DGNOS> and 6 main function screens occur, which are [ALARM], [IOCSA], [MLC2], [SYSTEM], [COMM], [SYSU] and [CIRCUL]. Users are able to know the condition of HMI signal and machine condition from the DGNOS function screen in order to do the maintenance and the system testing,

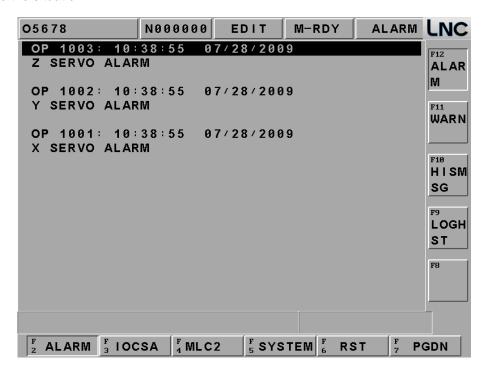
1.9.1 ALARM

Clicking [ALARM] to enter into the [ALARM], [WARN], [HISMSG] and [LOGHST]. When there is any alarm message or warning message from MLC, the alarm message will occur on the screen. Users can use this screen to remove any irregular condition of the controller.



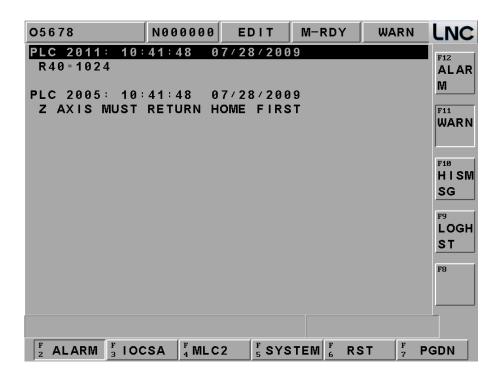
[Alarm]

Alarm message will occur when there is any problem in system running. This will make the system stop running and also will display the alarm message on the screen. When the problem is solved, must press <RESET> in order to release the situation.



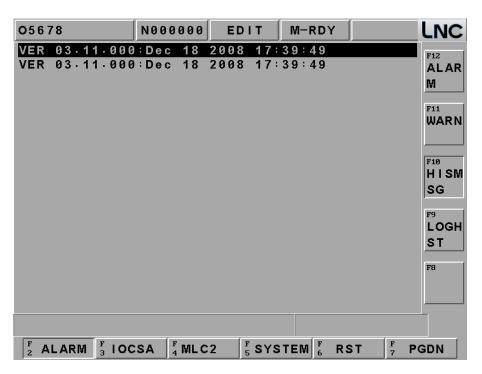
[Warn]

Warning message is decided by matching with the design of the MLC LADDER. Example is when the safety door is not closed completely, LADDER program will send out "DOOR NOT CLOSE" message. Or, when the Coolant Supply is broken, then the message "COOLANT LOW" message will be sent out. So when the alarm message occurs, please check the conditions of machine and peripheral equipments according to the LADDER program. The system will stop running when the system sends out the warning message and the warning message will be displayed on the screen. When the problem is solved, must press <RESET> to release the warning.



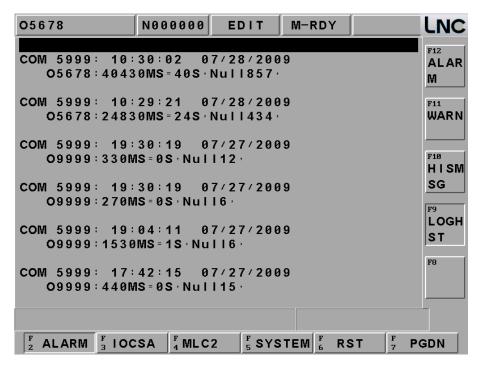
[HISMSG]

System version and program debugging message will occur. This page displays the system current running condition.



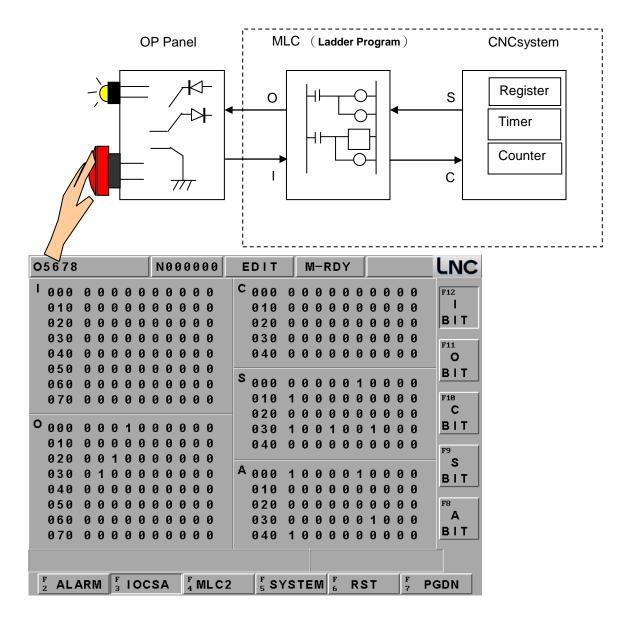
• [LOGHST]

Able to display system's all alarms/alarm records, even delete the alarm, the records will not disappear.



1.9.2 IOCSA

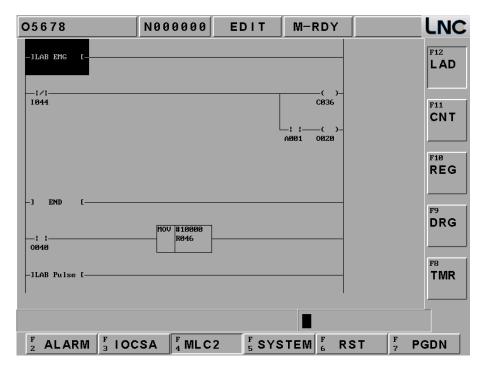
[IOCSA] is to check the screen of the I/O or system internal condition which including I, O, C, S, A.



This screen is divided into 5 parts. The assigned method of the focus point is to assign via sub-function button. The assigned type is displayed on the upper left column of the screen (Using the above Figure as an example. Pressing the sub-function button 【I BIT】, the type will be displayed at the upper left column of the screen.); < PAGE↑> and < PAGE↓> keys are used to control the page changing of this 【I BIT】 sub-function,

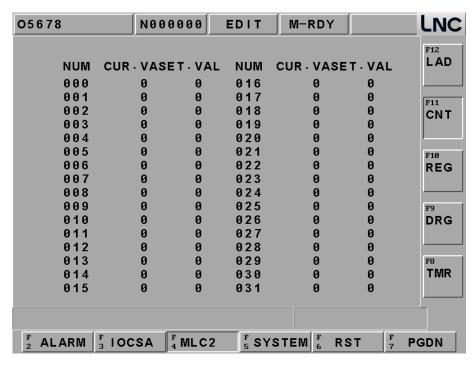
1.9.3 MLC2

Pressing [MLC2] and the main function key screen is as below. Users will see [LAD], [CNT], [REG], [DRG], and [TMR] functions:

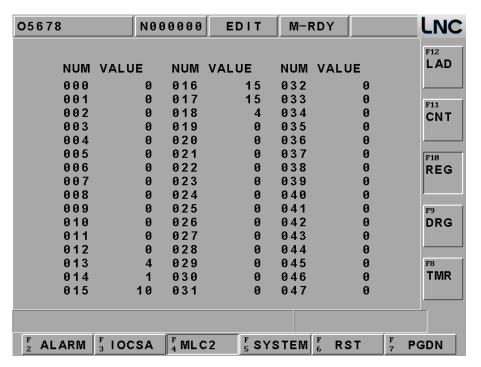


Users are able to add number on the wanted searching English characters, such as I, O, C, S, A, R, TM and est. in **[LAD]** entering row. Pressing **[INPUT]** to start searching the position of those characters. For example: key-in TM001 or TM1 to search for the position.

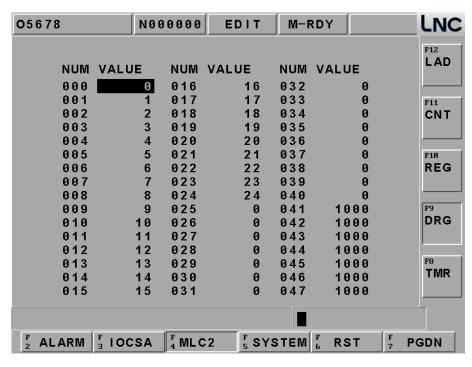
Press [CNT] to check data as below.



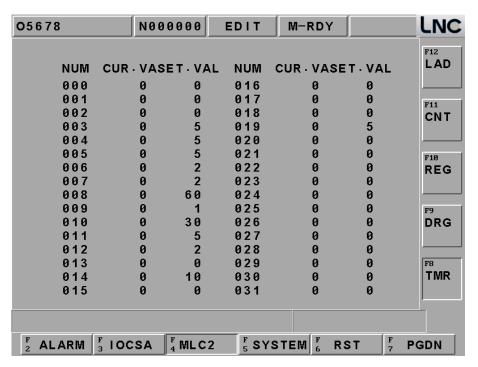
Press [REG] to check data as below.



Press [TMR] \ [REG] \ [DRG] \ [TMR] to see data as below.



Press [TMR] to check data as below.

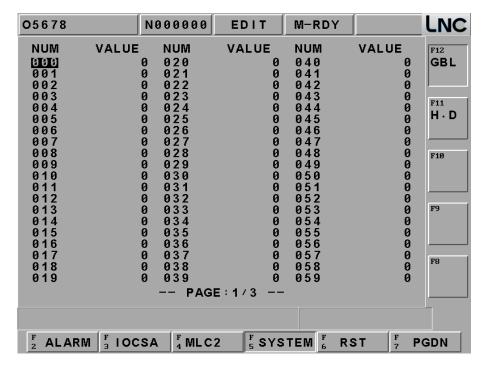


1.9.4 SYSTEM

Pressing **[SYSTEM]** and the screen is as below. (System data is to display screen of the system maintenance variable. This function is for designers and technical people to use.)

• [SYSTEM]

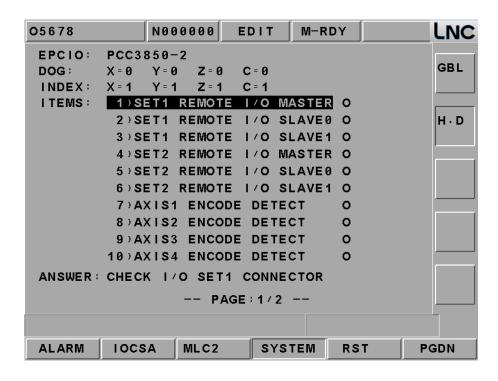
Input numbers and press <Enter>, you can find it.



● 【H.D.】

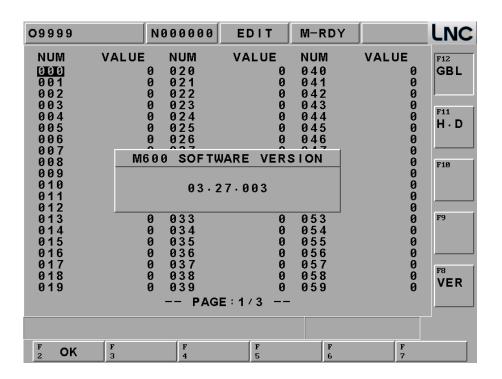
There are different items in the diagnosis function item. These function items are to check whether or not the connection cable from motion card to I/O card is connected. Or, checking whether or not the Jump is correct. If the question mark (?) changes to across (X) after diagnosis on the right windows side, it indicates this item has error. Users are able to get the possible error message from the solving method in order to check and to solve the problem.

The HOME DOG condition at the top of the windows indicates that if the value of each axis is 1, the present position of each axis is on the HOME DOG.



[Version]

Press [Version] to see version number, press Ok to close this message.



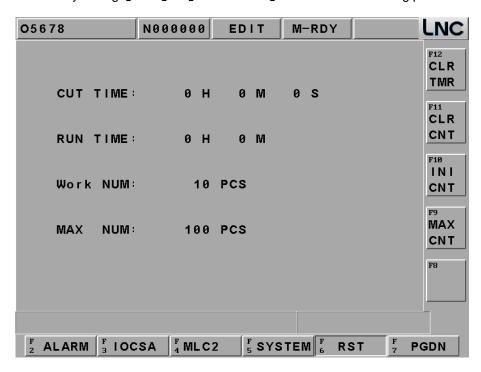
1.9.5 Parameter

When pressing [RST], monitor's left side will show buttons as below, [CLRTMR] \ [CLRCNT] \ [INICNT] \ [MAXCNT], you can use this buttons to clear operation time and parts.

Cutting Time: When users press "Cycle Start" button on OP, cutting time will reset to zero and then start timing until the part program finishes.

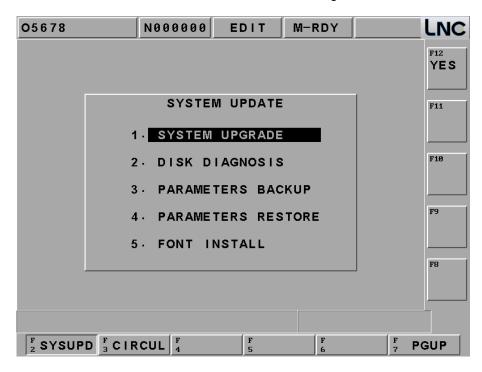
Working Time: Working time is the sum of cutting time every time rebooting. It will be set to zero until exit (returns to zero). Using 【RST】 + 【RUNTIME】 will return the working time back to zero immediately.

Working Piece: When CNC has read M02, M03 or other M codes, the system will adding up the working piece automatically. Using [RST] + [PARTCONT] will return the working piece number back to zero.



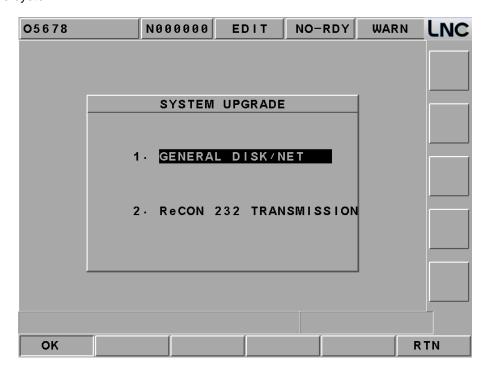
1.9.6 SYSUPD

This function can be executed only under that condition that CNC is not ready. Please pressing [SYSUPD] button after pressing the EMG-STOP key. At this time, a screen which function is selected by the cursor (like Figure 2.10-3) will occur. This screen allows users to select the wanted working item. Each function is listed as below:

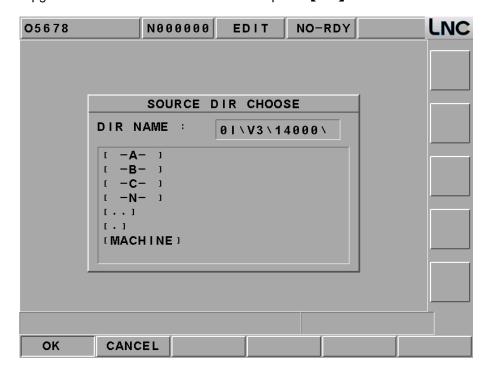


• [UPGRADE]

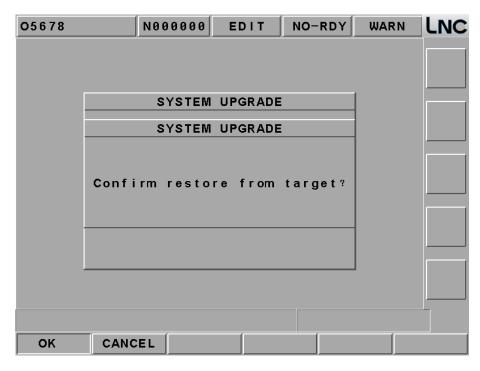
This function offers two ways for update: general disk/RS232 transmission. Please install LNC Technology Co., Ltd. latest version software if choosing this function. Pressing [YES], the installation screen will occur. There is installation program instruction during installation so you only need to follow the instruction to upgrade the system.



At the system upgrade file, move cursor to the line and press [OK]



System will double confirm if you want to do upgrade, make sure if you really want to do upgrade and press [OK]



Then system will turn to DOS page as below to show current version and update version, press [Y] and system will process upgrade automatically.

WELCOME TO INSTALL LNC-M515i SERIES

Current Version: Not install

Installing Version:
 M515i_VER_03.20.000

Are you sure to install?[Y,N]?

Please wait, file preparing.

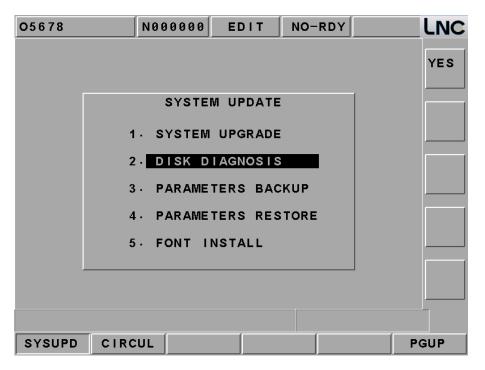
Installing...
Please wait, file preparing ...

System upgrade is completed, please press any key to reboot and you can use new version software later.

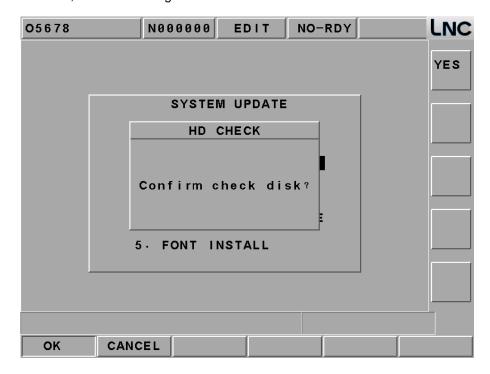
Wonderful ! Fully install finish!!

Press any key to continue . . .

• [H.D CHECK]



Selecting this function, a confirm dialog box will occur:



1	NIC	Milling	Large	Screen	Operation	Manua	ı
L	-110	IVIIIIIIIII	Laiue	Screen	Operation	iviariua	

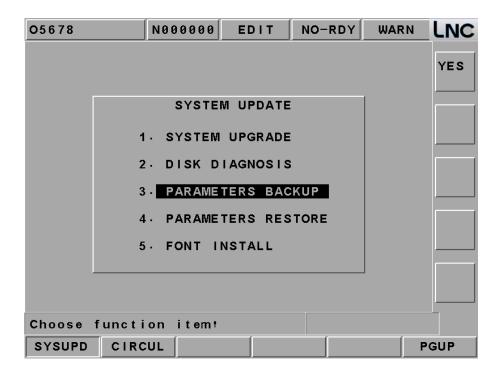
Pressing the confirm button to return back to DOS mode. Users are able to choose to use A drive or C drive. If users do not choose, the system will use the default C drive. There are 4 types of working items for users to choose:

As below:

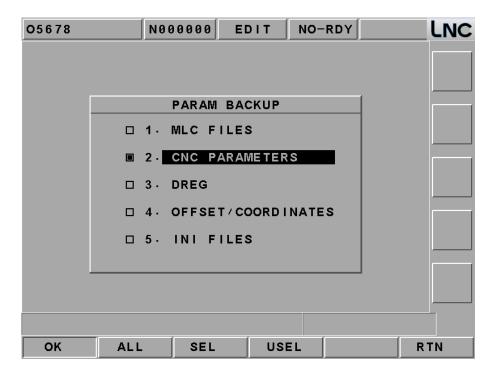
- 1.PCscan
 Virus checking
- 2.DISK doctor disk diagnostic and errer-fix
- 3.DEFRAG
 Disk access performance enhancement
- 0.Quit

Choise an Option[0,1,2,3]?

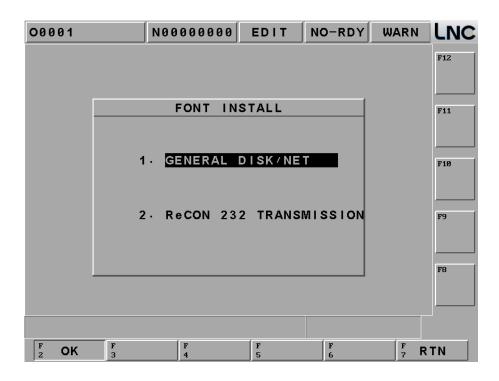
● 【Backup】



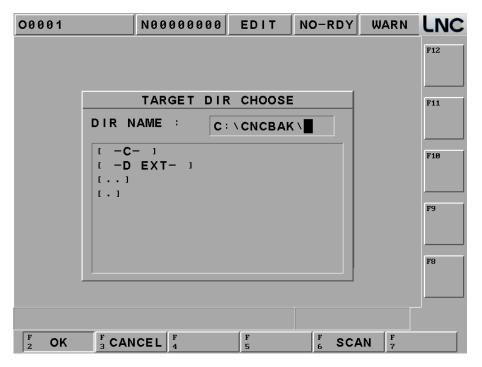
You will see below later, choose the one you want.



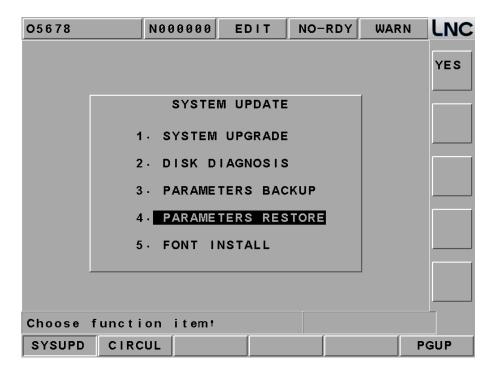
Select backup method as below.



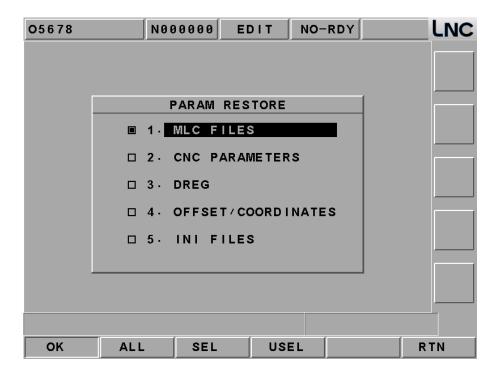
Press [OK] to see path, select the path you want t and complete backup.



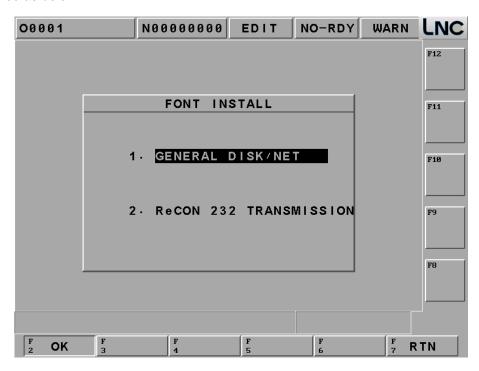
[Restore]



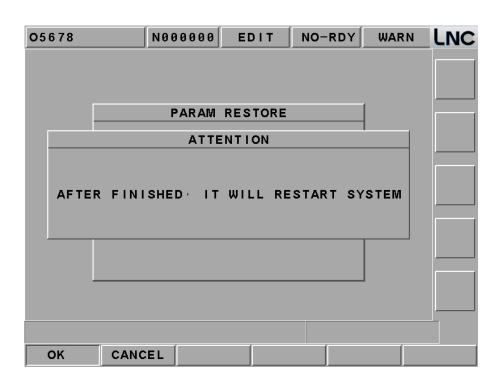
You will see below later, choose the one you want.



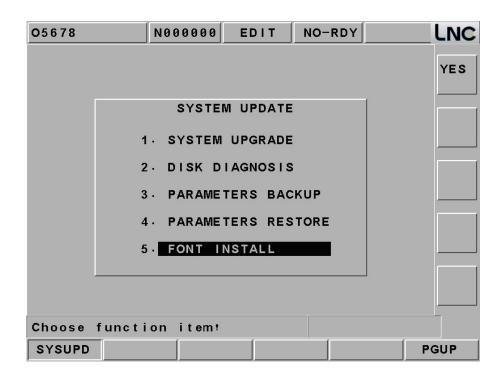
Select method as below.



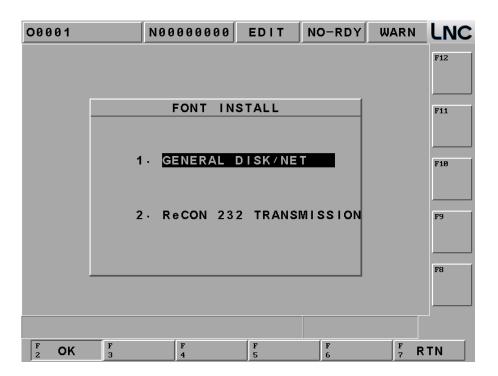
Select source path and press [OK] to restore.



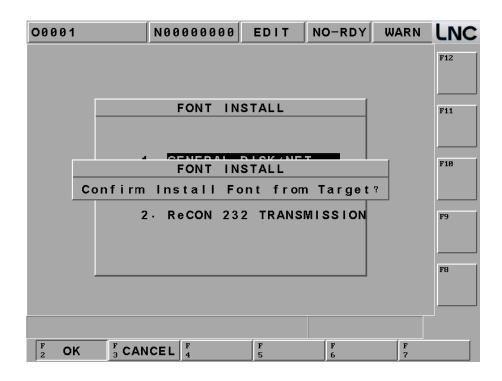
● 【Font】



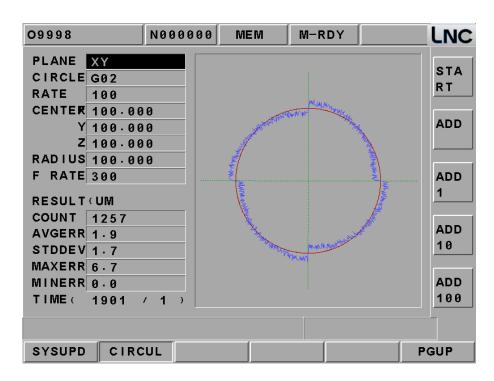
Select method as below.



Select source path and press [OK] to continue.



1.9.7 CIRCUL



[Panel] Able to choose any one of XY, YZ, ZX panes as the circular pane from the popup

menu after pressing <input>.

[CW/CCW] Able to choose CW (G02) or CCW (G03) as the cycling motion from the popup

menu after pressing <input>.

[Sample Period] Setting the sample interval time (ms) for estimation error.

[Center Point XYZ] Absolute coordinates $(X \cdot Y \cdot Z)$ of the entered center point.

[Radius] Setting radius of circular (mm).

[Feedrate] Setting feedrate of circular (mm/min).

[Sample Point #s] Total numbers of the sample estimation: Sample point numbers= (2*PI*circular

radius*60*1000) / (feedrate*sample interval).

Note: PI= 3.1415926

[Average Error] Display average error value.

Average error =total/sample point numbers

[Standard Error] The difference between the data information and the balance number.

[Max Error] The largest circular error value.[Min Error] The smallest circular error value.

[Ratio] Display the circular error's zoom-in ratio (N/1), N is the ratio.

Note: the canned cycle error is the distance between each simple point and the center point and also the different value between each simple point and cycle

radius.

[Ratio +/-] To set the error zoom-in ratio of the sub-function operation button.

Pressing this key, this button will be sagged and 【Ratio -】 will occur. Pressing the

key again, this button will be raising and 【Ratio +】 will occur.

[1] When the upper key displays [Ratio +], the ratio will increase by 1 when pressing

this button.

When the upper button display [Ratio -], the ratio will decrease by 1 when pressing

this button.

[10] when the upper button displays [Ratio +], the ratio will increase by 10 when

pressing this button.

When the upper button display [Ratio -], the ratio will decrease by 10 when

pressing this button.

[100] when the upper button displays [Ratio +], the ratio will increase by 100 when

pressing this button.

When the upper button display [Ratio -], the ratio will decrease by 100 when

pressing this button.

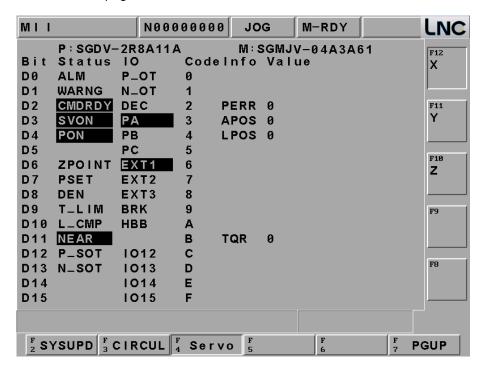
[Starting] After canned cycle parameter setting is completed, pressing this button in order to

indicate the setting is completed. Wait until the users press CYCLE START button in order to start the canned cycle motion. Pressing this button again, the key will raise,

which means the canned cycle motion is canceled.

1.9.8 Servo Info

Digital model can use servo info page to understand current servo drive and motor situation. :



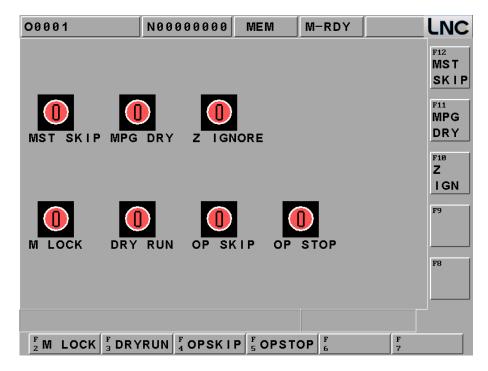
Servo Status(1)				
D0	ALM	Alarm		
D1	WARNG	warning		
D2	CMDRDY	Received command		
D3	SVON	Servo ON		
D4	PON	Main power ON		
D5				
D6	ZPOINT	Z point		
D7	PSET	Positioning OK		
D8	DEN	Output OK		
D9	T_LIM	Torque limit arrive		
D10	L_CMP	Lock complete		
D11	NEAR	Near positioning range		
D12	P_SOT	(+)OT signal		
D13	N_SOT	(-)OT signal		
D14				
D15				

Servo Status(2)				
0	P_OT CW protection input			
1	N_OT	CCW protection input		
2	DEC	Home DEC LS input		
3	PA	Encoder A input		
4	РВ	Encoder B input		
5	PC	Encoder C input		
6	EXT1	1 external lock signal input		
7	EXT2	2 external lock signal input		
8	EXT3	3 external lock signal input		
9	BRK	Brake output		
Α	НВВ	Stop singla input or HWBB1/HWBB2		
В				
С	IO12	At Pn81E.0 CN1 input signal		
D	IO13	At Pn81E.1 CN1 input signal		
E	IO14	At Pn81E.2 CN1 input signal		
F	IO15	At Pn81E.3 CN1 input signal		
Р	Drive model number			
М	Motor model number			
PERR	Servo lag			
APOS	Current Z signal encoder value			
LPOS	Z signal lock encoder value			
TQR	CW/CCW torque %, over 120%			

1.10 SOFTPL

(Note: M515i · M516i · M516id did not support this function)

Press <SOFTPL> to enter into the diagrams display screen. There are 7 function selection switches which are corresponding to 7 function buttons on the screen and they are [M LOCK], [DRY RUN], [OP STOP], [MST SKIP], [MPG DRY], [Z IGNORE]



Press once=ON, press again to cancel this function.

Details for soft panel:

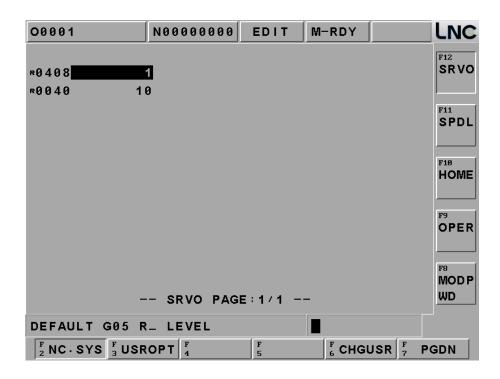
Function Switches	ON	OFF
	The controller will continue executing program while the program is executing. But, the moving command of the servo axis will NOT be outputted. So actually, the servo axis is completed stop (no movement).	The moving command of the servo axis will be outputted with the program while the program is executing.
DRY RUN	It will follow the parameter's G01 velocity, not the program's velocity(the velocity of Pr,1004 setting)	The designated speed of the servo feed program.

Function Switches	ON	OFF
OP SKIP	Program begins with "/" symbol will be skipped and not be executed.	Single block that begins with "/" symbol will be executed normally.
OP STOP	The program will stop when the program executes up to M01. If want to continue executing, users need to press "CYCLE START".	Controller will ignore M01 and execute the next single block directly.
MST Ignore	Ignore M, S, T codes commanding.	Consider M, S, T codes commanding.
MPG DRY RUN	System starts to process, hand wheel can control the program processing, and the program coordinate and servo axis to change together. The faster MPG runs, the faster program runs. But MPG will not faster then program feetrate. When MPG stops, the program will also stop. MPG CCW will not control program.	Hand wheel can not modify the program coordinate and let the servo axis moves
Z Ignore	Ignore any command from Z Axis	Process any command from Z Axis.

1.11 PARAM

Pressing <PARAM> and the parameter setting screen occurs. There are several main function menus such as [NC. SYS], [USROPT], [TLIM], [NET SET], [MODPWD] and [CHGUSR].

1.11.1 System



Pressing [NC. SYS], it will show the page on the screen, you can use [CHGUSR] button to change parameter level. Moving the highlighter to the wanted modify parameter. The message hint section will have parameter description. Key-in the wanted modify parameter value into the column and then press <INPUT>, it will show a password dialogue on the screen, and then press default password <0000>, and you can change the parameter. You only need to input password one time and then you don't need to input password anymore.

According to its effective time, there are 4 types of system parameter. It will be marked in front of the parameter.

- 2. R (Effective after RESET)
- 3. ⊙ (Effective after rebooting)
- 4. Empty (Effective immediately)

User must fully understand each parameter's definition before modifying any parameter. Two types of user status: end-user and machine maker. Different user status will have different sub-function keys.

As machine maker

Press [NC. SYS] and go to parameter setting page, there are several sub-function keys, including [SRVO] \[MAC] \[SPDL] \[MPG] \[COMP] \[ZRN] \[OP] \] and [CHGUSR]

As Fend-user

Press [NC. SYS] and go to parameter setting page, there are 4 sub-functions files, including [servo] \ [SPDL] \ [ZRN] \ [OP] \ [CHGUSR], End-Users has relatively few functions.

[Change password]

This function for you to change parameter functions, press [CHGUSR], follow the step to change password.

Note: Exit system password is not here.

「Machine maker」

If you press [CHGUSR] under Machine maker's status, the password you changed will be under Machine Maker. :

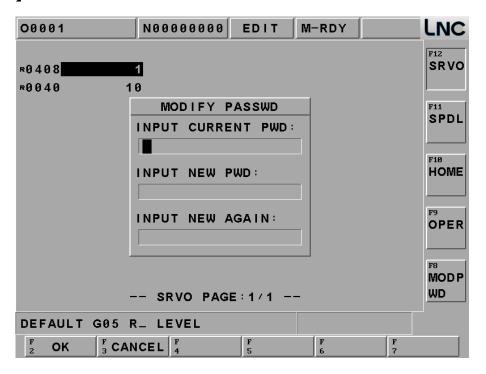
- 1.From End-User to enter in Machine Maker's password.
- 2. Under Machine Maker Status to change parameter's password. :

「End-user ₁

If you press 【CHGUSR】 under End-User's status, the password you changed will be under End-User.

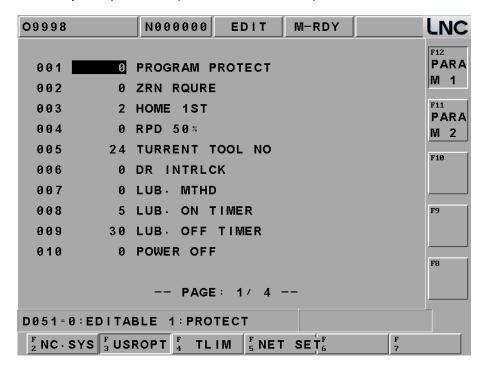
- 1.Input current End-User's password.
- 2.Input new End-User's password
- 3.Input again the new password

Press [OK] to finish.

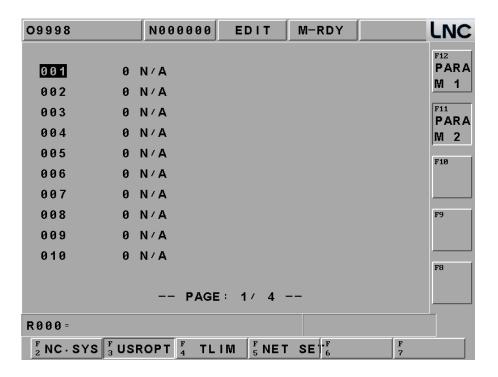


1.11.2 USROPT

Press [USROPT] and enter to [PARAM 1] page, there are 40 sets of parameters. The way to change the parameter is the same to system parameter, please refer to last chapter.



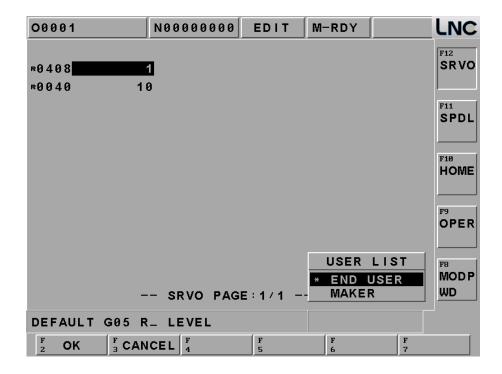
Press [PARAM 2] page, there are 40 sets of parameters. The way to change the parameter is the same to system parameter, please refer to last chapter.



1.11.3 Switch user

Press [Switch user] , the one with $\lceil \star \rfloor$ is your current identity.

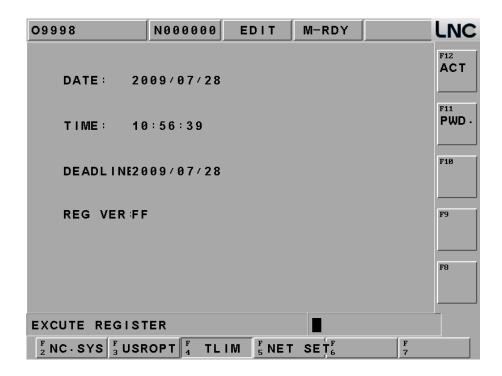
This function is for you to switch identity. From end-user to machine maker, you will need to input password.



1.11.4 TLIM

Press [TLIM] and enter to this page.

This function can let machine makers or distributor to trace or give limit time to customers which have installments. Machine makers can lock or unlock this area to control.



- How the system judge the due day and the condition when the system due

 System will check the due date when the system power on, the checking way is as below:
 - 1. If system' date is more then the due date.
 - 2. Shipping date from factory + users' cumulative date (note) > the due date.

(Note) Because this system allows users to change the setting of date, therefore cumulative time is needed, the system will add hours and minutes to become dates.

Any of these two conditions above is effective, system will judge it as due, at this time, (CYCLE START) function will not be effective. If you press (CYCLE START) after due date, the system will show ALARM message as below:

[OP 1017 system has expired, please contact your machines makers.]

1.11.5 Net

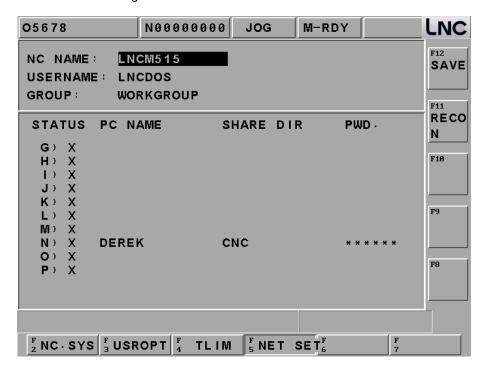
Press [NET SET] to enter this page, the page will show two ways for you, such as [NET] and [ReCON] • The operation method is as below:

Change to <PARAM>, press 【CHGUSR】 and change to machine maker level and input P651 and press INPUT, system will search P651and set this parameter to be as below(0 means NET method;1 means ReCON method), after setting, please reboot the system.

I. The connection of [NET] and the PC setting:

[SAVE]: Follow below line to complete and press save to save setting.

[RECONNECT]: After [SAVE], press EMG(emergency stop button) and pres [ReCONNECT], the system will reconnect again.



Definition as below:

Controller Name: This is the controller's name in the net, different controllers will have different names, and the name can not be the same with the PC's. Its default name will be LNCDOS, therefore if there are many controllers in the same Net area, you will need to modify this section.

User Name: This is the name for controller to log in PC, except the name of Window98, at the PC side, you need to add the same user name. If you use Guest to log in, usually the default name will be LNCDOS. Since one PC can let one user to log in several times, even if you have a lot of controllers in the same NET, you still don't have to change this column here.

Group Name : Controller can choose a group name to join in. This name will depend on the NET where user's controller is.

Disk Code: After connecting, the disk's code, if connection success, it will show ⊚, if fails it will show X.

PC Name: The PC name that controller is going to connect with.

Share File: The share files on the PC

Password: This is the password for controller to log into PC. Also means PC end LNCDOS user's password.

PC end NET Connetion Setting and Steps.

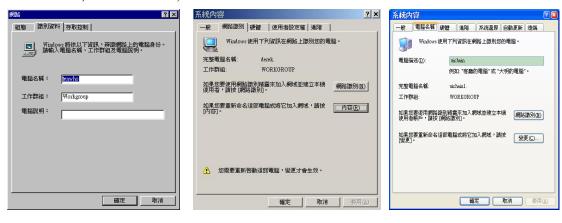
A.Confirm the network card, cables and software are ready to use; Make sure if Network setting has [NetBEUI Protocol] and [File and printer sharing for Microsoft Networks] service, if not, please install this protocol firstly.

Note: Nwlink NetBIOS, this protocol can't be drove, otherwise the connection will fail.



The second secon

B.Confirm [PC name] and [Work Group] is correct setting. (Controller side's PC name and work group name should be the same, and vice versa)



WINDOWS-98 WINDOWS-2000 WINDOWS-XP

C.To share PC end's file, and make sure the share name is the same with controller side.



WINDOWS-98

WINDOWS-2000

WINDOWS-XP

D. Add new PC end users, make sure if users are the same with controller side.

(Window98: If you have files to share, no need to add new users.)

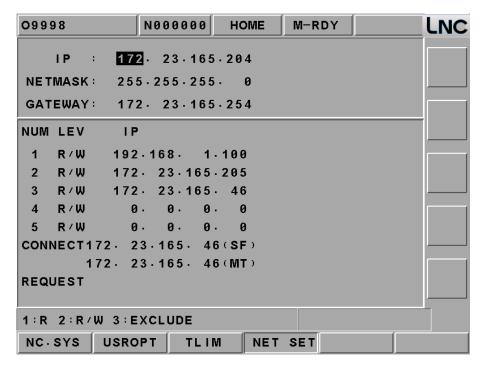




WINDOWS-2000

WINDOWS-XP

II. Use [ReCON] to connect and the setting of PC end:



Use $\uparrow\downarrow\leftarrow\rightarrow$ to move direction buttons to move to wanted line and input data into, press INPUT and you will see data was shown on the screen.

Details are as below:

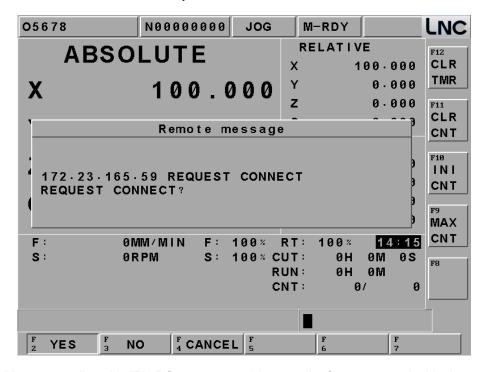
- **1. IP**: This address can not be repeated, otherwise the net will not be connected.
- 2. NET MASK: Please set this gnet mask the same with PC end.
- 3. GATEWAY: Please set this gateway the same with PC end.

After setting, shut down and reboot system, the NET setting is complete. You can wait for PC end to process **ReCON** software to connect.

Controller and ReCON Connection

a. Controller and ReCON software first connection

When PC end's ReCON software to connect with controller for the first time, controller will pop out below dialogue, it will show IP address and ask if you want to connect to controller.



Press [Y]: Means you allow this IP's PC to connect with controller from now on. At this time, connecting PC's IP will show on controller.

- Press [N]: Means you are not allowed this IP's PC to connect with controller, next time controller will not accept any request from this IP.
- Press [CANCEL]: Means you cancel this time's connection from PC end. Next time, when PC end wants to connect, it will show the same dialogue to ask your permission.

b. Change connecting PC's permissions.

This is the function for controller to define the permission of PC end. Move the cursor to this area and set value from $1\sim3$ and press INPUT, then you can change the permission. Setting value detail as below :

- 1: Set to be 1-only reading, connecting PC can only read, but can not write.
- 2: Set to be 2-reading and writing are all ok, connecting PC can read and write.
- 3 : Set to be 3-means rejection. This IP's PC is not able to connect with controller.

c. Cancel connecting PC's IP address

If you want to cancel the Ip address, you can move cursor to this are and press INPUT to make the data to be 0. Next time when you connect to PC, it will show a dialogue again to request you fill up the IP address.

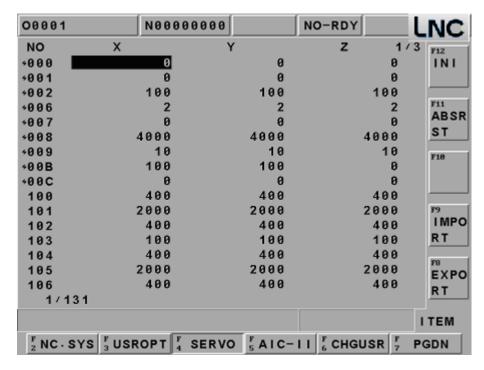
d. Check current connecting controller

you can check at [®] current connection [®] area to see if there is any PC connected to controller right now, if there is IP address onit, it means right now has connecting PC. But if not, it means there is no connection. As for **ReCON** connection detail, please refer to RECON relating setting chapters.

1.11.6 Servo parameter

Note: Identity need to be \(\text{Machine maker} \)

Digital controller is with the high speed communication servo system, you can use [servo parameter] to check and adjust all servo parameters on controller:



According to valid time, there are 2 types of parameter:

└ (valid after reboot machine power), we use red mark to put before parameter numbers.

Blank (valid immediatelly)

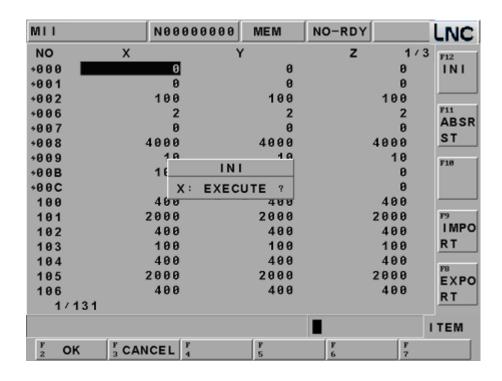
Because the servo parameter is the base of servo drive, you will need to be much more carefel on parameter adjusting and changing. You will need to read the servo manual first and then change this parameter.

Servo parameter input method:

Move line bar to the parameter that you want to change, input value directly and ok, but if there is a H number at the value, you will need to input value with H, otherwise this modification will fail.

• [Initial parameter]

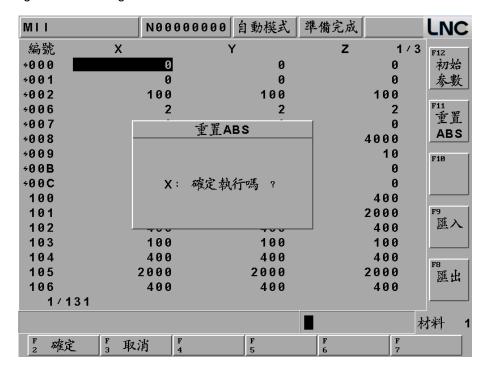
Under Not ready, move line bar to X axis, press initial parameter, it will return to default value. This setting method is the same to other parameter. After initiaing, you will need to reboot controller to see this new value.



• [Reset ABS]

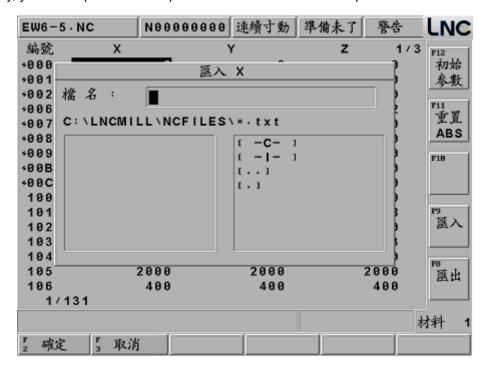
When servo axis is ABS, move line bar to X parameter and press reset ABS. After pressing ok, you can reset X axis.

Note: detail setting refer to M-II digital communication technical document.



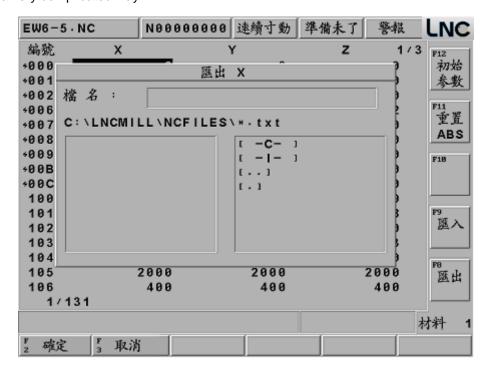
[Import]

Under Not-ready, you can import the servo parameter file into controller. Import file must be controller's .TXT file.



• [Export]

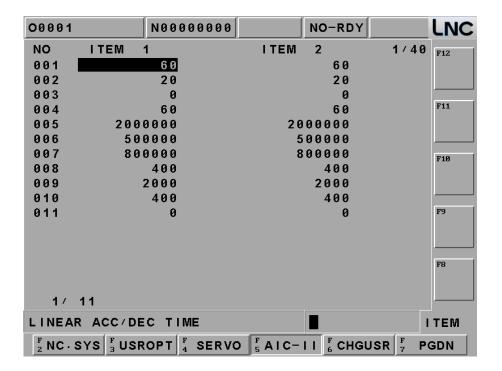
Under Not-ready, you can export the servo parameter file out of controller, you don't have to backup servo parameters in a very complicated way.



1.11.7 AIC-II

Note: Level must be \(^\text{machine maker}\) and P.1932=1, you can see this page.

With digital communication configuration, controller can offer 40 sets of smart cutting function. (Material 1~ Material 40). Via [AIC-II] this page, you can set up many different sets of combination to get the high speed/high precision functions for different material, settings as below:



Material definition:

001: Cutting linear ACC/DEC time ms

002 : Cutting bell shape ACC/DEC time ms

003: Cutting smooth ACC/DEC time ms

004: Cutting ACC/DEC time ms

005 : Circular clamp speed um/min

006 : Circular clamp min. speed um/min

007 : Corner reference speed um/min

008 : Speed loop gain (0.1Hz)

009 : Speed loop integral time constant (0.01m)

010 : Position loop gain (0.1/s)

011 : Feedforward(%)

Note: If you change the material column value, you will need to go back to (PROG) > program check > [select AIC] to resign again, this parameter will be valid.

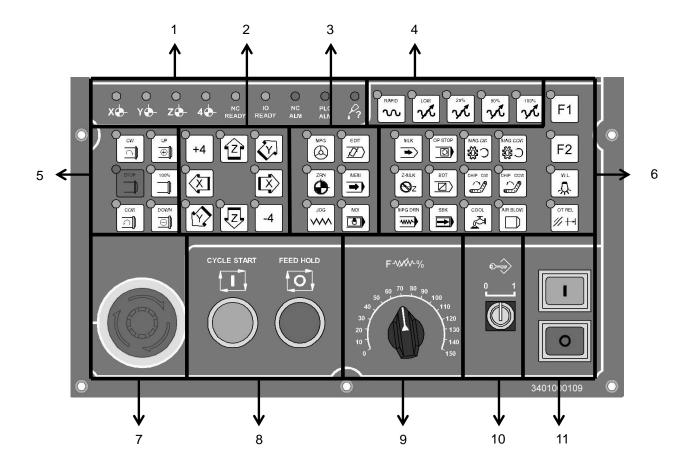
2 OP

Operation panel will base on machine makers' different demands to do various designs. Here only describing operation methods and functions for normal using buttons.

2.1 OP

There are 11 sections according to different functions:

- (1) LED SIGNAL
- (2) AXIS SELECTION
- (3) MODE SELECTION
- (4) RAPID MODE
- (5) SPINDLE&RATIO
- (6) AUXILIARY
- (7) EMERGENCY STOP
- (8) CYCLESTART & FEEDHOLD
- (9) FEEDRATE
- (10) PROGRAM LOCK
- (11) POWER ON/OFF



2.2 LED SIGNAL



1: X HOME

2: YHOME

3: Z HOME

4: 4th HOME

5: POWER ON, LED ON

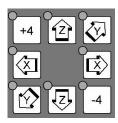
6: I/O MOTION CARD SELF HARDWARE TESTING, CONFIRM OK, LED ON

7: ALARM/WARNING ON, LED ON

8: PLC OT, LED ON

9: LUB LOW, LED ON

2.3 AXIS SELECTION



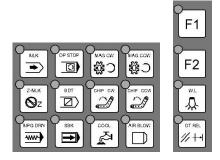
These buttons are used to command moving axis direction under JOG and ZRN modes.

For example, pressing +X key under JOG mode, it will move to +X direction, and release this key, it will stop moving. Other axis has the same functions.

Pressing +X under ZRN mode, X axis will go plus direction to return home. Other axis has the same functions.

2.4 Additional Function Selection

We offer several usual additional function buttons to help your operation much easier. Like OT release, or use PLC to define buttons for yourself, details are as below:



1. MLK

Control machine lock button, press this button to turn on, and press again to turn off. When the program is processing, controller will continue to execute program, but servo axis' moving command will not output, therefore servo axis will stay stop.

2. Z-MLK

Control Z Axis ingore button, press this button to turn on, and press again to turn off.

3. MPG DRN

Control MPG dry run button, press this button to turn on, and press again to turn off.

When system cycle start, MPG can control the operation and change the program coordinate to move with servo axis. When MPG runs faster, the program will be executed faster, but it will be faster then the program federate command. When MPG stops, the program will stop.

4. OP STOP

Control optional stop button, press this button to turn on, and press again to turn off.

When program was processed to M01, it will stop, but if users want to continue, users need to press CYCLE START to start again.

5. BDT

Control optional skip button, press this button to turn on, and press again to turn off. Those program's head with this mark "/", this line's program will be skip.

6. SBK

Control single block button, press this button to turn on, and press again to turn off. When single block button is ON, program will be processed by single block, and will not have continuous actions, every single blocks need you to press CYCLE START again and again to operate.

7. MAG CW

This is manual magazine CW button, under manual mode, (here means JOG \ RAPID \ MPG), press this button (CW LED ON), magazine will rotate CW, until you release this button, magazine will stay at next position. This button's situation will not maintain, in the other words, when you release this button, the function will stop. (Lights will be OFF)

8. MAG CCW

This is manual magazine CCW button, movement is the same with MAG CW.

9. CHIP CW

Control chip conveyor CCW button, press this button to turn on, until you release this button, the function will stop.

10. CHIP CCW

Control chip conveyor CCW button, press this button to make chip conveyor to rotate CCW, until you release this button, the function will stop. This button's situation will not maintain, in the other words, when you release this button, the function will stop. (Lights will be OFF)

11. COOL

Control coolant button, press this button to turn on, and press again to turn off.

12. AIR BLOW

Control air blow button, press this button to turn on, and press again to turn off.

13. F1 · F2

F1: This buttons are for machine makers to define.

F2: This buttons are for machine makers to define.

14. W.L

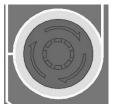
Control working lamp switch, press this button to turn on, and press again to turn off.

15. OT REL

OT REL is the short name of Over Travel Release. There is one limit switch at end of each traveling side of servo axis in order to prevent to damage servo structure by colluding. When servo structure reaches traveling limit, over traveling will occur, which implies emergency stop. When the screen has "EMERGENCY STOP OR OVER TRAVEL" and this light is ON, please check whether or not the servo structure is over traveling. If it is over traveling, change the mode to MPG or JOG mode first. Then pressing this light (let this light ON), so the controller will ignore this over traveling emergency situation temporarily. This implies that users can use hand wheel or axis-direction key to move servo axis back to the travel range. Releasing (OT REL) button at this time, in order to let the system to continue travel checking. If everything is working normally, which means "CNC Ready" will replace "CNC Not Ready", and then continue operating. If other warning messages occur, please press [RESET] button before returning back to normal. Please be careful about moving direction, and moving speed while moving the servo structure in order to prevent collusion.

Note: It is possible that over traveling situation occurs when "NOT Ready" condition occurs without any prediction. Please put the over traveling condition into the checking item when searching for reasons.

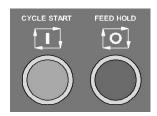
2.5 EMG-STOP



Using this butting under the condition of danger or emergency and all motions will stop. To cancel is to turn the button by following the arrow direction. When the button is jump up automatically, the emergency stop is released. When the button is pressed, the system is in "Not Ready" condition (condition column will occur "Not Ready"). In order to reach completed safety, the feed driver power in the power cabinet will be disconnected. Before releasing emergency stop, please ensure whether or not the broken source is excluded. Please executing home return procedure after the emergency stop is released in order to ensure the accuracy of the coordinate position.

Note: When you press EMG-STOP, you will need to do return ZRN every time while you release it. But absolute encoder is not included in.

2.6 CYCLE START&FEED HOLD



CYCLE START

After key-in a program, switching the operation mode to MEM or MDI mode and pressing "CYCLE START" button to executing programs. While the program is executed, this light will be ON. The timings of using "CYCLE START" button are the following:

a. Auto executing in MEM mode

When a program is selected in MEM mode, pressing "CYCLE START" button to execute the program. The light will remain ON during program executing time until the program execution is finished. Before executing program, the three axes must return home. If not returning back to home, users can switch the "Reference Need to OFF" on the Users Define screen. By doing this, program will be able to execute without returning back to home.

b. Manual executing in MDI mode

Users can key-in a block of program commanding such as G91 G01 X100. Z100 in MDI mode, then press "CYCLE START" button to execute this single block command. The intension of this executing mode is different than that of MEM mode, which is always used in testing some motion. The light will remain ON during executing time until the executing is finished

FEED HOLD

Press this button to stop program executing temperately. During the pause time, "FEED HOLD" light will be ON. M, S and T will remain in the current condition. Please press the "CYCLE START" button again in order to continue executing the unfinished program

2.7 Feedrate/Rapid Rate Adjusting Button



This is the feedrate/rapid rate adjusting button

FEEDRATE:

When making servo axis feeds by G01...F...command in MEM or MDI mode, the actual feedrate can be adjusted period by period, between 0% to 150%, by this button. For example, the assigned F100 means the feedrate is 100mm/min. But, if adjust this button to 50%, the actual feed rate is only 50mm/min. This button works for servo feedrate under JOG mode on multiple machines. When Dry Run mode is effective, this button will adjusts the feedrate too

2.8 PROGRAM PROTECTION LOCK

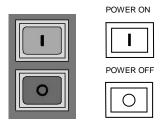


Users can use this program protection lock to lock program edit mode, after locking users can only start program processing via file management, but users can not modify this program.

0: PROGRAM PROTECTION OFF

1: PROGRAM PROTECTION ON

2.9 POWER ON/OFF



When users press power ON, it will turn on the CNC controller's power, on the contrary, when users press power OFF. System will wait for a while to release servo's electricity and shut down controller's power.

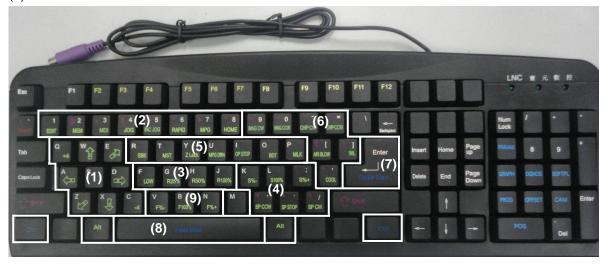
3 PC Keyboard

Operation panel will base on machine makers' different demands to do various designs. Here only describing operation methods and functions for normal using buttons. Buttons with green words need to use with ALT, Buttons with green words need to use with CTRL.

3.1 OP

There are 9 sections according to different functions:

- (1) AXIS SELECTION
- (2) MODE SELECTION
- (3) RAPID MODE
- (4) SPINDLE&RATIO
- (5) PROGRAM AUXILIARY
- (6) AUXILIARY
- (7) CYCLESTART
- (8) FEEDHOLD
- (9) FEEDRATE



3.2 AXIS SELECTION



These buttons are used to command moving axis direction under JOG and ZRN modes.

For example, pressing +X key under JOG mode, it will move to +X direction, and release this key, it will stop moving. Other axis has the same functions.

Pressing +X under ZRN mode, X axis will go plus direction to return home. Other axis has the same functions.

3.3 MODE SELECT



There are 7 modes on this operation panel, which are: (EDIT)(MEM)(MDI)(MPG)(ZRN)(JOG)(RAPID)

Note: RAPID will be introduce at next chapter.

- (1). (EDIT)
 - Users can edit new program or modify old one.
- (2). (MEM)
- Users can do auto program executing.
- (3). (MDI)Users can execute single block program, modify parameters and setting data.
- (4). (MPG)

Users can use MPG to control the feed of servo axis. All hand wheel control panels provide ratio selection switches, such as 1 ratio, 10 ratios, 100 ratio, and unit means the smallest commanding unit (0.001 mm or 0.0001 inch). Axis direction selection keys are used on control panel.



(5). **ZRN**

Operating home return of each axis. When changing to this mode, pressing home return direction button of each axis (the same button as JOG). This axis will start home return procedure according to the setting speed of the parameter until reaching DOG. Also, servo axis starts searching for the home position and it will stop when reaching home point. At this time, this axis +ive direction light will be ON. Also, when users switches to HOME, this light will be ON in order to remind users to define machine to complete HOME RETURN motion. Please do the Home Return procedure before doing other part program every time reboot the machine in order to ensure each coordinate's accuracy.

Meanwhile if customer use servo system with absolute encoder, when you return home you don't have to reach DOG, you can directly go back to home and complete this procedure.

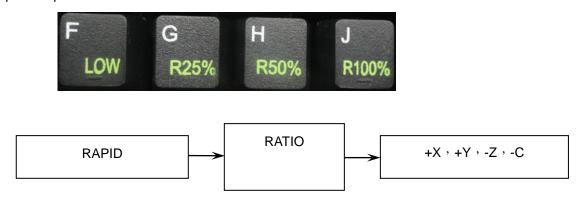
(6). **JOG**

Users can move axis by choosing moving direction, but the moving speed is decided by feed speed.



(7). **RAPID**

Under this mode, users can choose axis direction to move axis, moving speed will depend on Rapid % buttons. Under Rapid mode, there are 3 selections for you to choose, G00 when executing working program, RAPID mode and return ZRN's front section rate. Rapid % buttons has 4 type to select LOW $\sim 25\% \sim 50\% \sim 100\%$. This speed depends on Parameter 40 to control.



3.4 SPINDLE ROTATION& SPINDLE SPEED ADJUSTMENT SWITCH



Spindle Operation key

Under manual mode (here is JOG \ RAPID \ MPG), spindle rotation can be controlled by these 3 keys.

CW : Rotate in CW direction.

STOP : Stop rotating

CCW : Rotate in CCW direction.

Under Manual mode, the rotation speed command is $0\% \sim 120\%$ at CW or CCW. If users want to switch CW and CCW, they need to do STOP first.

Spindle speed turn key

When spindle is under MEM or manual mode, user can use M3(or M4) Sxx.....to turn on spindle. Rotation speed of spindle can be tuned by UP+ \cdot DOWN- and 0% \sim 120%.

For example, give command of M3 S1000, turn key is at 120%, exact rotation speed is 1200PRM. If at 10% 100PRM, press 100% key to return back to 1000PRM.

3.5 PROGRAM AUXILIARY

We offer several usual additional function buttons to help your operation much easier. Like OT release, or use PLC to define buttons for yourself, details are as below:



1. SBK

Control single block button, press this button to turn on, and press again to turn off. When single block button is ON, program will be processed by single block, and will not have continuous actions, every single blocks need you to press CYCLE START again and again to operate.

2. MST

MST, press this button to let MST ignore function ON, press again to release this function. Part program with " M " " S " " T " code will be ignored and will not be executed.

3. Z-MLK

Control Z Axis ingore button, press this button to turn on, and press again to turn off.

4. MPG DRN

Control MPG dry run button, press this button to turn on, and press again to turn off.

When system cycle start, MPG can control the operation and change the program coordinate to move with servo axis. When MPG runs faster, the program will be executed faster, but it will be faster then the program federate command. When MPG stops, the program will stop.

5. OP STOP

- 6. Control optional stop button, press this button to turn on, and press again to turn off.
- **7.** When program was processed to M01, it will stop, but if users want to continue, users need to press CYCLE START to start again.

8. BDT

Control optional skip button, press this button to turn on, and press again to turn off. Those program's head with this mark "/", this line's program will be skip

9. MLK

Control machine lock button, press this button to turn on, and press again to turn off. When the program is processing, controller will continue to execute program, but servo axis' moving command will not output, therefore servo axis will stay stop.

3.6 AUXILIARY



1. MAG CW

This is manual magazine CW button, under manual mode, (here means JOG \ RAPID \ MPG), press this button (CW LED ON), magazine will rotate CW, until you release this button, magazine will stay at next position. This button's situation will not maintain, in the other words, when you release this button, the function will stop. (Lights will be OFF).

2. MAG CCW

This is manual magazine CCW button, movement is the same with MAG CW.

3. CHIP CW

Control chip conveyor CCW button, press this button to turn on, until you release this button, the function will stop.

4. CHIP CCW

Control chip conveyor CCW button, press this button to make chip conveyor to rotate CCW, until you release this button, the function will stop. This button's situation will not maintain, in the other words, when you release this button, the function will stop. (Lights will be OFF).

5. COOL

Control coolant button, press this button to turn on, and press again to turn off.

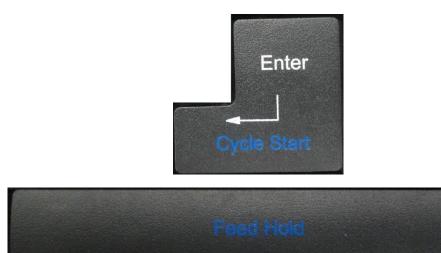
6. AIR BLOW

Control air blow button, press this button to turn on, and press again to turn off.

7. W.L

Control working lamp switch, press this button to turn on, and press again to turn off.

3.7 CYCLE START & FEED HOLD



CYCLE START

After key-in a program, switching the operation mode to MEM or MDI mode and pressing "CYCLE START" button to executing programs. While the program is executed, this light will be ON. The timings of using "CYCLE START" button are the following:

a. Auto executing in MEM mode

When a program is selected in MEM mode, pressing "CYCLE START" button to execute the program. The light will remain ON during program executing time until the program execution is finished. Before executing program, the three axes must return home. If not returning back to home, users can switch the "Reference Need to OFF" on the Users Define screen. By doing this, program will be able to execute without returning back to home.

b. Manual executing in MDI mode

Users can key-in a block of program commanding such as G91 G01 X100. Z100 in MDI mode, then press "CYCLE START" button to execute this single block command. The intension of this executing mode is different than that of MEM mode, which is always used in testing some motion. The light will remain ON during executing time until the executing is finished

FEED HOLD

Press this button to stop program executing temperately. During the pause time, "FEED HOLD" light will be ON. M, S and T will remain in the current condition. Please press the "CYCLE START" button again in order to continue executing the unfinished program

3.8 Feedrate



This is the feedrate/rapid rate adjusting button

FEEDRATE:

When making servo axis feeds by G01...F...command in MEM or MDI mode, the actual feedrate can be adjusted period by period, between 0% to 150%, by this button. For example, the assigned F100 means the feedrate is 100mm/min. But, if adjust this button to 50%, the actual feed rate is only 50mm/min. This button works for servo feedrate under JOG mode on multiple machines. When Dry Run mode is effective, this button will adjusts the feedrate too.

4 RS232 COMMUNICATION SOFTWARE

4.1 Transmission line preparation

Any type of communication will only be connected successfully when hardware and software of both controller and user's PC are under good condition. Hence, hardware function checking must be done before transmission.

Hardware

Confirm COM PORT : Confirm if BIOS is ON and can operate COM port (ENABLE COM PORT)

Confirm specification of Transmission line :

Usually PC side has two kinds of com ports-9 pin and 25 pin, LNC controller was fixed to use 9 pin types, so you will have two ways to follow.

1

NC(DB9PIN Jack)	PC end(DB9PIN Jack)		
pin2(RD)	pin3(TD)		
pin3(TD)	pin2(RD)		
pin5(SG) pin5(SG)			

2

NC(DB9PIN Jack)	PC end(DB25PIN Jack)		
pin2(RD) pin3(TD)			
pin3(TD)	pin2(RD)		
pin5(SG)	pin7(SG)		

4.2 PC end installation (use LNC ReCON 232 software)

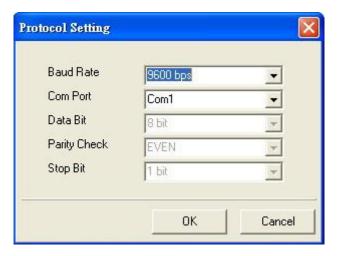
- 5. Clicks CD> Software\ ReCON-232 V1.25.0010, or double click setup.exe icon, the driver will start to install automatically.
- 6. According to Wizard's direction to follow next step or click the items to continue.
- 7. After installation, the desktop will have an icon of ReCON 232, also at the start> program file.

PC end

- 8. After installation, click ReCON 232 Icon at the desktop, or press the button at start/ program file.
- 9. Press Start, below window will show on the screen.



10. Press Setup, below window will show on the screen.



11. Users can move the mouse cursor to the right side's table list to select transmission mode. The setting here needs to be the same with PARAM setting at the machine, otherwise, the transmission may fail.

After communication setting, press OK, at this time, Start button will pop out. Press Start to complete PC end's preparation.



- 12. If you want to re-set system, you can press stop to end up transmission and press start again.
- 13. Press EXIT to leave software.

4.3 NC end

[Setting]

Please edit the setting of RS232 to be 1812~1817, the setting of RS232 between two sides need to be the same and correct, otherwise transmission or DNC may fail.

No.	Name	Suggest	
		settings	Remark
		(use COM1)	
P1806	COM1 address(0:Disable 744~1016)	1016	
P1807	COM2 address(0:Disable 744~1016)	760	
P1808	COM1 stop code(3~7)	4	
P1809	COM2 stop code(3~7)	3	
P1810	COM1 functions (0 none 1file 2 absolute 3 axis)	1	Use COM1
P1811	COM2 functions (0 none 1file 2 absolute 3	0	Can't be the same
	axis)		with P1810
P1812	Transmission speed (bps)(0~4)	2	Set RS-232
			transmission speed
			(bps)
			0:2400
			1:4800
			2:9600
			3:19200
			4:38400
P1813	Transmission file bit(0:7 1:8 bit)	1	
P1814	Transmission stop bit (0:1 1:2)	0	
P1815	Transmission parity bit (0:N 1:E 2:O)	1	
P1816	Transmission mode (0: terminating machine	0	
	1:host)		
P1817	Transmission code (0ASCII 1EIA 2ISO)	0	

Communication connection (RS232) - [DNC direct transmission functions]

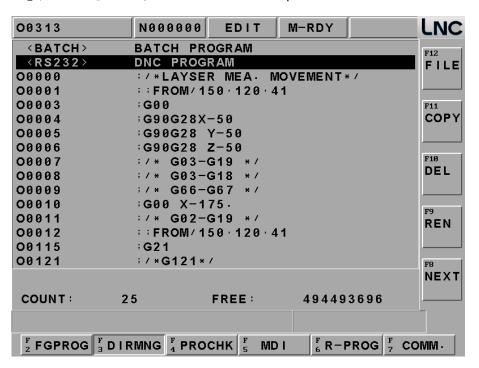
DNC function is a very useful tool for CAD/CAM system users, especially when the controller is professional one. (Not PC BASED one) Because their memories are usually very small, CAD/CAM program may not be able to upload at one time. Thus, processing while sending function plays a very important role. Also, because this special reason, it can't be compiled by controller called by program or jumped directions.

In our whole series of controllers, we equip with high amount of storage devices. We can transfer files into controller firstly and continue to processing later. (This is called inner DNC functions) It can show better performance.

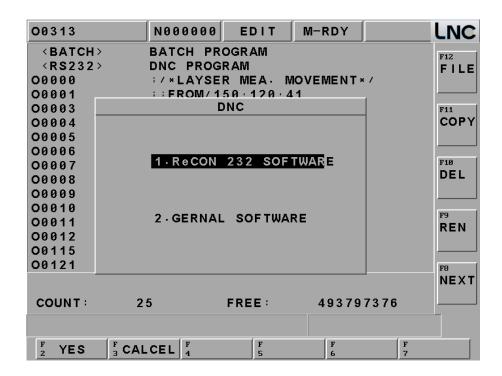
However, DNC's old processing while sending function was still remained (this is called external DNC functions); it is also a very useful tool.

Steps are as below:

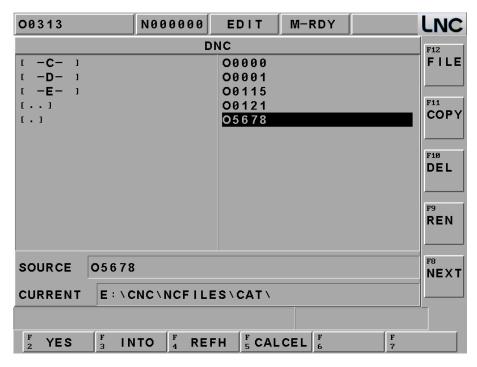
- 1.Edit RS232 setting at controller and PC end, and make sure they are coordinate.
- 2.Use PROG group, change to EDIT mode.
- 3.Go to [DIRMNG], select 《RS232》 DNC PROGRAM and press OK.



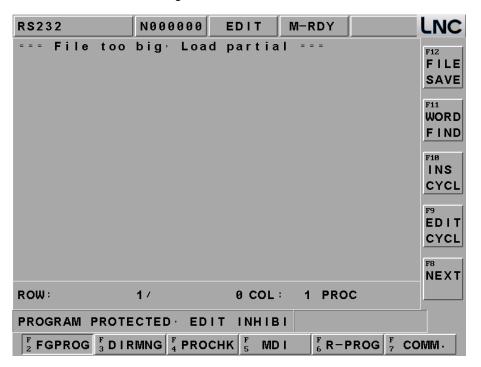
4. Select 1. LNC ReCON 232 software to upload.



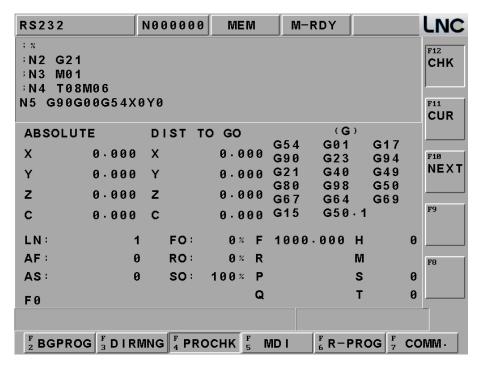
5.Go to PC end disk and select DNC file, press [YES]



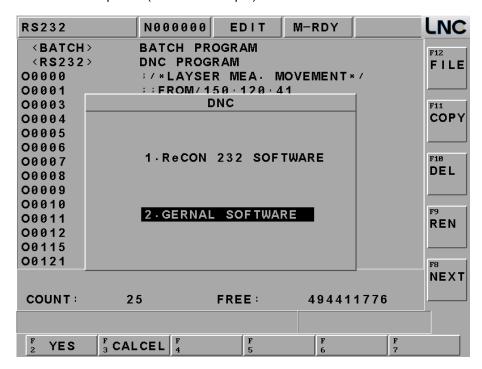
6. Now the file will turn to be RS232 and change mode to MEM.



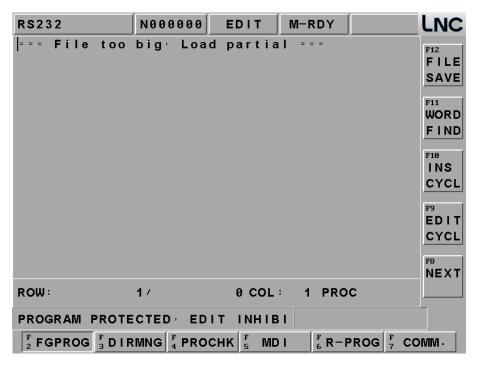
7.Press [CYCLE START], start to do DNC.



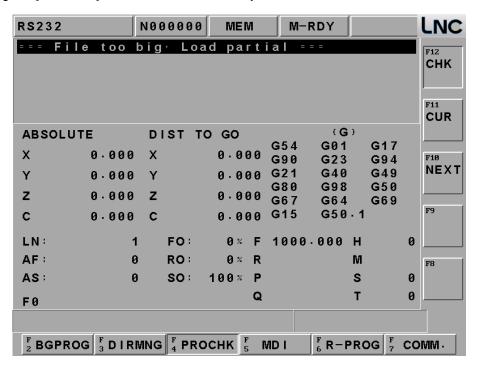
8. Select 2. General software to upload. (Use SM8 sample)



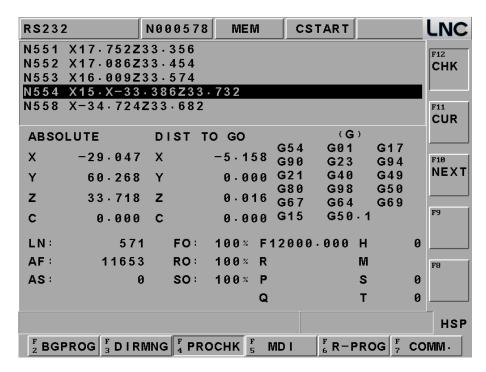
9. Now the file will turn to be RS232 and change mode to MEM.



10. Screen change to [PROCHK] and NC end is at stand by mode, wait for PC end to transfer files.

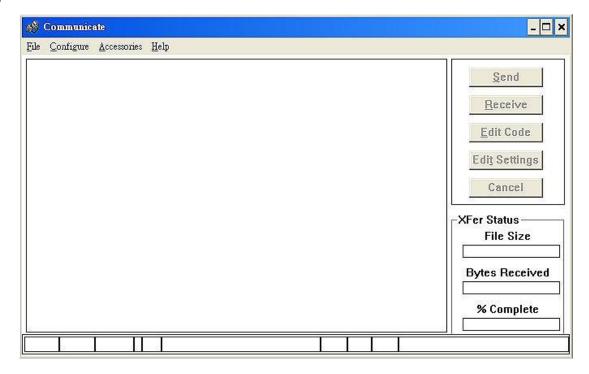


11.Before press Send button at PC end, please make sure NC end is at stand by>Cycle-Start mode. In other words, receiver must be prepared, so the sender can send out files, or after sending, press Cycle-Start to do DNC.



Communication connection (RS232) - [general software]

At below content, about the software of PC end, we will take SMART CAM's Communication V8.02 as an example.



Note:

- 1. Please make sure communication setting should be the same with NC end. (Like above picture) The port setting will depend on exact connection.
- 2. Communication software on PC end could be "share ware—comEDITcnc" which was provided by SoftServo Software or others, as long as this software could provide RS232 functions.

PC end operation steps:

Make sure PC end COM1 is free and communication setting is the same with NC end.

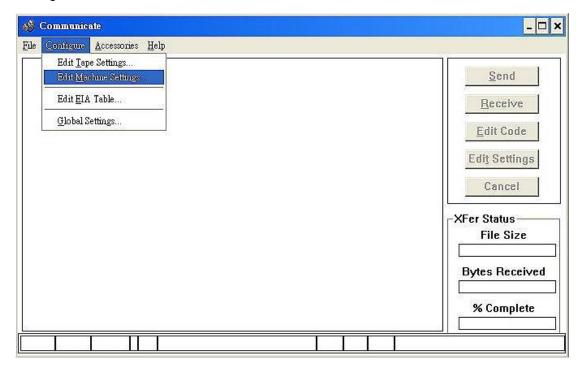
Select the file you want to transfer.

Press Send button, NC end will start to receive.

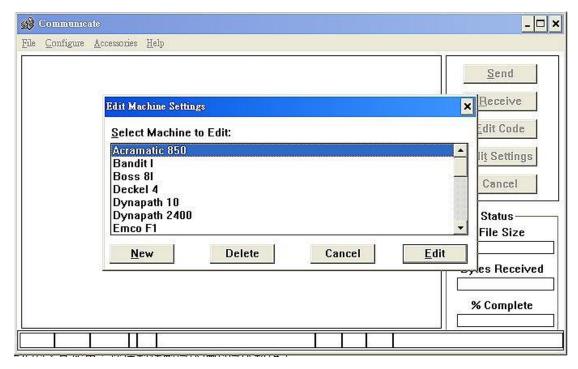
(For safety, we recommend that you make single block enable and minimize override at NC end)

When "Transfer is complete" shows on PC end, it means the transmission is complete.

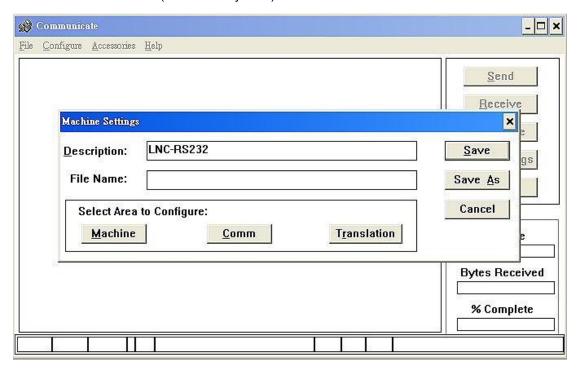
Below is the window of PC end's communication setting page.Go to [Configure]> [Edit Machine Settings] choose a correct setting to connect with LNC.



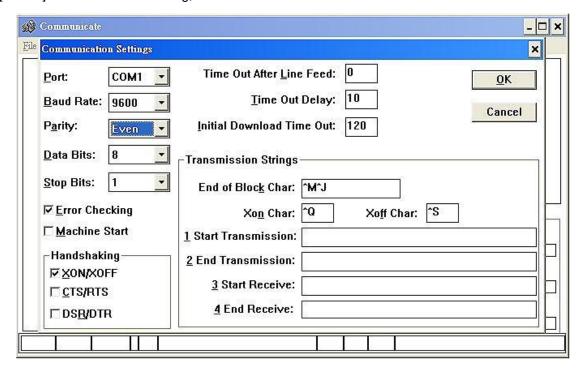
Press [NEW]



Description could be LNC-RS232 (or defined by user)



Go to [Comm]>Communication setting, other tables can be the same.



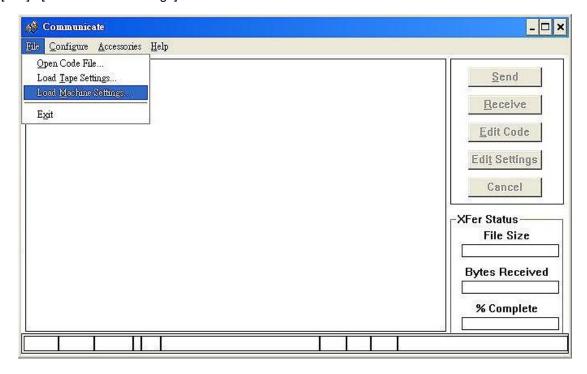
Please click XON/XOFF at HandShaking line; this is a transmission control method which conducts bits by software. If receiver wants to stop transmission from sender, receiver will send a Xon Char (ASCII No.19 bit: ^Q) to sender and stop. But if receiver wants to recover transmission, he will send a Xoff Char(ASCII No. 17 bit: ^S) to sender. This is the way to control sender.

Press [Save], save the file at SM8>C:\SM8 and name it as LNCRS232.

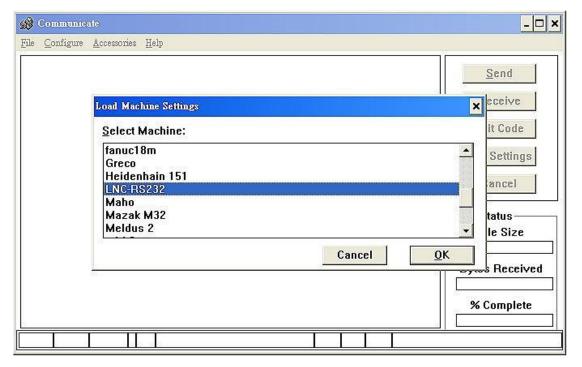
You only need to edit machine setting at the first time, after that all you need to do is to select the same setting.



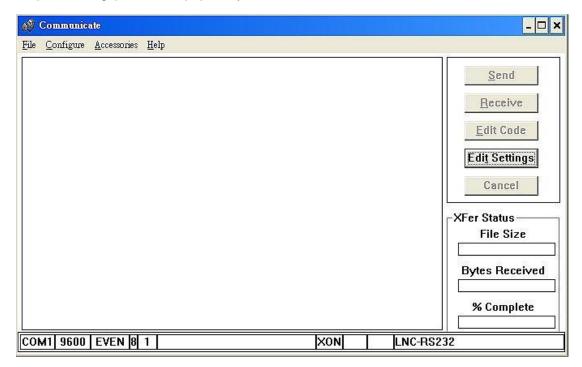
Go to [File]> [Edit Machine Settings]



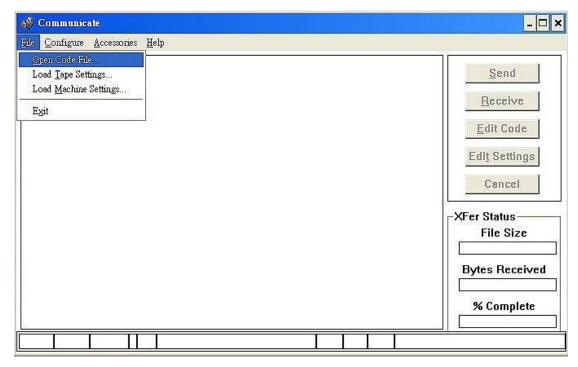
Select the setting of [LNC-RS232] that you just made.



At this time, [Edit Settings] button will pop out, you will see COM1, 9600, EVEN, 8, 1 at down side.



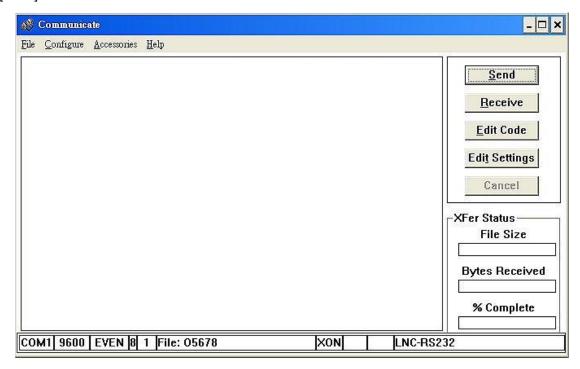
Press file and go to [Edit]> [Open Code File]



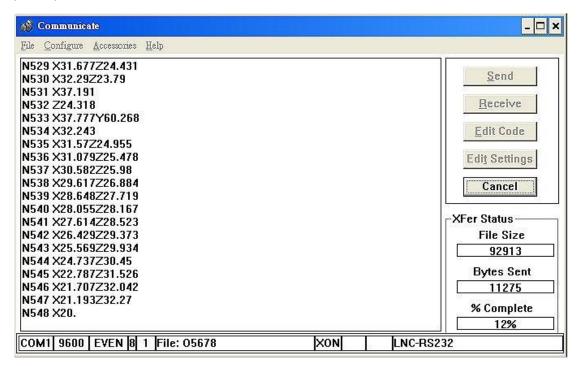
Select the file that you want to do DNC transfer and press OK.



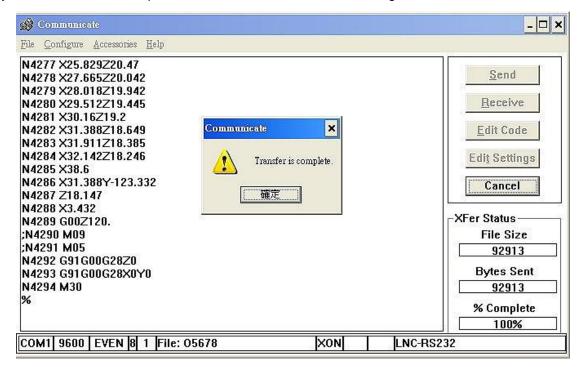
Press [Send]



Start to upload, press [CYCLE START] and start to do DNC.



When you see "Transfer is complete" at PC end, it means the transferring is ok.



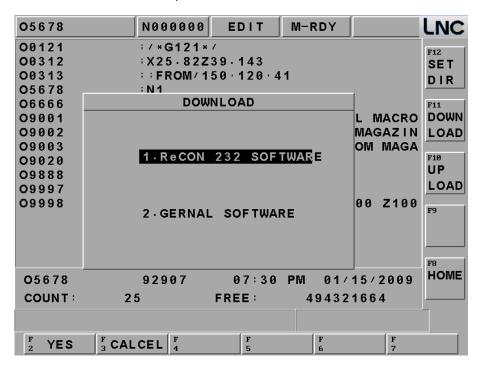
4.4 Communication (RS232) - [DNC file upload and download functions]

4.4.1 Path Program Upload & save (using ReCON software)

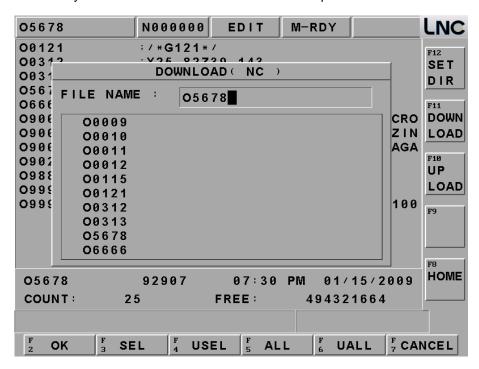
This is a device that could make you transfer the file from PC end to NC end and also save the file at NC end(H.DD/Disk ON Chip/Disk ON Modular), Details as below:

Operation for NC&PC end

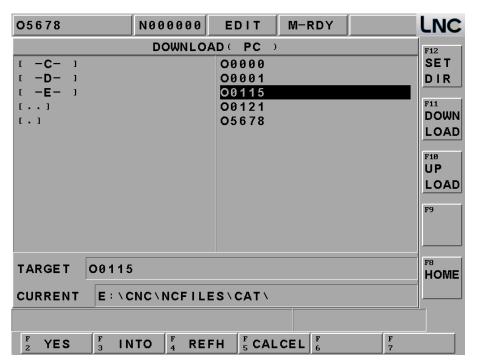
- 14. Edit RS232 setting at controller and PC end, and make sure they are coordinate.
- 15. Use PROG group, change to EDIT mode.
- 16. Go to 【DIRMNG】 and choose the file that you want to transfer to PC end and press [DOWN LOAD] Select 1. LNC ReCON 232 software to upload.



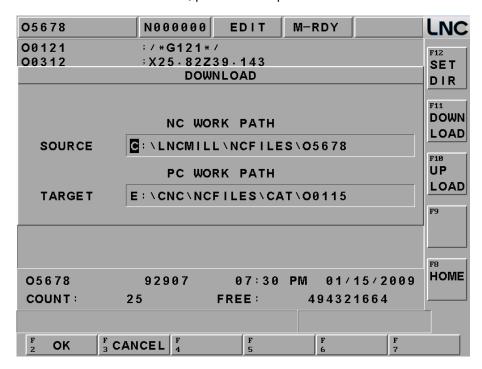
17. Choose the file O5678 you want to download from controller and press OK



18. Set PC end's file path and upload file name. (You could choose new name or save at old file.



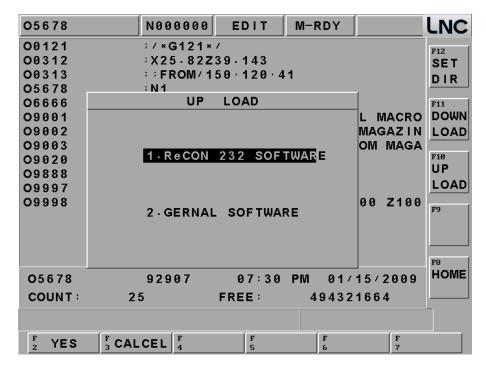
19. Check if file name is ok at NC and PC end, press OK to upload.



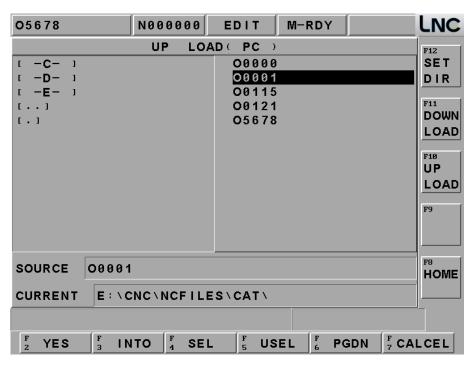
4.4.2 Path Program Upload & save (using ReCON software)

Operation Steps for NC&PC end

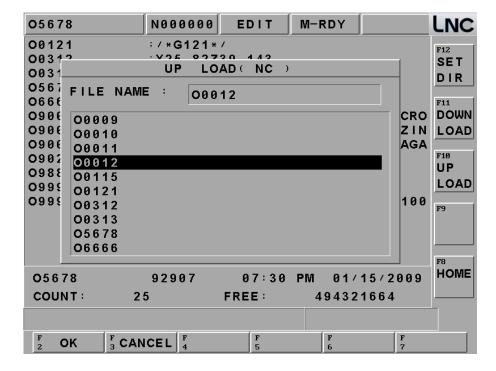
- 20. Edit RS232 setting at controller and PC end, and make sure they are coordinate.
- 21. Use PROG group, change to EDIT mode.
- 22. Go to [DIRMNG] and choose the file that you want to transfer to PC end and press [UP LOAD]. Select 1. LNC ReCON 232 software to upload.



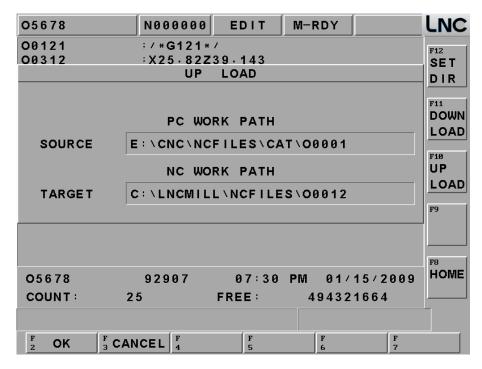
23. Select save path and upload name at PC end.



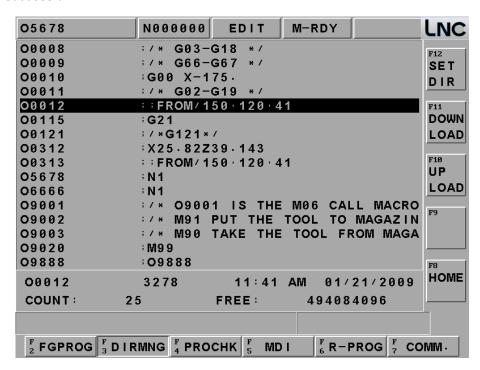
24. At NC end, you could input new name or save at the same file.



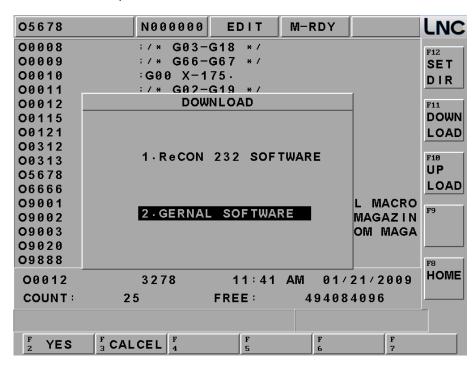
25. Confirm and press [OK]



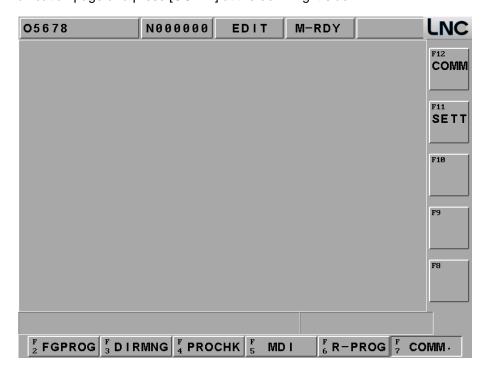
26. Upload file successful.



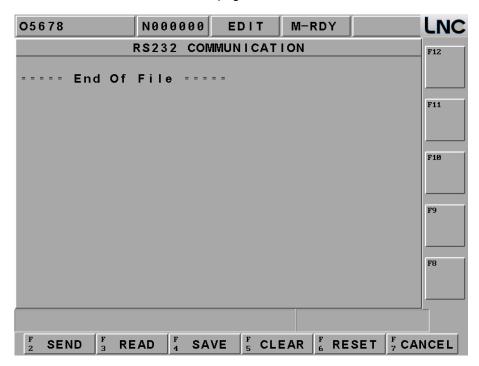
- 4.4.3 Path Program Upload & save (using general software)
- 27. Edit RS232 setting at controller and PC end, and make sure they are coordinate.
- 28. Use PROG group, change to EDIT mode.
- 29. Go to [DIRMNG] and choose the file that you want to transfer to PC end and press [DOWN LOAD]. Select 1. General software to upload.



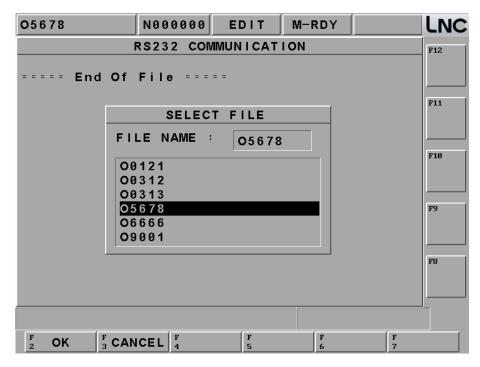
30. Go to Communication page and press [COMM] at the down right side.



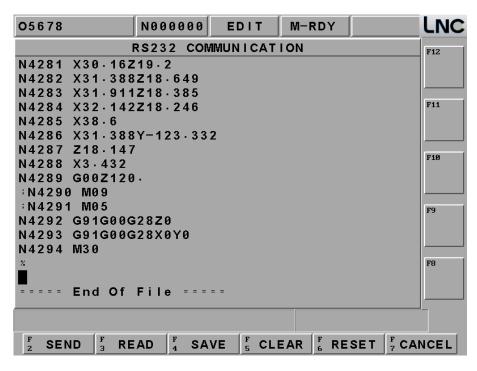
31. Go to RS232 COMMUNICATION file download page.



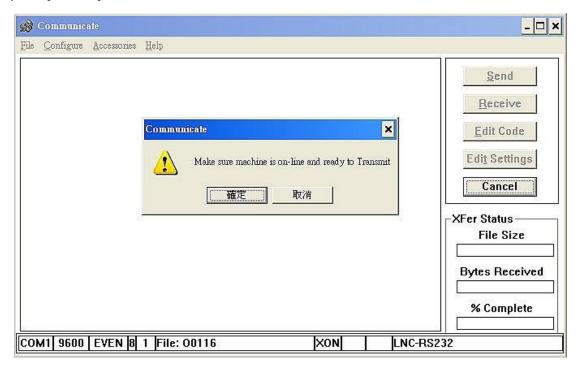
32. Press [SEND], start to transfer files from NC end to PC end, select name and press [OK]



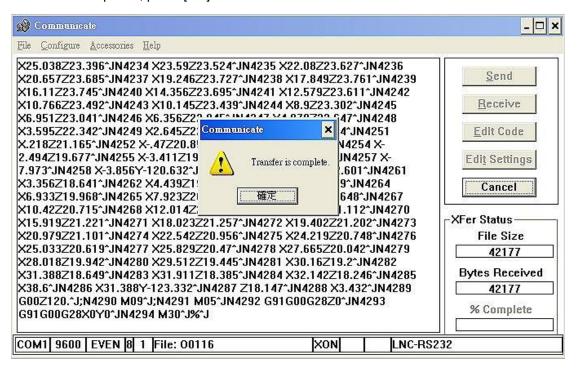
33. NC end's file will start to transfer to PC end.



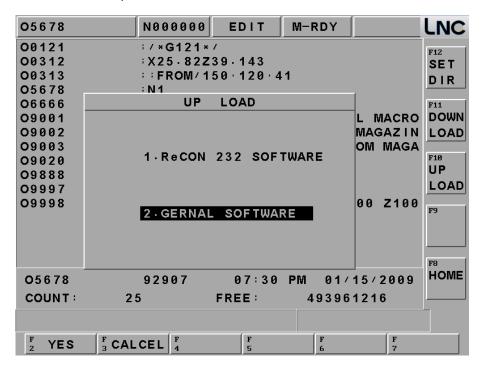
34. After communicate setting at PC end, open a blank file for transferring, press [Receive], confirm to deliver file, press [Confirm].



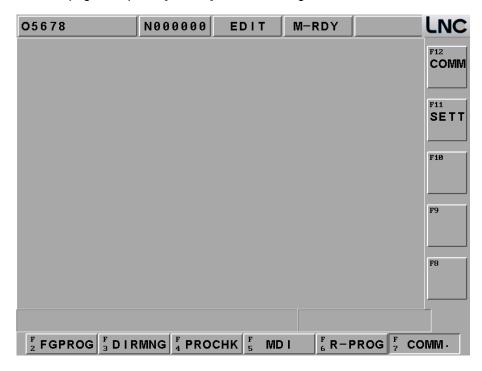
35. After transfer is completed, press [OK]



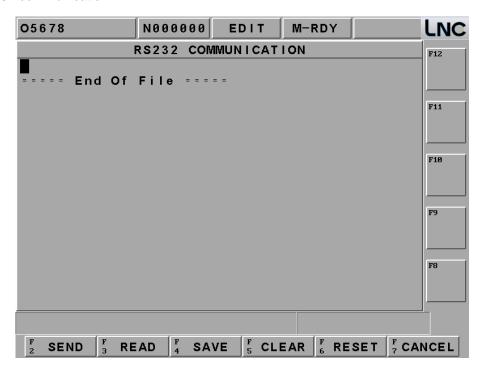
- 4.4.4 Path Program Upload & save (using general software)
 - 36. Edit RS232 setting at controller and PC end, and make sure they are coordinate.
- 37. Use PROG group, change to EDIT mode.
- 38. Go to 【DIRMNG】 and choose the file that you want to transfer to PC end and press [UP LOAD]. Select 1. General software to upload.



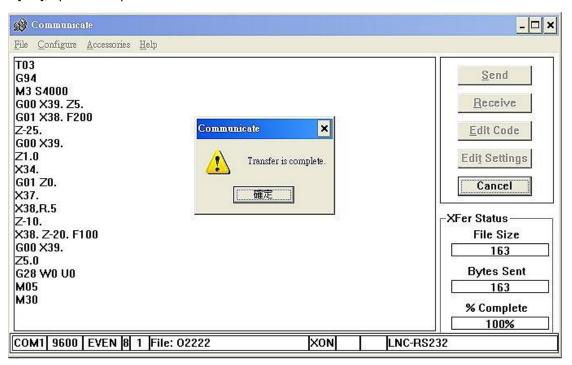
39. Go to communication page and press [COMM] at the down right side.



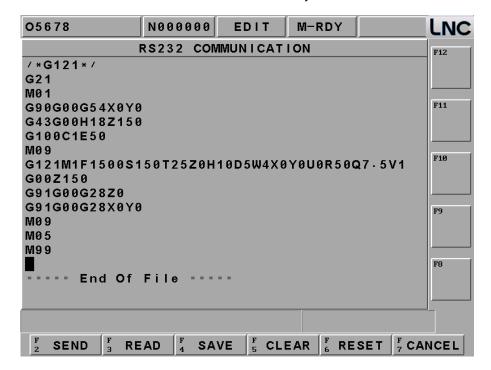
40. Go to RS232 communication.



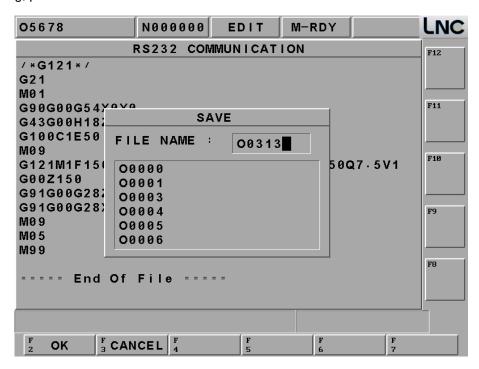
41. After communicate setting at PC end, open an old file for transferring, press [Send], confirm to upload file, press [OK], upload complete.



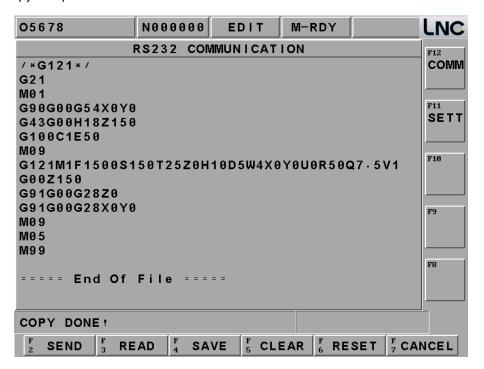
42. PC end will start to receive the files from NC end automatically.



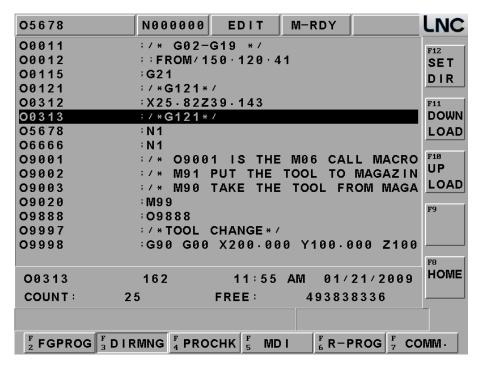
43. After receiving, press SAVE with a new name or SAVE at the same file.



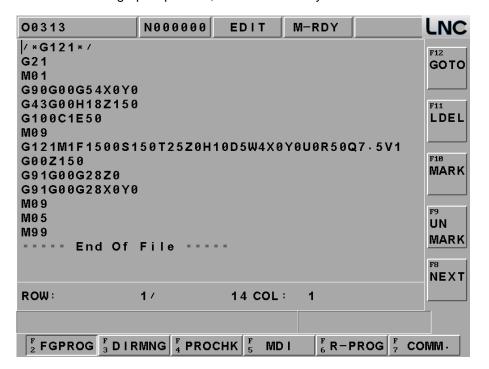
44. Press OK, Copy complete.



45. Go to [DIRMNG], you could see O0312 has saved at [DIRMNG]



46. At last, check file amount and graphic preview; see if there is any mistake.

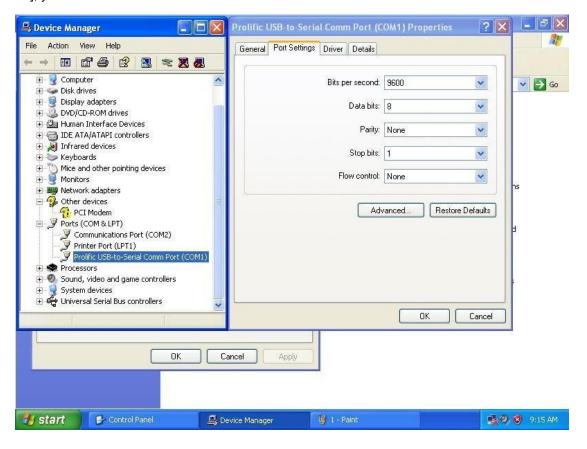


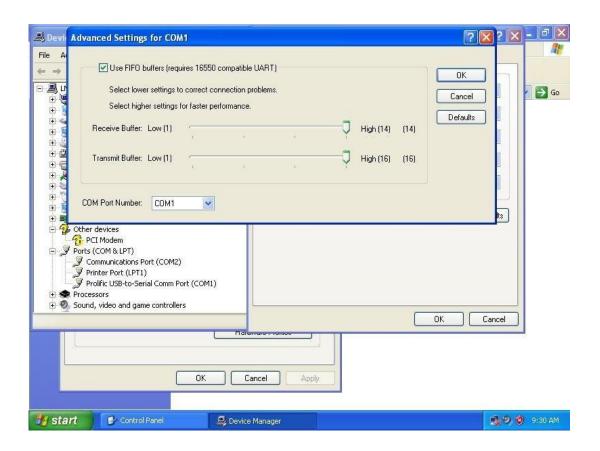
4.5 Setting & Attention for USB to RS232 port

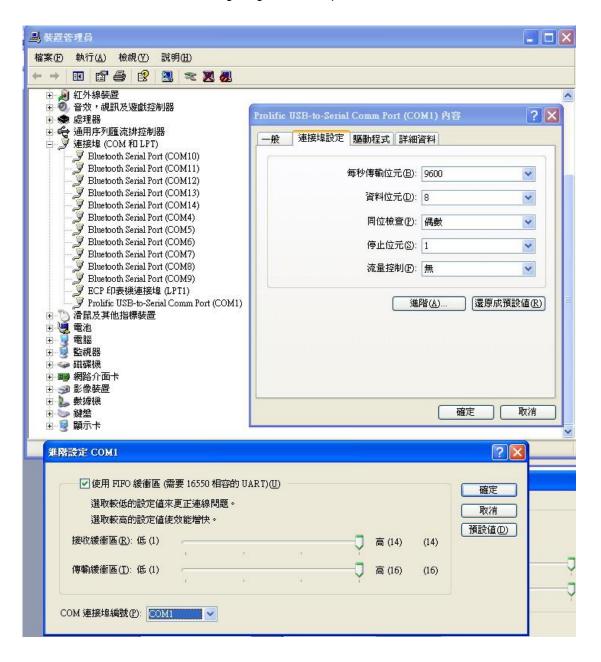
If you are NOTE BOOK user, you may not find COM1 pin all the time, at this time, you could use USB to transfer to RS232. Besides installing drivers of USB to RS232, you may still need to pay attention to below details:

If this is not COM1 with using [USB to RS232], please open device manager> further setting and change the setting to be COM1 and make sure other setting is the same with NC end.

[Device Manager] > [Start] > [Control Panel] > [System] > [Hardware] > [Device Manager] > [Ports] or [COM&LPT], you can find detail as below.







5 Alarm & Warning

When the system alarm message (ALARM) occurs, operation will stop. User must check the whole machine according to the alarm message. If able to solve problems, then only need to click RESET again to clear the condition. (However, if need to change parameter, then must exit the system software and then re-enter for the system to work.)

Three types of alarm message which are MOT (MOTION) ALARM, OP

(OPERATION) ALARM or INT (INTERPREATATION) ALARM. Definitions of the above alarm message are as following:

5.1 OP OPERATION ALARM

OP 1001: X SERVO ALARM

OP 1002 : Y SERVO ALARM
OP 1003 : Z SERVO ALARM
OP 1004 : 4^{TH} SERVO ALARM

- (1) Alarm message from SERVO driver.
- (2) Please check ERROR message from the SERVO driver to know the cause.
- (3) Please re-booting.

OP 1013: SWITCH TO CONTROL/MONITOR WHILE X MOVING

- (1) Trigger C bit 130 while X moving.
- (2) Press RESET to clear move command and C 130

OP 1014: SWITCH TO CONTROL/MONITOR WHILE Y MOVING

- (1) Trigger C bit 131 while Y moving.
- (2) Press RESET to clear move command and C 131

OP 1015: SWITCH TO CONTROL/MONITOR WHILE Z MOVING

- (1) Trigger C bit 132 while Z moving
- (2) Press RESET to clear move command and C 132

OP 1016: SWITCH TO CONTROL/MONITOR WHILE 4 MOVING

- (1) Trigger C bit 133 while 4 moving
- (2) Press RESET to clear move command and C 133

OP 1017: LNC SYSTEM EXPIRED

(1) Please contact with distributor or machine makers.

OP 1018: DESIRED MACRO VARIABLES NOT EXIST.

(1) Check Macro variables.

OP 1019: DESIRED MACRO VARIABLES OVER RANGE

(1) Check Macro variable value.

OP 1020: OVER MLC TRAVEL LIMIT

(1) Check each axis hardware travel limit.

OP 1021: GEAR SIGNAL ERROR

Check if gear is correct.

OP 1024: SWITCH TO CONTROL/MONITOR WHILE 5 MOVING

- (1) Trigger C bit 168 while 5 moving
- (2) Press RESET to clear move command and C 168

OP 1025: SWITCH TO CONTROL/MONITOR WHILE 6 MOVING

- (1) Trigger C bit 169 while 6 moving
- (2) Press RESET to clear move command and C 169

OP 1027: HSP LONG, NEED TO CONTACT WITH SYSTEM PROVIDER.

Please contact with distributor or machine makers

- OP 1029: X AXIS OVER MLC TRAVEL LIMIT (+)
- OP 1030: X AXIS OVER MLC TRAVEL LIMIT (-)
- OP 1031: Y AXIS OVER MLC TRAVEL LIMIT (+)
- OP 1032: Y AXIS OVER MLC TRAVEL LIMIT (-)
- OP 1033: Z AXIS OVER MLC TRAVEL LIMIT (+)
- OP 1034: Z AXIS OVER MLC TRAVEL LIMIT (-)
- OP 1035: 4TH AXIS OVER MLC TRAVEL LIMIT (+)
- OP 1036: 4TH AXIS OVER MLC TRAVEL LIMIT (-)
- OP 1037: 5TH AXIS OVER MLC TRAVEL LIMIT (+)
- OP 1038: 5TH AXIS OVER MLC TRAVEL LIMIT (-)
- OP 1039: 6TH AXIS OVER MLC TRAVEL LIMIT (+)
- OP 1040: 6TH AXIS OVER MLC TRAVEL LIMIT (-)

OP1029~OP1040:

- (1) Press rest to reboot system
- (2) Move to the opposite side out of limit manually

OP 1100:5 SERVO AXIS ERROR

- (1) 5 servo drive send out ALARM
- (2) Check servo drive ERROR message to know the reason.
- (3) Reboot.

OP 1101: 6 SERVO AXIS ERROR

- (1) 6 servo drive send out ALARM
- (2) Check servo drive ERROR message to know the reason
- (3) Reboot

5.2 OP

- OP 6001: X AXIS OVER MLC TRAVEL LIMIT (+)
- OP 6002: X AXIS OVER MLC TRAVEL LIMIT (-)
- OP 6003: Y AXIS OVER MLC TRAVEL LIMIT (+)
- OP 6004: Y AXIS OVER MLC TRAVEL LIMIT (-)
- OP 6005: Z AXIS OVER MLC TRAVEL LIMIT (+)
- OP 6006: Z AXIS OVER MLC TRAVEL LIMIT (-)
- OP 6007: 4TH AXIS OVER MLC TRAVEL LIMIT (+)
- OP 6008: 4TH AXIS OVER MLC TRAVEL LIMIT (-)
- OP 6009: 5TH AXIS OVER MLC TRAVEL LIMIT (+)
- OP 6010: 5TH AXIS OVER MLC TRAVEL LIMIT (-)
- OP 6011: 6TH AXIS OVER MLC TRAVEL LIMIT (+)
- OP 6012: 6TH AXIS OVER MLC TRAVEL LIMIT (-)

OP6001~OP6012:Check each axis hardware travel limit.

5.3 INT

INT 3001: NO SUCH TOKEN

- (1) Part program enter data has invalid symbols or characters.
- (2) Modify program error.
- (3) Press RESET to clear the wrong warning message.

INT 3002 : GRAMMAR ERROR

- (1) Part program enter data has invalid symbols or characters.
- (2) Modify program error.
- (3) Press RESET to clear the wrong warning message.

INT 3003: OUT OF NODE MEMORY

- (1) MACRO grammar has too complicate showing program such as too many brackets.
- (2) Simplify complexity degree or make it to be 2 blocks.
- (3) Press RESET to clear the wrong warning message.

INT 3004: EXECUTE NODE ERROR

- (1) System executes mathematics calculation that is not allow to execute
- (2) Press RESET to clear the wrong warning message.

INT 3005: FUNCTION ERROR

- (1) System executes invalid function that is not allow to execute. (Won't happen under normal system condition.)
- (2) System error, please contact the supplier.

INT 3006: DIVIDED BY 0

- (1) MACRO is divided by 0.
- (2) Modify numerator of the division. Must NOT be 0.
- (3) Press RESET to clear the wrong warning message.

INT 3007: VARIABLE OVER RANGE

- (1) One/some of local variables, common variables and global variables are out of range.
- (2) Modify variable numbers that are out of their number range.
- (3) Press RESET to clear the wrong warning message.

INT 3008: MACRO DOMAIN ERROR

- (1) MACRO function domain error. If square (SQRT) argument is negative or ATAN arguments are two zeros.
- (2) Modify domain.
- (3) Press RESET to clear the wrong warning message.

INT 3010: NOT ALLOWABLE DECIMAL POINT

- (1) NC address has not allowable decimal point.
- Modify decimal point in NC address.

INT 3011: WORD DATA OVER RANGE

- (1) NC address word data is out of range.
- (2) Modify word data in NC address.
- (3) Press RESET to clear wrong warning message.

INT 3012: MACRO ILLEGAL MACRO PARAMATER INPUT (G \ L \ N \ O \ P)

- (1) Illegal arguments (G, L, N, O, P) in MACRO program.
- (2) Correcting these illegal arguments.
- (3) Press RESET to clear wrong warning message.

INT 3013: PART PROGRAM HAS GRAMMER ERROR.

- (1) Input data has grammar error.
- (2) Part program error.
- (3) Press RESET to clear wrong warning message.

INT 3050: TOOL DIAMETER IS 0

(1) Modify tool diameter setting.

INT 3051: ILLEGAL RPM GIVEN

- (1) Part program command has rotation speed command over maximum setting.
- (2) Modify error in part program.

INT 3052: ILLEGAL FEEDRATE GIVEN

- (1) Part program command has feed rate command over maximum setting.
- (2) Modify error in part program.

INT 3053: (D) EACH CUT DOWN DEPTH IS 0

- (1) When using G101~G133, check if setting cutting depth, if setting is equal to 0 or smaller than 0, Alarm.
- (2) Check program, if has this situation.
- (3) Revise program to prevent cutting depth is equal to 0 or smaller than 0.

INT 3054: (H) **TOTAL DEPTH IS 0**

- (1) When using G101~G133, check if setting total cutting depth, if setting is equal to 0 or smaller than 0, Alarm
- (2) Check program, if has this situation •
- (3) Revise program to prevent total cutting depth is equal to 0 or smaller than 0.

INT 3055: ESCAPE LOWER START POINT.Z

- (1) G100 can set up return amount, when using G101~G133, check if the setting of cycle return R point is higher then setting, Alarm.
- (2) Check program, if has this situation.
- (3) Revise program to make cycle return R lower than return amount.

INT 3056: (W) EACH CUT WIDTH IS 0

- (1) When using G101~G133, check if setting cutting width, if setting is equal to 0 or smaller than 0, Alarm
- (2) Check program, if has this situation.
- (3) Revise program to prevent cutting width is equal to 0 or smaller than 0.

INT 3060: HOLES TOO DENSITY

- (1) When using G101~G133, check if hole distance too small, Alarm.
- (2) Check program, if has this situation.
- (3) Revise program toprevent too small hole.

INT 3061: HOLES COUNT MUST>=2

- (1) When using G101~G133, check if hole numbers are small or equal to 1, Alarm.
- (2) Check program, if has this situation.
- (3) Revise program to prevent hole numbers are small or equal to 1.

INT 3062 : R MUST > Z

- (1) When using G101~G133, check if this Z axis hold bottom coordinate setting is higher than cycle return R point, Alarm.
- (2) Check program, if has this situation.
- (3) Revise program, make this Z axis hold bottom coordinate lower then cycle return R.

INT 3070: WRONG DATA: R=0

- (1) When using G101~G133, the R radius value=0, Alarm.
- (2) Check program, if has this situation.
- (3) Revise program, make R radius is not 0.

INT 3071: WRONG DATA: 2R<=PHI

- (1) When using G101~G133, check if 2 times of R radius is smaller than tool diameter, Alarm.
- (2) Check program, if has this situation.
- (3) Revise program, make R radius to be reasonable value.

INT 3072: WRONG DATA: V>PHI

- (1) When using G101~G133, check if finish amount is over tool diameter, Alarm.
- (2) Check program, if has this situation.
- (3) Revise program, make finish amount to be reasonable value.

INT 3073: WRONG DATA: Q=0

- (1) When using G101~G133, check if setting total move value, and setting=0, Alarm.
- (2) Check program, if has this situation.
- (3) Revise program to prevent total setting= 0.

INT 3074: WRONG DATA: V>=Q

- (1) When using G101~G133, check if finish amount is over total cutting alarm, Alarm.
- (2) Check program, if has this situation.
- (3) Revise program, make finish amount to be reasonable value.

INT 3075 : WRONG DATA : (PHI+2Q) >= 2R

- (1) When using G101~G133, check if setting diameter+2 times' total cutting amount is over 2 times' R radius, Alarm.
- (2) Check program, if has this situation.
- (3) Revise program, make above setting to be reasonable value.

INT 3076: WRONG DATA: I (J) =0

- (1) When using G101~G133, check if complete work size I or J=0, Alarm.
- (2) Check program, if has this situation.
- (3) Revise program, make above setting to be reasonable value.

INT 3077 : WRONG DATA : I (J) -2R<=0

- (1) When using G101~G133, check if complete work size I or J is smaller than 2 times' R radius, Alarm.
- (2) Check program, if has this situation.
- (3) Revise program, make above setting to be reasonable value.

INT 3078: WRONG DATA: 2Q+PHI>=I (J)

- (1) When using G101~G133, check if setting diameter+2 times' total cutting amount is over complete work piece I or J, Alarm.
- (2) Check program, if has this situation.
- (3) Revise program, make above setting to be reasonable value.

INT 3079: WRONG DATA: 2V+PHI>I (J)

- (1) When using G101~G133, check if setting diameter+2 times' finish amount is over complete work piece I or J, Alarm.
- (2) Check program, if has this situation.
- (3) Revise program, make above setting to be reasonable value.

INT 3080 : DISTANCE OF TWO CENTER IS 0

- (1) When using G123~G133, check the runway-shaped command's center distance is less than or equal to 0, Alarm.
- (2) Check program, if has this situation.
- (3) Revise program, make above setting to be reasonable value.

INT 3081: WRONG DATA: 2 (R-V) < PHI

- (1) When using G123~G133, check the runway-shaped command's R radius and finish amount difference is smaller than tool radius, Alarm.
- (2) Check program, if has this situation.
- (3) Revise program, make above setting to be reasonable value.

INT 3082 : WRONG DATA : 2 (R-V) <=PHI

- (1) When using G131~G133, check the runway-shaped command's R radius and finish amount difference is smaller than tool radius, Alarm.
- (2) Check program, if has this situation.
- (3) Revise program, make above setting to be reasonable value.

INT 3083 : WRONG DATA : 2V+PHI>=I(J)

- (1) When using G132, check this command's tool radius +2 times finish amount are over complete work piece I or J, Alarm.
- (2) Check program, if has this situation.
- (3) Revise program, make above setting to be reasonable value.

INT 3090: T COMMAND ERROR

- (1) Check if T code has errors.
- (2) Check program, if has this situation.
- (3) Revise program, make change tool command tool number correct.

INT 3100: ILLEGAL G CODE

- (1) Illegal G code in part program.
- (2) Delete illegal G code.
- (3) Press RESET to clear wrong warning message.

INT 3101: PFM INITIAL ERROR

INT 3102: TRANS INITIAL ERROR

INT 3103: TABLE INITIAL ERROR

INT 3104: POST INITIAL ERROR

INT 3105: PFM ERROR

INT 3106: NC Program Block Interpretation Fail

INT3101~INT3106

- (1) System is not normal right now.
- (2) System error, contact LNC.

INT 3110: FETCH ERROR

- (1) System is not normal right now.
- (2) System error, contact LNC.

INT 3111: LACK OF FILENAME (P address is not entered)

- (1) Lock of filenames in part program. (P address is not entered.)
- (2) Increase number of filenames.
- (3) Press RESET to clear wrong warning message.

INT 3112: ILLEGAL FILENAME

- (1) Illegal filename in part program.
- (2) Modify filename.
- (3) Press RESET to clear wrong warning message.

INT 3113: FILE NOT FOUND

- (1) File not found in the system.
- (2) Making/modifying the executing file.
- (3) Press RESET to clear wrong warning message.

INT 3114: END OF FILE

INT 3120: POST ERROR

INT 3121: LACK OF SUB RETURN (M99)

- (1) No returning to the part program command in the sub-program.
- (2) Add returning back to the part program command in the sub-program.
- (3) Press RESET to clear wrong warning message.

INT 3122: PROGRAM OVERFLOW (8)

- (1) Total numbers of calling Sub-program or MACRO is over the total level limit. (i.e., 8)
- (2) Decrease numbers of calling program level.
- (3) Press RESET to clear the wrong warning message.

INT 3123: MACRO OVERFLOW (4)

- (1) Total numbers of calling MACRO is over the total level limit. (i.e., 4).
- (2) Decrease numbers of calling program level.
- (3) Press RESET to clear the wrong warning message.

INT 3124: MACRO UNDERFLOW (G67)

- (1) Under G67, but give G67 command again.
- (2) Delete G67.
- (3) Press RESET to clear warning.

INT 3125: WITHOUT LABEL

- (1) NO such LABEL.
- (2) Please check LABEL name.
- (3) Press RESET to clear wrong message error.

INT 3126: BLOCK NOT FOUND

- (1) The designated BLOCK is not found.
- (2) Check whether or not the designated BLOCK is exist in part program.
- (3) Press RESET to clear wrong message error.

INT 3127: ILLEGAL LABEL

INT 3128: FEEDRATE OUT OF RANGE, Check G94/G95

- (1) Check G94 and G95 are used correctly.
- (2) Check whether or not the FEEDRAT F value is too big.
- (3) Press RESET to clear the error and adjust G94, G95 and F value.

INT 3130 : COORDINATE ERROR

INT 3131: UNKNOWN PLANE

INT 3132: ILLEGAL RADIUS

- (1) Using G02, G03 arch cutting command, the final coordinate is NOT on the arch
- (2) Check the position of center point, direction and final point's coordinate value

(3) Press RESET to clear error.

INT 3135: Tool Number Assigned Over Range

- (1) T code range is 0~99.
- (2) Modify T code.

INT 3136: Tool Length Comp Number Assigned Over Range

- (1) Tool length compensation number or tool diameter compensation number over range.
- (2) Tool length or tool diameter range is 0~99.

INT 3137: System Program Overflow

- (1) System sub-program +system MACRO are over call layer.
- (2) Decrease calling layers.

INT 3138: System Macro Overflow

- (1) Call layer of system MACRO over limit (8)
- (2) Decrease calling layers.

INT 3139: Does Not Permit Set Model Macro Call

- (1) This is in the model MACRO call, can not be call again.
- (2) Check check model MACRO call,

INT 3140: SEND TABLE ERROR

- (1) System is not normal right now.
- (2) System error, contact LNC.

INT 3141: NO FREE VARIABLES

- (1) System is not normal right now.
- (2) System error, contact LNC.

INT 3142: Address Duplication Error

- (1) There is duplication in program single block, EX : G01 X10 Y20 X30 \circ
- (2) Modify program.

INT 3150: INSUFFICIENT DATA

- (1) Not enough executing G code data. (Lack of G10's P, R, Z)
- (2) Supply the needed data.
- (3) Press RESET to clear wrong warning message.

INT 3152: CC R RETURN

- (1) Executing G27, G28, G29, G30 in the CANNED CYCLE.
- (2) Cancel the above G codes in CANNED CYCLE before executing.
- (3) Press RESET to clear wrong warning message.

INT 3153: NO SUCH R POINT

(1) Wrong reference point number in G30.

- (2) Modify the entered reference point number.
- (3) Press RESET to clear wrong warning message.

INT 3156: ILLEGAL G31 IN COMPENSATION

(1) G31 Skip signal stop SBK can not be used under G41/G42, adjust prorgam to prevent G31 in G41/G42.

INT 3157: G10 P CODE OUT OF RANGE

- (1) P argument is over command legal usage range.
- (2) Modify P argument

INT 3158: G10 L/E CODE OUT OF RANGE

- (1) L argument is over command legal usage range or E argument is over command legal usage range.
- (2) Modify P argument or E argument.

INT 3160: DNC: INCORRECT READ SEQUENCE

- (1) Check whether or not there is incorrect sub-program or jump sequence from the part program.
- (2) Press RESET to clear wrong warning message, and modify part program.

INT INT 3161: DNC: LOSS DATA PACKET

- (1) DNC RS232 info lost when transmission.
- (2) Transmission cable loose or brake.
- (3) Lower Transmission speed parameter
- (4) Press RESET to clear warning or reboot.

INT 3162: DNC: PROGRAM BUFFER OVERFLOW

- (1) Program buffer overflow while DNC RS232 is transmitting program.
- (2) Check whether or not the connecting line is disconnect or fall.
- (3) Press RESET to clear wrong warning message or reboot.

INT 3163: G05 R CODE RANGE BETWEEN 1 TO 10

- (1) G05 R argument range 1-10.
- (2) Revise program to make G05 R argument in legal range.
- (3) Press RESET to clear warning or reboot.

INT 3165: Illegal data in G54 P address

(3) Press RESET to clear warning or reboot.

INT 3166: Illegal data in G10

- (1) G10 gives L argument, L20 must set up extention coordinate.
- (2) Use G10 to set up extension coordinate, P range=1-300
- (3) Revise program to make G10 at reasonal range.
- (4) Press RESET to clear warning or reboot.

INT 3167: G05 P/L CODE MUST APPEAR SIMULTANEOUSLY

- (1) G05, if set up for individual items, P and L must show together.
- (2) Revise program to make G05 at reasonal range.

(3) Press RESET to clear warning or reboot.

INT 3168: NO RETURN HOME

(1) Before run HOME, make sure if return home manually.

INT 3169: RETURN HOME FAILURE

- (1) Current position is not at home.
- (2) Check prorgam.

INT 3177: Address Q Not Found

(1) G73/G83 did not give cutting feedrate argument, check program to make Q has value, and can not be 0.

INT 3200: THE SEQUENCE NO OF GOTO COMMAND ERROR

- (1) Skip line number is at the current line number, infinitive loop.
- (2) Modify skip serial.

INT 3201: COMP UNIT VECTOR 0

- (1) Compensation unit vector is 0.
- (2) System error, please contact supplier.
- (3) Press RESET to clear wrong warning message

INT 3202

Mill V3: Comp Operation Does Not Permit Change Plane

- (1) Under G41/G42, can not change surface.
- (2) Revise program and cancel G17/G18/G19.

Mill V6: COMP START UP ARC

- (1) Compensating start-up is arch.
- (2) Please start compensating according to G00/G01.
- (3) Press RESET to clear wrong warning message.

INT 3203

Mill V3: Arc Line Not Found INTersect At Comp Start Up Arc

- (1) Compensation starting is arc.
- (2) Use linear as compensation starting.
- (3) Press RESET to clear warning.

Mill V6: COMP CANCEL ARC

- (1) Compensating cancel is arch.
- (2) Please cancel compensation according to G00/G01.
- (3) Press RESET to clear wrong warning message.

INT 3204: Arc Line Not Found INTersect At Comp Cancel Arc

- (1) Compensation cancel is arc.
- (2) Use linear to cancel compensation.
- (3) Press RESET to clear warning.

INT 3205: COMP VECTOR LENGTH 0

- (1) When compensation calculating, there is no moving SBK.
- (2) Check program.

INT 3206: Arc Line INTersect Vector Over Comp Range

- (1) Not able to find the intersect points while calculating compensation value.
- (2) Decrease compensation radius or modify part program pathway.
- (3) Press RESET to clear wrong warning message.

INT 3207: Arc Line INTersect Vector Length Over Arc Move Vector

- (1) Not able to find the intersect points while calculating compensation value.
- (2) Decrease compensation radius or modify part program pathway.
- (3) Press RESET to clear wrong warning message.

INT 3223: COMP OPERATION DOES NOT PERMIT CHANGE TOOL RADIUS OFFSET NO.

- (1) Under G41/G42, can not change tool diameter compensation number at arc command SBK.
- (2) Revise program to cancel tool diameter compensation number at radius compensation mode.

INT 3301: THIS AXIS IS SLAVE AXIS IN SYNCHRONOUS CONTROL

- (1) You can not give command to slave axis, because the control is from master axis.
- (2) Revise program to delete salve axis program command.
- (3) Press RESET to clear warning.

INT 3303: THIS REPLACED AXIS MOVE REPEAT IN AXIS NAME CHANGE MODE

- (1) You can not give command to replace axis, because the control is from this SBK axis.
- (2) Revise program to cancel this SBK.
- (3) Press RESET to clear warning.

5.4 MOT MOTION RELATED ALARM

MOT 4001: X-AXIS ERROR COUNTER OVERFLOW

- (1) Motion board X- Axis ERROR COUNTER overflow (16-BIT).
- (2) Check or not the commanding speed is too fast.
- (3) Check whether or not servo motor is working normally.
- (4) Check whether or not the machine is running normally.
- (5) Check whether or not the board is normal.

MOT 4002: Y-AXIS ERROR COUNTER OVERFLOW

- (1) Motion board Y-AXIS ERROR COUNTER overflow (16-BIT)
- (2) Check or not the commanding speed is too fast.
- (3) Check whether or not servo motor is working normally.
- (4) Check whether or not the machine is running normally.
- (5) Check whether or not the board is normal.

MOT 4003: Z-AXIS ERROR COUNTER OVERFLOW

- (1) Motion board Z-AXIS ERROR COUNTER overflow (16-BIT)
- (2) Check or not the commanding speed is too fast.
- (3) Check whether or not servo motor is working normally.
- (4) Check whether or not the machine is running normally.
- (5) Check whether or not the board is normal.

MOT 4004: 4TH-AXIS ERROR COUNTER OVERFLOW

- (1) Motion board 4th-AXIS ERROR COUNTER overflow (16-BIT)
- (2) Check or not the commanding speed is too fast.
- (3) Check whether or not servo motor is working normally.
- (4) Check whether or not the machine is running normally.
- (5) Check whether or not the board is normal.

MOT 4005: SET FIRST SOFT LIMIT ERROR

- (1) Error setting of 1st soft limit parameter (i.e., +ive soft limit is smaller than –ive soft limit) Please check parameter numbers 1006~1013.
- (2) Clicking RESET to set new parameter.
- (3) After changing the parameter, please reboot.

MOT 4006: X AXIS SERVO LAG OVERFLOW

- (1) X Axis servo lag over parameter 0002 setting value.
- (2) Check whether the setting speed is too fast or the parameter 0002 setting value is too small.
- (3) Clicking RESET to continue operating.
- (4) If reset parameter, must reboot.

MOT 4007: Y AXIS SERVO LAG OVERFLOW

- (1) Y Axis servo lag over parameter 0003 setting value.
- (2) Check whether the setting speed is too fast or the parameter 0003 setting value is too small.
- (3) Clicking RESET to continue operating.
- (4) If reset parameter, must reboot.

MOT 4008: Z AXIS SERVO LAG OVERFLOW

- (1) Z Axis servo lag over parameter 0004 setting value.
- (2) Check whether the setting speed is too fast or the parameter 0004 setting value is too small.
- (3) Clicking RESET to continue operating.
- (4) If reset parameter, must reboot.

MOT 4009: 4TH AXIS SERVO LAG OVERFLOW

- (1) 4th Axis servo lag over parameter 0005 setting value.
- (2) Check whether the setting speed is too fast or the parameter 0005 setting value is too small.
- (3) Clicking RESET to continue operating.
- (4) If reset parameter, must reboot.

MOT 4012: SBK COMMAND ERROR

(1) Check program.

MOT 4014: X AXIS ON HOME DOG

- (1) X Axis on HOME DOG.
- (2) Clicking RESET, use JOG to take the machine away from HOME DOG then will be able to return to the reference point.

MOT 4015: Y AXIS ON HOME DOG

- (1) Y Axis on HOME DOG.
- (2) Clicking RESET, use JOG to take the machine away from HOME DOG then will be able to return to the reference point.

MOT 4016: Z AXIS ON HOME DOG

- (1) Z Axis on HOME DOG.
- (2) Clicking RESET, use JOG to take the machine away from HOME DOG then will be able to return to the reference point.

MOT 4017: 4TH AXIS ON HOME DOG

- (1) 4th Axis on HOME DOG.
- (2) Clicking RESET, use JOG to take the machine away from HOME DOG then will be able to return to the reference point.

MOT 4018: NO RETURN HOME

- (1) Not return to the reference point after rebooting.
- (2) Clicking RESET and return to the reference point first.

MOT 4023: SET SECOND SOFT LIMIT ERROR

- (1) Maximum parameter value of the 2nd soft limit is smaller than the smallest value.
- (2) Checking parameters 1034~1041.
- (3) Reset parameter and then reboot.

MOT 4025: G10 P RANGE ERROR

- (1) P value is over range.
- (2) Please checking the part program.

MOT 4026: ENCODER A, B PHASE ERROR

- (1) ENCODER disconnect or 5V power problem
- (2) Checking whether or not the ENCODER or power port is connected.

MOT 4027: HOME DOG TOO SHORT

- (1) Check whether or not HOME DOG is too short or the speed is too fast.
- (2) Extend DOG or slow down the zero return speed.

MOT 4035: SET CMR ERROR

- (1) Setting CMR error
- (2) Checking Para. # 0053 ~ 0056 , 0067 ~ 0070 , 0072 , 0100 ~ 0107 , 1112 ~ 1115.
- (3) Re-setting parameter and re-booting.

MOT 4037: SET DMR ERROR

- (1) DMR setting error.
- (2) Checking whether or not the setting value is over setting parameter 53~57 range.
- (3) Re-setting parameter and re-booting.

MOT 4039: HOME LOW SPEED ERROR

- (1) 2nd home speed setting error.
- (2) Checking whether or not the setting value is over setting parameter 1108-1111 range.
- (3) Re-setting parameter and re-booting.

MOT 4040: X CMP NO. ERROR

- (1) Pitch compensation section setting error.
- (2) Checking Parameter # 0112 range.
- (3) Re-setting parameter and re-booting.

MOT 4041: Y CMP NO. ERROR

- (1) Pitch compensation section setting error.
- (2) Checking Parameter # 0113 range.
- (3) Re-setting parameter and re-booting.

MOT 4042: Z CMP NO. ERROR

- (1) Pitch compensation section setting error.
- (2) Checking Parameter # 0114 range.
- (3) Re-set parameter and re-boot.

MOT 4043: 4TH CMP NO. ERROR

- (1) Pitch compensation section setting error.
- (2) Checking Parameter # 0115 range.
- (3) Re-setting parameter and re-booting.

MOT 4044: CMP INTERVAL ERROR

- (1) Pitch compensation section setting error.
- (2) Checking Parameter # 0114 range.
- (3) Re-setting parameter and re-booting.

MOT 4045: NO INDEX INTERRUPT

- (1) Reference point index disconnect signal error or HOME DOG too short.
- (2) Checking connection for motor to servo.

MOT 4046: RETURN HOME FAILURE

- (1) Checking whether nor not machine lock or other machine problems.
- (2) Press RESET to clear the condition.

MOT 4047: I/O COMMUNICATION ERROR

- (1) Checking I/O board.
- (2) Checking all connectors on I/O board.

MOT 4048: SPINDLE ORITENTATION SIGNAL NOT RELEASE

Assumed executing machine adjustment and orientation. If initially, the spindle is positioned on the sensor, the spindle will move away automatically. After the orientation signal is off, user will be able to execute machine adjustment or orientation. However, if the spindle already rotates one cycle but the orientation signal has not been released, then this alarm message will occur.

- (1) Checking whether or not there is connection problem on the spindle orientation sensor.
- (2) Checking whether or not the spindle orientation sensor signal and type setting is correct (Parameter # 184).
- (3) Checking whether or not the spindle orientation sensor is broken.

MOT 4049: SPINDLE ORITENTATION FLAUT

When executing spindle orientation, the spindle is NOT able to reach the correct orientation point.

- (1) Please go to DGNOS page. If the data system NO. 10 is changing, but the spindle is not rotating. Then, it means the spindle motor ENCDER signal has external distribution that makes the system misunderstood.
- (2) Please check whether or not the setting orientation rate is too high by parameter NO. 21 that makes spindle motor has missing step in the Pulse Mode.

MOT 4050: SPINDLE ORITENTATION SIGNAL NOT FOUND

Assumed the spindle has rotated one time already but it hasn't found the orientation position sensor while executing machine adjustment or while orientation program is running. The following alarm messages will occur.

- (1) Checking whether or not there is connection problem on the spindle orientation sensor
- (2) Checking whether or not the spindle orientation sensor signal and type setting is correct (Parameter # 184).
- (3) Checking whether or not the spindle orientation sensor is broken.

MOT 4051: NO SPINDLE SPEED DEFINE

No spindle speed definition. So please define rotary command in rigid tapping. Please key-in rotational speed command S before tapping command.

MOT 4052: MOVE ERR OVER LIMIT IN RIGTAP

- (1) Please check whether or not the procedure of rigid machine adjustment is completed.
- (2) Please check whether not the setting value of Parameter 1058 is too small.

MOT 4053: SPD SPEED WILL OVER LIMIT

- (1) Please check whether or not the setting spindle rotational speed is over the maximum speed that this gear spindle can handle.
- (2) Please check whether or not the setting of Parameter NO. 1060 for the spindle return accelerating speed is too big under rigid tapping. Unless necessary, recommend setting to 100.

MOT 4054: Z AXIS FEEDRATE WILL OVER LIMIT

Z axis cutting feedrate speed of rigid tapping is larger than the maximum cutting speed that is set by Parameter 1004.

(1) Checking whether or not Parameter NO. 1060 has set the spindle returning accelerating speed too large under rigid tapping. If speed starts to accelerate while returning (i.e., P1060 > 1000), then speed of cutting spindle will accelerate too. Unless necessary, recommend to set 100.

MOT 4055: SPD SERROLAG OVER LIMIT IN RT

- (1) Please check whether or not ladder has error.
- (2) Please check whether or to the spindle is rotating in rigid tapping procedure. If not, please check (3) whether or not there is problem for the spindle driver setting.
- (4) Please check whether or not the spindle Encoder line is discount or fall.
- (5) Please check whether or not the setting of Parameter 1075 is too small.

MOT 4057: Z TRAVEL IS OVER 2 HOME LIMIT

(1) When Z is at second home, stop move down.

MOT 4058: OVER SOFTLIMIT

- (2) RESET system.
- (3) Move axis out of limit manually.

MOT 4059: SP ERROR COUNTER OVERFLOW

- (1) SP ERROR COUNTER overflow.
- (2) Check if command speed too big.
- (3) Check if driver is ok.
- (4) Check if machine is ok.
- (5) Check if board is ok.

MOT 4062: X-AXIS ABSOLUTE ENCODER VALUE OUT OF TOLERANCE

After X axis re-finds home, NC will ask 4th absolute encoder to do returning zero. After complete, NC re-read encoder data to make sure it has return zero. But if the data is over the Pr.1098 setting, Alarm. (MITSUBISHI servo motor-when you want to re-read absolute encoder, you need to servo off, wait around 20ms and servo on, during thie time, NC will follow 4th encoder to update coordinate. Later's comparison also use update coordinate.)

- (1) Check if Pr.1098 is correct or not.
- (2) Check if X axis absolute encoder completes the action of returning zero.

MOT 4063: X AXIS ABSOLUTE ENCODER TRANSMISSION OVER TIME

When NC is doing X axis absolute encoder reading, if it didn't finish the reading action under Pr. 0834 setting time. Alarm

- (1) Check if servo drives set to be absolute encoder.
- (2) Check hardware cable connections.
- (3) Check if X axis Ladder correct (MITSUBISHI servo motor-when you want to re-read absolute encoder, you need to servo off, wait around 20ms and servo on. Check if CS bit is correct.)
- (4) Check if Pr.0834 setting time is enough to complete absolute encoder reading action.

MOT 4064: X AXIS ABSOLUTE ENCODER CHECK SMM ERROR

X axis reading-absolute encoder has CHECK SMM error.

- (1) Check hardware cable connections.
- (2) Please check whether or not X Axis ladder has error

MOT 4065: Y-AXIS ABSOLUTE ENCODER VALUE OUT OF TOLERANCE

After Y axis re-finds home, NC will ask 4th absolute encoder to do returning zero. After complete, NC re-read encoder data to make sure it has return zero. But if the data is over the Pr.1098 setting, Alarm. (MITSUBISHI servo motor-when you want to re-read absolute encoder, you need to servo off, wait around 20ms and servo on, during thie time, NC will follow 4th encoder to update coordinate. Later's comparison also use update coordinate.)

- (1) Check if Pr.1098 is correct or not.
- (2) Check if Y axis absolute encoder completes the action of returning zero.

MOT 4066: Y AXIS ABSOLUTE ENCODER TRANSMISSION OVER TIME

When NC is doing Y axis absolute encoder reading, if it didn't finish the reading action under Pr. 0834 setting time, Alarm.

- (1) Check if servo drives set to be absolute encoder.
- (2) Check hardware cable connections.
- (3) Check if Y axis Ladder correct (MITSUBISHI servo motor-when you want to re-read absolute encoder, you need to servo off, wait around 20ms and servo on. Check if CS bit is correct.)
- (4) Check if Pr.0834 setting time is enough to complete absolute encoder reading action.

MOT 4067: Y AXIS ABSOLUTE ENCODER CHECK SMM ERROR

Y axis reading-absolute encoder has CHECK SMM error.

(1) Check hardware cable connections.

(2) Please check whether or not Y Axis ladder has error

MOT 4068: Z-AXIS ABSOLUTE ENCODER VALUE OUT OF TOLERANCE

After Z axis re-finds home, NC will ask 4th absolute encoder to do returning zero. After complete, NC re-read encoder data to make sure it has return zero. But if the data is over the Pr.1098 setting, Alarm. (MITSUBISHI servo motor-when you want to re-read absolute encoder, you need to servo off, wait around 20ms and servo on, during thie time, NC will follow 4th encoder to update coordinate. Later's comparison also use update coordinate.)

- (1) Check if Pr.1098 is correct or not.
- (2) Check if Z axis absolute encoder completes the action of returning zero.

MOT 4069: Z AXIS ABSOLUTE ENCODER TRANSMISSION OVER TIME

When NC is doing Z axis absolute encoder reading, if it didn't finish the reading action under Pr. 0834 setting time. Alarm.

- (1) Check if servo drives set to be absolute encoder.
- (2) Check hardware cable connections.
- (3) Check if Z axis Ladder correct (MITSUBISHI servo motor-when you want to re-read absolute encoder, you need to servo off, wait around 20ms and servo on. Check if CS bit is correct.)
- (4) Check if Pr.0834 setting time is enough to complete absolute encoder reading action.

MOT 4070: Z AXIS ABSOLUTE ENCODER CHECK SMM ERROR

Z axis reading-absolute encoder has CHECK SMM error.

- (1) Check hardware cable connections.
- (2) Please check whether or not Z Axis ladder has error

MOT 4071: 4TH-AXIS ABSOLUTE ENCODER VALUE OUT OF TOLERANCE

After 4th axis re-finds home, NC will ask 4th absolute encoder to do returning zero. After complete, NC re-read encoder data to make sure it has return zero. But if the data is over the Pr.1098 setting, Alarm. (MITSUBISHI servo motor-when you want to re-read absolute encoder, you need to servo off, wait around 20ms and servo on, during thie time, NC will follow 4th encoder to update coordinate. Later's comparison also use update coordinate.)

- (1) Check if Pr.1098 is correct or not.
- (2) Check if 4th axis absolute encoder completes the action of returning zero.

MOT 4072: 4TH AXIS ABSOLUTE ENCODER TRANSMISSION OVER TIME

When NC is doing 4th axis absolute encoder reading, if it didn't finish the reading action under Pr. 0834 setting time, Alarm

- (1) Check if servo drives set to be absolute encoder.
- (2) Check hardware cable connections.
- (3) Check if 4th axis Ladder correct (MITSUBISHI servo motor-when you want to re-read absolute encoder, you need to servo off, wait around 20ms and servo on. Check if CS bit is correct.)
- (4) Check if Pr.0834 setting time is enough to complete absolute encoder reading action.

MOT 4073: 4TH AXIS ABSOLUTE ENCODER CHECK SMM ERROR

4th axis reading-absolute encoder has CHECK SMM error.

- (1) Check hardware cable connection.
- (2) Please check whether or not 4th Axis ladder has error.

MOT 4079: 5TH AXIS ABSOLUTE ENCODER TRANSMISSION OVER TIME

- (1) When NC reads 5 axis ABS encoder, if not finish at P.0834 setting time, Alarm.
- (2) Check servo drive is ABS setting.
- (3) Check hardware wiring see if there is any problem.
- (4) Check 4 axis Ladder(If you want to read MITSUBISHI ABS encoder, you will need to make servo motor servo off, wait 20ms and above time and servo on, check if corresponding CS bit is correct.)
- (5) Check if P.0834 setting too fast.

MOT 4080: 5th AXIS ABSOLUTE ENCODER CHECK SMM ERROR

- (1) 5 read ABS encoder has CHECK SUM error.
- (2) Check hardware wiring see if there is any problem.
- (3) Check if 5 Ladder is correct.

MOT 4081: 6th AXIS ABSOLUTE ENCODER BIG DIFFERENCE ERROR

- (1) When 6 axis research home, NC will ask 6 axis ABS encoder to do zero; after completing, NC will read again ABS encoder to make sure this value is zero. If reading value and NC inner value is over P.1098 setting, Alarm. (If you want to read MITSUBISHI ABS encoder, you will need to make servo motor servo off, wait 20ms and above time and servo on. During this time, NC will update coordinate by 6 axis encoder, later will use new coordinate.)
- (2) Check P.1098 setting.
- (3) Check 6 axis ABS encoder if complete zero.

MOT 4082: 6TH AXIS ABSOLUTE ENCODER TRANSMISSION OVER TIME

When NC is doing servo axis absolute encoder reading, if it didn't finish the reading action under Pr. 0834 setting time, Alarm.

- (1) Check if servo drives set to be absolute encoder.
- (2) Check hardware cable connections.
- (3) Check if servo axis Ladder correct (MITSUBISHI servo motor-when you want to re-read absolute encoder, you need to servo off, wait around 20ms and servo on. Check if CS bit is correct.)
- (4) Check if Pr.0834 setting time is enough to complete absolute encoder reading action.

MOT 4083: 6th AXIS ABSOLUTE ENCODER CHECK SMM ERROR

Servo axis reading-absolute encoder has CHECK SMM error.

- (1) Check hardware cable connections.
- (2) Please check whether or not servo axis ladder has error.

MOT 4084: 5 th AXIS ABSOLUTE ENCODER BIG DIFFERENCE ERROR

- (1) When 5 axis research home, NC will ask 6 axis ABS encoder to do zero; after completing, NC will read again ABS encoder to make sure this value is zero. If reading value and NC inner value is over P.1098 setting, Alarm. (If you want to read MITSUBISHI ABS encoder, you will need to make servo motor servo off, wait 20ms and above time and servo on. During this time, NC will update coordinate by 6 axis encoder, later will use new coordinate.)
- (2) Check P.1098 setting.
- (3) Check 5 axis ABS encoder if complete zero.

MOT 4087: Y MOTOR ENCODER WIRING ERROR

- (1) ENCODER brake or 5V power error.
- (2) Stop machine and check wiring or connector.

MOT 4090: X AXIS SERVO LAG TOO BIG, CHECK WIRING OR PR. 416 X servo lag too big when stop, check wiring or P.416 setting too small.

MOT 4091: Y AXIS SERVO LAG TOO BIG, CHECK WIRING OR PR. 417

Y servo lag too big when stop, check wiring or P.417 setting too small.

MOT 4092: Z AXIS SERVO LAG TOO BIG, CHECK WIRING OR PR. 418

Z servo lag too big when stop, check wiring or P.418 setting too small.

MOT 4093: 4TH AXIS SERVO LAG TOO BIG, CHECK WIRING OR PR. 419

4 servo lag too big when stop, check wiring or P.419 setting too small.

MOT 4094: 5TH AXIS SERVO LAG TOO BIG, CHECK WIRING OR PR. 420

5 servo lag too big when stop, check wiring or P.420 setting too small.

MOT 4095: 6TH AXIS SERVO LAG TOO BIG, CHECK WIRING OR PR. 421

6 servo lag too big when stop, check wiring or P.421 setting too small.

MOT 4096: Z MOTOR ENCODER WIRING ERROR

- (1) ENCODER BRAKE OR 5V POWER ERROR.
- (2) Stop machine and check wiring or connector.

MOT 4097: 4 MOTOR ENCODER WIRING ERROR

- (1) ENCODER BRAKE OR 5V POWER ERROR.
- (2) Stop machine and check wiring or connector.

MOT 4098: 5 MOTOR ENCODER WIRING ERROR

- (1) ENCODER BRAKE OR 5V POWER ERROR.
- (2) Stop machine and check wiring or connector.

MOT 4099: 6 MOTOR ENCODER WIRING ERROR

- (1) ENCODER BRAKE OR 5V POWER ERROR.
- (2) Stop machine and check wiring or connector.

MOT 4100: COM REPEAT CHECK PR.1810 AND 1811

- (1) Check if P.1810 & 1811 is the same.
- (2) Press RESET to clear alarm.

MOT 4104: X PMC/INT OUTPUT ERROR

MOT 4105: Y PMC/INT OUTPUT ERROR

MOT 4106: Z PMC/INT OUTPUT ERROR

MOT 4107: 4 PMC/INT OUTPUT ERROR

MOT 4108: 5 PMC/INT OUTPUT ERROR

MOT 4109: 6 PMC/INT OUTPUT ERROR

MOT4104~MOT4109: modify command to make it ok for PMC axis.

MOT 4121: X AXIS COMMANDED UNDER DETACHED

- (1) RESET SYSTEM TO CLEAR ALARM.
- (2) Check if PLC give axis C bit 130 and clear.

MOT 4122: Y AXIS COMMANDED UNDER DETACHED

(1) Check if PLC give axis C bit 131 and clear.

MOT 4123: Z AXIS COMMANDED UNDER DETACHED

- (1) RESET SYSTEM TO CLEAR ALARM.
- (2) Check if PLC give axis C bit 132 and clear.

MOT 4124: 4th AXIS COMMANDED UNDER DETACHED

- (1) RESET SYSTEM TO CLEAR ALARM.
- (2) Check if PLC give axis C bit 133 and clear.

MOT 4126: MOVE COMMAND NOT RESTART

Under MDI, you can not give move command at program restart.

MOT 4127: 5th AXIS COMMANDED UNDER DETACHED

- (1) RESET SYSTEM TO CLEAR ALARM.
- (2) Check if PLC give axis C bit 168 and release.

MOT 4128: 6th AXIS COMMANDED UNDER DETACHED

- (1) RESET SYSTEM TO CLEAR ALARM.
- (2) Check if PLC give axis C bit 169 and release.

MOT 4129: LIMIT AND INDEX HAS CERTAIN SAFE DISTANCE, USE GRID TO PROTECT

- (1) This distance from index to limit sensor is smaller than encoder 1/5 or bigger than 4/5 revolution, then open grid protection function, if no, then close grid protection function.
- (2) If confiming that the distance is smaller than 1/5 or bigger than 4/5 revolution, but this alarm still exist, check if home limit sensor position error.

MOT 4130: X AXIS MULTI-HOME LINEAR SCALE HOME PITCH ERROR

(1) X multi-home linear scale home interval setting error. (P.1171 \(\) 1172 small or equal to 0.

(2) Refer to linear scale manual and system P.1171 \ 1172, reset.

MOT 4131: Y AXIS MULTI-HOME LINEAR SCALE HOME PITCH ERROR

- (1) Y multi-home linear scale home interval setting error.(P.1173 \cdot 1174 small or equal to 0.
- (2) Refer to linear scale manual and system P.1173 . 1174, reset.

MOT 4132: Z AXIS MULTI-HOME LINEAR SCALE HOME PITCH ERROR

- (1) Z multi-home linear scale home interval setting error. (P.1175 \(\) 1176 small or equal to 0.
- (2) Refer to linear scale manual and system P.1175 . 1176, reset.

MOT 4133: 4TH AXIS MULTI-HOME LINEAR SCALE HOME PITCH ERROR

- (1) 第 4 multi-home linear scale home interval setting error.(P.1177、1178 small or equal to 0.
- (2) Refer to linear scale manual and system P.1177 . 1178, reset.

MOT 4134: 5TH AXIS MULTI-HOME LINEAR SCALE HOME PITCH ERROR

- (1) 第 5 multi-home linear scale home interval setting error.(P.1179、1180 small or equal to 0.
- (2) Refer to linear scale manual and system P.1179 . 1180, reset.

MOT 4135: 6TH AXIS MULTI-HOME LINEAR SCALE HOME PITCH ERROR

- (1) 第 6 multi-home linear scale home interval setting error.(P.1181、1182 small or equal to 0.
- (2) Refer to linear scale manual and system P.1181 . 1182, reset.

MOT 4136: 5 AXIS PITCH COMPENSATION SEGMENT ERROR

- (1) Pitch compensation segment errors.
- (2) Check P.0280
- (1) Reset parameter and reboot.

MOT 4137: 6 AXIS PITCH COMPENSATION SEGMENT ERROR

- (2) Pitch compensation segment errors.
- (3) Check P.0281
- (4) Reset parameter and reboot.

MOT 4138: FOLLOW SP NAME ERROR

Fllow master axis number setting error, check if P. 500~505 setting error.

MOT 4139: ANALOG VOLTAGE CHECKING CARD DO NOT EXIST

This controller did not have DAQ3718 analog voltage check card, make this to be 0, no use.

MOT 4140: ANALOG VOLTAGE CHECKING MAX AND MIN SETTING ERROR

Maximum setting can not smaller than minimum setting.

MOT 4141: EXECUTE RETURN HOME WHEN AT PREPARE COMPLETE

Under NC-ready can return home.

MOT 4142: STOP INT M CODE, M CODE REPEAT, CHECK PR.211~220

Check P.211~220 if using system M code (EX:M0, M1, M2, M30, M98, M99)

MOT 4143: X AXIS ABS ENCODER COMMUNICATION ERROR

MOT 4144: Y AXIS ABS ENCODER COMMUNICATION ERROR

MOT 4145: Z AXIS ABS ENCODER COMMUNICATION ERROR

MOT 4146: 4TH AXIS ABS ENCODER COMMUNICATION ERROR

MOT 4147: 5TH AXIS ABS ENCODER COMMUNICATION ERROR

MOT 4148: 6TH AXIS ABS ENCODER COMMUNICATION ERROR

MOT4143~MOT4148:

(1) Read this axis ABS encoder fail.

- (2) Check serial communication wiring.
- (3) Check if servo motor serial communication setting correct.
- (4) If PLC editing correct.
- (5) Press RESET to clear alarm.

MOT 4149: X AXIS ABS ENCODER CAN NOT USE ROTATION AXIS, CHECK PR.845

RS-422ABS encoder can not use at rotating axis, check P.845 if set up X to be rotating axis.

MOT 4150: Y AXIS ABS ENCODER CAN NOT USE ROTATION AXIS, CHECK PR.846

RS-422ABS encoder can not use at rotating axis, check P.846 if set up Y to be rotating axis.

MOT 4151: Z AXIS ABS ENCODER CAN NOT USE ROTATION AXIS, CHECK PR.847

RS-422ABS encoder can not use at rotating axis, check P.847 if set up Z to be rotating axis.

MOT 4152: 4TH AXIS ABS ENCODER CAN NOT USE ROTATION AXIS, CHECK PR.66

RS-422ABS encoder can not use at rotating axis, check P.66 if set up 4 axis to be rotating axis.

MOT 4153: 5TH AXIS ABS ENCODER CAN NOT USE ROTATION AXIS, CHECK PR.260

RS-422ABS encoder can not use at rotating axis, check P.260 if set up 5 axis to be rotating axis.

MOT 4154: 6TH AXIS ABS ENCODER CAN NOT USE ROTATION AXIS, CHECK PR.261

RS-422ABS encoder can not use at rotating axis, check P.261 if set up 6 axis to be rotating axis.

MOT 4155: PMC G00 ACC/DEC(PR.398)ERROR

Check P.398setting error.

MOT 4156: PMC G01 ACC/DEC (PR.399) ERROR

Check P.399setting error.

MOT 4157: PMC G00 POSITION CHECK RANGE(PR.1831~1836)ERROR

Check P.1831~1836setting error.

MOT 4158: PMC G01 POSITION CHECK RANGE (PR.1837~1842) ERROR

Check P.1837~1842setting error.

MOT 4159: 1 SOFTWARE PROHIBIT ERROR

- (1) P.1900~19111 soft limit protection (-)value do not bigger than (+)value.
- (2) Modify this parameter, press RESET.

MOT 4160: 2 SOFTWARE PROHIBIT ERROR

- (1) P.1912~19231 soft limit protection (-)value do not bigger than (+)value.
- (2) Modify this parameter, press RESET.

MOT 4161: I/OCARD COMMUNICATION ERROR (RIO2)

- (1) Check I/O board.
- (2) Check I/O all wiring.
- (3) Check PLCIO.CFGsetting error.

MOT 4162

Mill V3: OUT OF X AXIS HOME DOG, CHECK PR.1890 OR DOG SIGNAL

Check P.1890 if set up too small or check X home dog if fail or error.

MIII V6: IO COMMUNICATION CABLE BRAKE

RS232 communication brake, check wiring and reboot.

MOT 4163

Mill V3: OUT OF Y AXIS HOME DOG, CHECK PR.1891 OR DOG SIGNAL Check P.1891 if set up too small or check Y home dog if fail or error.

Mill V6: OUT OF X AXIS HOME DOG, CHECK PR.1890 OR DOG SIGNAL Check P.1890 if set up too small or check X home dog if fail or error.

MOT 4164

Mill V3: OUT OF Z AXIS HOME DOG, CHECK PR.1892 OR DOG SIGNAL Check P.1892 if set up too small or check Z home dog if fail or error.

Mill V6: OUT OF Y AXIS HOME DOG, CHECK PR.1891 OR DOG SIGNAL Check P.1891 if set up too small or check Y home dog if fail or error.

MOT 4165

Mill V3: OUT OF C AXIS HOME DOG, CHECK PR.1893 OR DOG SIGNAL Check P.1893 if set up too small or check 4 home dog if fail or error.

Mill V6: OUT OF Z AXIS HOME DOG, CHECK PR.1892 OR DOG SIGNAL Check P.1892 if set up too small or check Z home dog if fail or error.

MOT 4166

MIII V3: OUT OF 5TH AXIS HOME DOG, CHECK PR.1894 OR DOG SIGNAL

Check P.1894 if set up too small or check 5 home dog if fail or error.

Mill V6: OUT OF CAXIS HOME DOG, CHECK PR.1893 OR DOG SIGNAL

Check P.1893 if set up too small or check 4 home dog if fail or error.

MOT 4167

Mill V3: OUT OF 6TH AXIS HOME DOG, CHECK PR.1895 OR DOG SIGNAL

Check P.1895 if set up too small or check 6 home dog if fail or error.

Mill V6: OUT OF 5TH AXIS HOME DOG, CHECK PR.1894 OR DOG SIGNAL

Check P.1894 if set up too small or check 5 home dog if fail or error.

MOT 4168

MIII V3: TWO SETS OF INNER M CODER CAN NOT EXIT TOGETHER

Check there are 2 or more CNC inner M code in program, include: M00 \ M01 \ M02 \ M30 \ M98 \ M99.

Mill V6: OUT OF 6TH AXIS HOME DOG, CHECK PR.1895 OR DOG SIGNAL

Check P.1895 if set up too small or check 6 home dog if fail or error.

MOT 4169: X AXIS 2ND FEEDBACK EXAM WRONG, CHECK IF MACHINE INTERFERENCE OR PR. 1980 TOO SMALL

MOT 4170: Y AXIS 2ND FEEDBACK EXAM WRONG, CHECK IF MACHINE INTERFERENCE OR PR.1981 TOO SMALL

MOT 4171: Z AXIS 2ND FEEDBACK EXAM WRONG, CHECK IF MACHINE INTERFERENCE OR PR. 1982 TOO SMALL

MOT 4172: 4TH AXIS 2ND FEEDBACK EXAM WRONG, CHECK IF MACHINE INTERFERENCE OR PR.1983 TOO SMALL

MOT 4173: 5TH AXIS 2ND FEEDBACK EXAM WRONG, CHECK IF MACHINE INTERFERENCE OR PR.1984 TOO SMALL

MOT 4174: 6TH AXIS 2ND FEEDBACK EXAM WRONG, CHECK IF MACHINE INTERFERENCE OR PR.1985 TOO SMALL

MOT 4169~MOT4174

- Check if feedback signal was interfered.
- (2) Check if have machine interference
- (3) Reset corresponding 2nd encoder feedback exam tolerance Pr.1980~1985 value, and press reset to continue.
- (4) Enlarge Pr. .1980~1985, press reset, clear alarm, press ZRN to make value to be 0.
- (5) Press reboot to make value to be 0.

MOT 4175: X AXIS AND MAIN AXIS LAG, CHECK CHECK IF MACHINE INTERFERENCE OR PR.1986 TOO SMALL

MOT 4176: Y AXIS AND MAIN AXIS LAG, CHECK CHECK IF MACHINE INTERFERENCE OR PR.1987 TOO SMALL

MOT 4177: Z AXIS AND MAIN AXIS LAG, CHECK CHECK IF MACHINE INTERFERENCE OR PR.1988 TOO SMALL

MOT 4178: 4TH AXIS AND MAIN AXIS LAG, CHECK CHECK IF MACHINE INTERFERENCE OR PR.1989 TOO SMALL

MOT 4179: 5TH AXIS AND MAIN AXIS LAG, CHECK CHECK IF MACHINE INTERFERENCE OR PR.1990 TOO SMALL

MOT 4180: 6TH AXIS AND MAIN AXIS LAG, CHECK CHECK IF MACHINE INTERFERENCE OR PR.1991 TOO SMALL

MOT 4175~MOT 4180

- (1) Reboot system.
- (2) Make Pr.1960~1965 bigger, press reset
- (3) Check if have machine interference.

MOT 4181: IO COMMUNICATION BRAKE

RS232 communication brake, check wiring and reboot.

MOT 4182: SP POSITIONING ERROR, CHECK P.184 OR WIRING

- (1) Check P.184 setting.
- (2) Check SP positioning signal wiring.

MOT 4190: PROGRAM RESTART, BUT M02.M30/M99 AND END.

Program restart, but there is M02/M30, check if confirming lines too much.

MOT 4191: DO NOT SUPPORT RIGID TAPPING

Mill V6 did not support rigid tapping, check if there is M29.

MOT 4202:5 ERROR COUNTER OVERFLOW

- (1) 5 axis ERROR COUNTER overflow (16-BIT)
- (2) Check if command speed is too big.
- (3) Check if servo driver is ok.
- (4) Check if machine is moving ok.
- (5) Check if board is ok.

MOT 4203: 6 ERROR COUNTER OVERFLOW

- (1) 6 axis ERROR COUNTER overflow (16-BIT)
- Check if command speed is too big.
- (3) Check if servo driver is ok.
- (4) Check if machine is moving ok.
- (5) Check if board is ok.

MOT 4204: 5 SERVO LAG OVER P.250

- (1) 5 axis servo lag is over P.0250.
- (2) Check if speed too big or P.0250 too small.
- (3) Press RESET to continue operation.

(4) If reset parameter, need to reboot.

MOT 4205: 6 SERVO LAG OVER P.251

- (1) 6 axis servo lag is over P.0251.
- (2) Check if speed too big or P.0251 too small.
- (3) Press RESET to continue operation.
- (4) If reset parameter, need to reboot.

MOT 4206: 5 AXIS IS ON HOME DOG

- (1) 5 axis is on HOME DOG.
- (2) Press RESET and use JOG to move axis out of HOME DOG.

MOT 4207: 6 AXIS IS ON HOME DOG

- (1) 6 axis is on HOME DOG.
- (2) Press RESET and use JOG to move axis out of HOME DOG.

MOT 4208: SERVO AXIS NO. REPEAT

Check P.24~27, 256~257 is double setting, revise and reboot to clear alarm. If only using reset to clear this alarm, then input port is invalid.

MOT 4209: 2ND FEEDBACK EXAM IMPUT PORT REPEAT, CHECK PR.1950~1955

(1) Check if Pr.1950~1955 setting repeats. if so, modify and reboot to clear alarm. If only using reset to clear this alarm, this input port will be invalid.

MOT 4210: M-II INITIAL FAIL

Check MII axis setting or controller MII hardware error.

MOT 4211: M-II INTERRUPT FAIL

Check MII axis setting or controller MII hardware error.

MOT 4212: M-II X Servo On/Off COMMAND & STATUS NOT THE SAME.

- (1) Re-ON C281 OFF to trigger X motor.
- (2) Press RESET to clear alarm.

MOT 4213: M-II Y Servo On/Off COMMAND & STATUS NOT THE SAME.

- (1) Re-ON C282 OFF to trigger Y motor.
- (2) Press RESET to clear alarm.

MOT 4214: M-II Z Servo On/Off COMMAND & STATUS NOT THE SAME.

- (1) Re-ON C283 OFF to trigger Zmotor.
- (2) Press RESET to clear alarm.

MOT 4215: M-II C Servo On/Off COMMAND & STATUS NOT THE SAME.

- (1) Re-ON C284 OFF to trigger Cmotor.
- (2) Press RESET to clear alarm.

MOT 4216: M-II 5 Servo On/Off COMMAND & STATUS NOT THE SAME.

- (1) Re-ON C285 OFF to trigger 5 axis motor.
- (2) Press RESET to clear alarm.

MOT 4217: M-II 6 Servo On/Off COMMAND & STATUS NOT THE SAME.

- (1) Re-ON C286 OFF to trigger 6 axis motor.
- (2) Press RESET to clear alarm.

MOT 4218: M-II 1 SP Servo On/Off COMMAND & STATUS NOT THE SAME.

- (1) Re-ON C287 OFF to trigger 1 SP.
- (2) Press RESET to clear alarm.

MOT 4219: M-II 2 SP Servo On/Off COMMAND & STATUS NOT THE SAME.

- (1) Re-ON C288 OFF to trigger 2 SP.
- (2) Press RESET to clear alarm.

MOT 4220: M-II 3 SP Servo On/Off COMMAND & STATUS NOT THE SAME.

- (1) Re-ON C289 OFF to trigger 2 SP.
- (2) Press RESET to clear alarm.

MOT 4221: M-II COMMUNICATION READ INFO FAIL

- (1) M-II communication cable brake or disturbed, Re-ON communication cable.
- (2) Press RESET to clear alarm.

MOT 4222: M-II COMMUNICATION WRITE INFO FAIL

- (1) M-II communication cable brake or disturbed, Re-ON communication cable.
- (2) Press RESET to clear alarm.

MOT 4300: 1 SP COMMUNICATION ERROR

Check hardware wiring, BIOS parameter, controller and inverter parameter, press RESET to make it reconnect and clear alarm.

MOT 4301 ~ MOT 4340: ALARM

- (1) This is inverter alarm, refer to inverter manaul.
- (2) Press RESET to clear.

MOT 4341: 1 SP POLES SETTING CONFLICT, CHECK SYSTEM P.681& INVERTER P.4-04

- (1) Check controller P.681 & inverter P.4-04, check if both setting are the same.
- (2) After setting, press RESET to make parameter valid and clear alarm.

MOT 4342: 1 SP FREQUENCY GAIN SETTING CONFLICT, CHECK SYSTEM P.685& INVERTER P.0-23

- (1) Check controller P.685 & inverter P.0-23, check if both setting are reasonable.
- (2) After setting, press RESET to make parameter valid and clear alarm.

MOT 4343: 1 SP MAX. FREQUENCY SETTING CONFLICT, CHECK SYSTEM P.682& INVERTER P.1-00

- (1) Check controller P.682 & inverter P.1-00, check if both setting are reasonable.
- (2) After setting, press RESET to make parameter valid and clear alarm.

MOT 4344 : 1 SP UP LIMIT OUTPUT FREQUENCY SETTING CONFLICT, CHECK SYSTEM P.683& INVERTER P.1-21

- (1) Check controller P.683 & inverter P.1-21, check if both setting are reasonable.
- (2) After setting, press RESET to make parameter valid and clear alarm.

MOT 4345 : 1 SP DOWN LIMIT OUTPUT FREQUENCY SETTING CONFLICT, CHECK SYSTEM P.684& INVERTER P.1-22

- (3) Check controller P.684 & inverter P.1-22, check if both setting are reasonable.
- (4) After setting, press RESET to make parameter valid and clear alarm.

MOT 4950: SYSTEM ALARM

Contact LNC.

MOT 4999: SP POSITION DIFFERENCE ANGLE OVER SETTING

- (1) Make P.1999 bigger.
- (2) Reboot system.
- (3) Contact LNC.

5.5 MOT

MOT 9001: X AXIS OVER SOFTLIMIT (+)

MOT 9002: X AXIS OVER SOFTLIMIT (-)

MOT 9003: Y AXIS OVER SOFTLIMIT (+)

MOT 9004: Y AXIS OVER SOFTLIMIT (-)

MOT 9005: Z AXIS OVER SOFTLIMIT (+)

MOT 9006: Z AXIS OVER SOFTLIMIT (-)

MOT 9007: 4TH AXIS OVER SOFTLIMIT (+)

MOT 9008: 4TH AXIS OVER SOFTLIMIT (-)

MOT9001~MOT9008: Move this warning servo axis back to safe area, it can clear warning

MOT 9009: X AXIS OVER G22 SOFTLIMIT (+)

MOT 9010: X AXIS OVER G22 SOFTLIMIT (-)

MOT 9011: Y AXIS OVER G22 SOFTLIMIT (+)

MOT 9012: Y AXIS OVER G22 SOFTLIMIT (-)

MOT 9013: Z AXIS OVER G22 SOFTLIMIT (+)

MOT 9014: Z AXIS OVER G22 SOFTLIMIT (-)

MOT9009~MOT9014:Move this warning servo axis back to safe area that G22 has set up, it can clear warning Check G22 each axis travel limit and see if need to be adjusted, or modify program command location.

MOT 9016: 5 OVER (-) SOFTWARE LIMIT MOT 9017: 6 OVER (+) SOFTWARE LIMIT MOT 9018: 6 OVER (-) SOFTWARE LIMIT MOT 9019: 5 OVER (+) SOFTWARE LIMIT

MOT9016~MOT9019: Move this warning servo axis back to safe area, it can clear warning

MOT 4801~MOT 4876 : AS ALARM SHOW MOT 9033~MOT 9051 : AS ALARM SHOW

- (1) This is M-II drive alarm and warning
- (2) Refer to M-II drive manual to clear this alarm/warning.
- (3) Reboot.